Putting capitalism in the UK on a moral pedestal, Page 25

No. 30,492

Friday March 18 1988

D 8523 A

## World News Afghanistan UK banks

## withdrawal talks close to collapse

of the Soviet Union. surge in the pound's value. Page
At the same time Moscow 26

amounced that if there was no agreement in Geneva it would LONDON: UK equity market pull out its 115,000 troops from failed to take much joy from the Afghanistan anyway – in its half-point cut in benk base rates own way and in its own time. The FT-SE 100 index closed just.

## W. German floods

bonses in Heidelberg were evacu-ated and as the Rhine rose 6m higher than normal, officials warned that melting snow would aggravate the problems.

### Iran 'making missiles'

Some of the 35 long-range missiles fired by Iran at Baghdad in exchanges with Iraq which began 17 days ago were domestically manufactured copies of foreign missiles, an Iranian defence official cold. Bears

els, halting ferry sailings between Dover and Calais already disrupted by a six-week walk-out by more than 2,000 P&O at 2086.04. Page 50 seamen. Strike hallot urged,

Hanoi seeks peace talks

Vietnam called for peace talks

Vietnam called for peace talks

Vitchina to settle their dispute

Vitchina to settle

### 'Pogrom city' sackings

The Communist Party chief and mayor of the Azerbaijan city of Sumgait — where Armenians were hunted and killed last month in what was described as a "pogrom" — were sacked. Moscow blames Britain, Page 2

### Salvador rebel raid

Leftwing rehels burned down government offices in a town in northern El Salvador as the military piedged to guarantee elec-tions on Sunday despite a new guerrilla offensive.

Hong Kong fast Sixty students started a 30-hour hunger strike outside Hong Kong's legislature, calling on the Government to institute immediately democratric reforms.

### Airport walkout

Air traffic controllers at Schiphol Airport near Amsterdam staged a two-hour walk-out in protest against job transfers, disrupting the departure of about 40 flights.

Power line cancer link Britain's state-owned electricity industry set up an inquiry into a possible link between overhead power lines and cancer following a doctor's warning that exposure to electromagnetic fields from high-voltage cables might cause

MEC CO

(U.K.)

Hess reburied Hitler's deputy, Rudolf Hess, who a secret location because police gas assets to Imperial Oil, Exconfeared neo-Nazi demonstrations.

## **Business Summary**

## cut base rates to 8.5 per cent

The Geneva talks on Soviet with BRITAIN'S leading banks cut drawal from Afghanistan were their base rates by 0.5 percentage close to collapse over a major points to 8.5 per cent as Mr Nigel new obstacle introduced by Lawson, the UK Chancellor, Afghanistan without the backing sought to etem a post-Budget of the Script Thiory.

> failed to take much joy from the half-point cut in bank base rates 2.4 higher on the day at 1.828.1. Page 46



rissiles, an Iranian defence official said, Page 4

French ferry strike

French ferry crews voted to strike in a dispute over staff levels. halting ferry sailings WALL STREET: The Dow Jones industrial average closed up 21.72

DOLLAR closed in New York at DM1.6915; Y128.70; SFr1.4030; FFr5.7445. It closed in London at

on STERLING closed in New York at \$1.8355. It closed in London at \$1.8355. It closed in London at \$1.8355. It closed in London at \$1.8325. (\$1.8475); DM3.0875 (DM3.0800); Y235.75 (Y235.50); SF12.5575 (SF12.5575); FF10.5220 (FF10.5025). Page 39

The Portuguese Challenge (FF10.3025). Page 39

The Portuguese Government (FF10.3025). Page 39

SIE RON BRIERLEY and Packer, two of best-known in the statement of the sta best-known entrepreneurs, have teamed up to make an A\$25m (US\$605.7m) bid for Bell Resources, key company in the empire of Robert Holmes a Court, long-standing rival. Page 26

MONTEDISON, diversified Italian chemicals group, said proceeds from sales of non-strategic assets in recent weeks climbed to about L350bn (\$282.4m) when it announced a deal with an Italian-Swedish consortium. Page 27

LANDESBANK Rheinland-Pfalz, West Germany's 13th biggest bank, is huying a 50 per cent stake in Zadelhoff Deutschland, leading commercial property agent. Page 29

AMERICAN STANDARD, US plumbing fixtures group which has been fighting off a bid from Black & Decker, US tool group. has announced a plan to go pri-vate in a \$2.5bn leveraged buy-

SEC and Commodities Futures Trading Commission, key US reg-natory bodies examining ways to dampen volatility in response to the October stock market col-lanse, do not appear to be near a consensus for concrete action.

COPENHAGEN Stock Excha will be closed from March 23 to 28 to convert physical share cer-tificates to electronic registrations with the securities registra-

tion centre. Page 30 PHILADELPHIA Stock Exchange has unveiled a product which would allow investors to trade a basket of shares without having

to buy options or futures con-tracts on any of the major stock market indices. Page 27 died last August after 41 years in ocklot industries, troubled jail, was reburied secretly in his western-Canadian energy and family grave in Wunsiedel, Bavaria. He was originally buried at sell nearly all its Alberta oil and

lact. Control Markets

## Ortega plea over US troops in Honduras

American airbase in central Honduras yesterday in a show of force against reported border zones

force against reported border incursions by the Micaragnan army in pursuit of US-backed Contra rebels.

The United Nations Section of Contra and Contra rebels.

President Ronald Reagan's connected to demand the wither of the United Nations Section of Contra and Infantry divisions spurred the Sandinistia Government in Nicaragnan for mobilism military inserves and prepare defences.

In Washington, Democrat leaders and overreaction and voiced scepticism about Administration and voiced scepticism about Administration charges that the Sandinistas had invaded Honduras. But their criticism was muted slightly by official was muted slightly was cut off by Congress last month.

Mr George Shultz, US Secretary of State, testifying before Congress, suggested that the signal to the Sandinista Government of the Contras vulnerability.

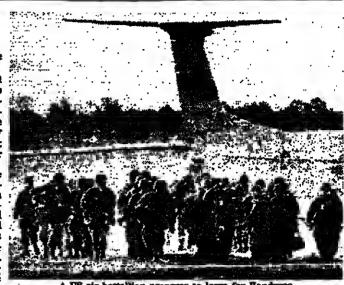
They (the troops) are designed to say to the Government of the Contras vulnerability.

The US show of force appears and we stand with you and if you are invaded you can count on the lightly was muted slightly was muted slightly was muted slightly was mu

BY LIONEL BARBER IN WASHINGTON

complete by midnight last night. A senior Nicaraguan Foreign Ministry official Mr Alejandro Bendana confirmed that San-dinista forces had engaged Con-tra troops along the border. The operations have successfully been concluded and we don't plan to stay in the border

region."
However, at the daily White House briefing, President Reagen's chief spokesman Mr Marlin Fitzwater said there was no evidence that the Sandinistas had withdrawn their forces. He said some 1,500-2,000 Sandinistas inside Honduras were threatents the way Comba surply heart the said. ing the main Contra supply base.
Noriega puts services under military control, Page 6; Editorial comment, Page 24



## US trade **US** Government steps in to rescue stricken Texas banking group

BY JAMES BUCHAN IN NEW YORK

THE US Government yesterday poured \$1bm into First Republic-Bank of Dellas and guaranteed all its depositors against loss. The move is a bid to steady confidence in the deeply troubled

Texas banking group, which was reported still to be losing deposits yesterday, and buy time for a fully fledged rescue operation. The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation announced yester-day that it would lend the 73 sub-sidiary banks the money over the

next six months.

The cash injection to the state's largest banking group is part of a package of government measures to staunch the deposit outflow while the FDIC works out a rescue for First Republic-Bank and another badly troubled

The FDIC yesterday gave a hisnlet guarantee to depositors and creditors at all First Repub-licBank's subsidiaries. Its statement "assures that all

depositors and other general did in its \$4.50n takeover of Con-creditors of First Republic's tinental Illinois in 1984. banks will be fully protected and The FDIC. founded in the service to the hank's customers will not be interrupted." The Federal Reserve system.

the US central bank, said it was standing by with liquidity. The group's banks have been borrowing heavily from the Federal Reserve Bank in Dallas since last Tuesday, when First RepublicBank's directors resolved to

Texas bank group, First City of the corporation, said yesterday this week because of resistance Bancorporation of Houston.

Mr Gerald Fronterhouse, chair for capital to help rescue First. The plan involves some \$500m man of First RepublicBank, said: RepublicBank, which had \$32.9bm in private capital and is seen as a "This effective action by the in gross assets last year but faces key test of the industry's readi-

seek help from the FDIC.

However, there is deep scenti cism in the industry that any outside capital can be found, and Washington may be forced to shoulder the whole burden as it

The FDIC, founded in the Depression to protect small investors, usually insures deposits only up to \$100,000. Mr Seidman said there were no plans to change management at First RepublicBank.

The FDIC chairman, who can-celled a trip to a bankers' conference in Hawaii on Tuesday night needs time to repair a \$1.5bn ball-out of First City of Houston, Mr William Seidman, chairman which appeared to be unravelling

## FDEC will provide a stable envi-catastrophic losses of \$40n or ness to help First RepublicBank. Ford drops plan for £40m Scottish electronics plant

BY CHARLES LEADBEATER, PHILIP BASSETT AND JAMES BUXTON IN LONDON

FORD OF AMERICA has decided efforts to attract foreign compa-to cancel plans to build a \$40m nies to Scotland, on the basis of But in a letter to the SDA yes-(\$72m)electronics components the region's industrial relations tarday the company made it clear plant in Dundee. Scotland, as a record. result of the failure of car indus-

ognition at the plant. ognition at the plant.

The company'e decision to scrap its plan for the plant, which would have created about 1,000 jobs in the Dundee area, was greeted with diamay by trade union leaders, Scottish politicians, officials of the Scottish opment Agency (SDA), and

local councils.

The company is expected to from or relocate the plant on the continent, in either Austria, Spain or

Ford's about turn, which was widely described as a disaster for

the Dundee economy, could be a TUC'e general secretary and serious setback for the SDA's Ford's senior managers in Detroit

The decision will be seen as a resolve the five month long distry trade unions to settle an debacle for the union movement, pute over recognition rights that internal dispute over union rec- Ford decided to build the plant led it to pull out. at Dundee after two years of It said: We did not expect negotiations with the SDA. In when we signed a single union october is signed a single union deal that it would be so difficult

October is signed a single union deal that it would be so difficult to achieve.

engineering trade union. The agreement, which the company said was a vital part of its plan, was immediately challenged by several other car industry unions which would have been excluded from collective bargaining at Dundee.

The dispute was due to be processed through the TUC's official procedures, after a meeting gie union agreement agreed to a single that it would be so difficult to achieve.

Following discussions with Mr willis we decided there was no prospect of reaching agreement, and any compromise would create more problems.

procedures, after a meeting gle union agreement for the between Mr Norman Willis the plant.

Mr Isin Robertson, the SDA's Continued on Page 26

## Pru-Bache chairman resigns

MR JOHN MACARTHUR, chair US financial groups' Loudon firm's progress in the UK. Noneman of Prudential Bache Securities' UK merchani banking opera- Bache's stated ambition to contion, resigned yesterday after a pete head-on in corporate finance clash over management strategy with established UK merchant with the US investment group's banks.

The will also miss expectations from the UK. Nonetion and expansion of our UK presence."

Pro-Bache denied that the two men's departure signalled any presence of the UK. Nonetion and expansion of our UK presence."

## head office. If will also raise questions retrenchment in its UK-ambined of UK corporate finance: ticularly US-besed, financial commentations. It pulled out of UK glits trading last month and has also under Mr MacArthur, also quit. panies to bridge the gap between alimmed its Eurobond trading Both men joined in 1986 from their corporate culture and that operation, closing the floating-chant bank at which Mr MacArthur was rot available for commentations. Mr MacArthur was not available for commentations.

thur was formerly head of corpo- Mr Theodore Fowler, interna- able for comment yesterday, rate finance and where he had tional president of Prudential- However, the disagreements

played a key role in several bit. Bache Capital Funding, yester-which led to his decision to terly contested takeover battles.

Their departure, the latest of amicable and said: "John and tred on the US parent's emphasis continued from the senior levels of Tim deserve a lot of credit for the Continued on Page 26 US: Congress clashes on Toshiba/Kongs-

Canada: cracks appear in the labour

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INTERNAL MARKET

PROPOSALS GATHER DUST IN BRUSSELS

Lord Cockfield, UK Commissioner, calls Lex: markets; BTR; Morgan Grenfell: for backlog to be cleared, Page 3; Plan to put efforts back on schedule, Page 26

Management: Verson engineers a way outof adversity ... Editorial comment: exchange rate uncertainties; Central American trip-wire ... 24 West Germany: Chancellor Kohl finds out who and where true friends are \_\_\_\_\_\_24 Lombard: the merits of passivity

berg sales embargo ..

## deficit rises to \$12.4bn in January By Anthony Harris in Washington and Janet Bush in New York

THE US trade deficit widened slightly in January to \$12.457hn from \$12.202hn in December, with falls in both imports and exports, the Department of Commerce said yesterday. Both the dollar and equities

responded positively to the figures, with Wall Street closing yesterday at a post-crash high. The main influence on the trade figures was sessonal. Mr william Verity, the Commerce Secretary, pointed ont that exports had fallen in every January this decade.

The official figures are at present published on an unadjusted

basis, following a change in com-pilation methods, but seasonal adjustment will be resumed from April onwards.
If anything, the \$12.4bn shortfall was slightly lower than many

January. On the foreign exchange mar-

On the bond market, prices recovered by a full point from early lows, and near the close,

## 'Sharpeville Six' win four-week stay of execution

HOLMAN IN LONDON

SIX BLACK South Africans due month. Mr Botha also has to proto be executed at dawn today for tect black township councillors, complicity in the murder of a who have frequently been targets black township official have won of mob attacks.

a four-week stay of execution. At the same time he may be Lawyers for the 'Sharpeville reluctant to appear indifferent to Six', whose case has provoked an appeals from the leaders of West-

Hours earlier a car bomb in

tenced to death for complicity in the mob killing in 1984 of a black forecasters had expected, and councillor for Sharpeville town-known, Mr David Steward, a gov-markets took some encourage-ship, although there was no eviment spokesman, said the ment from the fall in imports in dence that they were directly Government was aware of the involved.

Among the world leaders who bitterness and controversy surrounding the proposed hangings.

toria.

A dilemma for Mr Botha would

At the same time he may be unprecented international camern governments who have paign for elemency, won a temporesisted pressures at the UN and rary reprieve after a Pretoria elsewhere to impose tougher economic supreme court judge heard evidence that a witness at the trial

The court was told that Mr Joseph Monete, a state witness, may have given false evidence Krugersdorp, 20 miles west of after being assaulted by the Joahnnesburg killed three people and injured 16.

The Sharpeville group – five mander trial in 1985.

In Pretoria yesterday morning before the court's finding was bitterness and controversy surkets, the dollar moved higher against most major currencies, closing in New York at Y128.70 pared with an earlier low of Y127.35, and at DM1.6915 compared with the seasion's low of DM1.688.

On Wall Street, the Dow Jones industrial average closed up ZI.72 at 2086.04, compared with a previous post-crash high 2081.08 reached on March 8.

On the bond market, prices

Yesterday afternoon Mr Adriaan Vlok, the Minister of On the bond market, prices recovered by a full point from be resolved should the issues the US Treasury's beachmark 30-year bond issue was quoted % point up to yield 8.54 per cent. While exports fell in nearly all categories, and by more than 8 per cent in total dollar value, there was a particularly sharp Continued on Page 26

## **HIT BY PROPERTY PROBLEMS?** ONE COMPANY HAS ALL THE ANSWERS. Property plays a significant And, obviously, it is appraisal in the UK and important to contact the overseas, development and part in any business.

So when the time comes to seek professional advice it pays to decide on one single company which has the in-depth knowledge and experience to fulfit all your

your business. . . Fuller Peiser offer a comprehensive service in property requirements.

professionals before

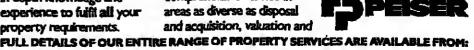
property problems strike

areas as diverse as disposal and acquisition, valuation and

project management, rating

and rent negotiations for

both landlords and tenants.



HEAD OFFICE: THAVIES INN HOUSE, 3-4 HOLBORN CIRCUS, LONDON ECIN 2HL TELEPHONE; 01-353 6851 & AT LONDON WEST END, SHEFFIELD, EDINBURGH, GLASGOW AND TORONTO. ASSOCIATED OFFICES THROUGHOUT USA.

## Sharp exchange of fire as US-Soviet defence talks end | Stoltenberg calls

MR FRANK CARLUCCI, the US Mr Carlucci, concurring in fur-beforce Secretary, said yesterday ther meetings, described the he had perceived no visible signs talks as "good, not sensational". Defence Secretary, said yesterday he had perceived no visible signs of change in Soviet military doctrine during two days of intensive talks with General Dimitri Yazov, his Soviet opposite num-ber. He had seen nothing to sug-gest that Nato should change "in the slightest" any of its existing

Gen Yazov, at a separate news conference, warned that Nato plans for modernising its tactical nuclear weapons would "seriously worsen" prospects of lower-ing military confrontation in

Europe.

Moscow could not "allow to go unnoticed" discussion in Nato countries on "compensation" for the elimination of US intermedi-ate-range nuclear forces under the INF treaty signed by President Ronald Reagan and Mr Mikhail Gorbachev in December, be "to cut our ground forces by half and the US Navy by two-thirds". Implementation of these deci-

Yazov said. Despite this public display of continuing sharp differences, both sides reported favourably on the whole about the first eyeball-to-eyeball exchange between US and Soviet defence chiefs since the Second World War.

The Soviet minister said he and Soviet military officers. Mr

was leaving the Swiss federal capital "in a good mood" and start by intensifying contacts its allies to recognise that there wanted to continue the dialogue. Carincci suggested they could it was important for the US and start by intensifying contacts its allies to recognise that there between military attaches and had been no change in the Soviet

Defence Secretary to visit Moscow, but no date was set. in practical results, the two agreed to work out principles and to set up a forum for avoiding dangerous incidents between their armed forces. This was a key US objective. They agreed, in Mr Carlucci's words, to "look at worldwide force levels" as a basis for more concerted discussion of the disputed imbalances in mili-

tary strength.

Gen Yazov said Moscow would be ready, after consulting its allies, to make public data on its armed forces. He added jokingly that an exchange of data would probably show it was necessary the cut our ground forces by held. and the US Navy by two-thirds".

Implementation of these decisions is to be entrusted to Admiral William Cooke, chairman of the US joint chiefs of staff, and Marshal Sergei Akhromeyev, the Soviet chief of staff, who will meet in Washington shortly.

They will also arrange more



exchanging visits between war

The US tried to explore state-ments in Moscow that Soviet mil-itary doctrine had switched from arms control issue

programme to modernise its more combat aircraft, helicoptes forces structure, he said. The and anti-tank weapons. However, Soviet Union had linked questions on military doctrine with "lay all the data on the table", so

an offensive to a defensive posture but, Mr Carincci said, he had not come away with a clear view. It was important for the US and its allies to recognise that there Soviet Union did not dany it poshad been no change in the Soviet sessed more tanks but Nato had

rms control issues.

. that the correlation of forces
Military doctrines could not be could be determined.

gress in build out the country's economic potential. The aim was to achieve within 15 years an eco-nomic advance equivalent to that already reached in the 70 years of

Soviet power.

Defence sufficiency in Soviet perception meant parity and equal security, the general said. It could mean meantarry cuts in If could mean mandatory cuts in armed forces and armaments, and changes in the pattern, structure and deployment of forces. But these were complex issues which had to be resolved at the negotiating table.

According to Gen Yazov, the ministers had spent two hours discussing sea-launched cruise missiles. The Soviet Union sees the controversy in US-Soviet

the controversy in US-Soviet talks in Geneva over verifying how nuclear-tipped missiles are to be distinguished from conventionally armed missiles as a seri-tionally armed missiles as a seri-tions obstacle to a having treaty halving US-Soviet strategic nuclear weapons ready for sign-ing, when President Reagan vis-its Moscow in late May or early

Naval forces should now become a subject for negotiation, Gen Yazov proposed to Mr Car-lucci, echoing Mr Gorbachev's suggestion in Belgrade on Wednesday that force levels be fruzen in the Mediterranean.

What of the present tensions more than two generations later

Mr Rozental said the reasons were mainly economic as the

were mainly economic as the social and economic "sphere" had been neglected. But "bureaucratic mistakes" were also made, Mr Poliakov remarked, giving the example of a ban on Armenian language books entering Nagorno-Karabakh.

tween the two ethnic groups:

## for EC to end all capital controls

the West German Finance Minis-ter, yesterday called for "irrevo-cable" lifting of capital controls cable" lifting of capital controls throughout the European Community as a precondition for moves towards tha long-term goal of European and European controls and European monetary policy ideas to be made by Mr Genscher. goal of European monetary

In a memorandum circulated in Bonn, Mr Stoltenberg said the goal of setting up a common European currency and a joint central bank could only be reached after completing the planned full internal market in goods and services in 1992.

in a clear effort to regain a grip on the Government's formulation of policies on European monetary co-operation. Mr Stoltenberg, sets down his views partly in response to ideas on a European central bank put forward by the French Government. He is due to meet his French counterpart, Mr Edouard Balladur, as well as the governors of the French and West German central banks, in the first full meeting of the new Franco-German economic council in Bonn on Monday.

co-operation.

This appeared a shot across the should f
bows of Mr Hans-Dietrich he said.

Genscher, the West German For-eign Minister. Mr Stoltenberg has attracted some domestic criticism

Enropean monetary union appears to go somewhat beyond that of Mr Balladur, and certainly surpasses notions held either by Mr Stoltenberg or by Chancellor Helmut Kohl.

In the memorandum, Mr Stol-tenberg came out atroogly in favour of the cautious line of the Bundesbank about further development of the EMS. He also said EC states would have to achieve further economic convergence in the areas of budget deficits, current account balances and infla-

He volced strong misgivings about proposals broached by France and other countries for further changes in the exchange rate aystem, which would increase the obligation of West Germany to come to the assistance of weaker currency coun-

Mr Stoltenberg said that changes in the intervention mechanism of the European Montary System agreed last autumn widened the scope for monetary softer exchange rate regime concernition. enjoyed by Italy.
The EMS would only become

However, the most immediate The EMS would only become fully effective "if all member German presidency of the EC states with the economic and monetary qualifications join the system and abide by the same rules, "he said. Any prospective Community. Community.

Lifting of capital controls was committed to price stability and of crucial significance for the continuing integration of European economies and for enhancing their growth potential," Mr Stoltenberg said.

This armsered a shot across the control banks of member states chould follow these centers its across the control banks of member states chould follow these centers its across the control banks of member states chould follow these centers are its or community bodies. central banks of member states should follow these same criteria,

## Moscow points the finger at Britain over its Armenian troubles

BRITISH intelligence officials rials" was held by the Novosti and the "divisive activities" of Press Agency. Four eminent Her Majesty's Government in Soviet historians presented evitans-Caucasia were blamed at a dence of the "imperialist" back-Moscow news conference yesterday for last month's bloody ethnic clashes between Armenians and Azerbaijanis.

The "imperialist" background to the "ecent clashes,
which followed Armenian
demands for the return to their
republic of Nagorno-Karabakh.

and Azerbaijanis.

Soviet participants in Moscow's first background "briefing" on the clashes were harking back to the year 1919 when British troops occupied trans-Caucasia after the surrender of Turkey.

The news conference of Turkey.

surrender of Turkey.

The news conference on "The blank points of history: Hard years of the Caucasus, new mate-

COMMUNIST officials in Sumgait, the Soviet Azerbaijan city where at least 32 Armenians were killed last month, said the party leader and the mayor of the city had been removed,

The party chief, Mr D. M. the British Intelligence service dered by gangs of Azerbijanis. did in Central Asia and the Cau-Another historian, Mr Yuri did in Central Asia and the Cau-casus," Mr Poliakov said.

Moscow belatedly reported that

Muslimzade was said by Azerbaijan Radio to have made mistakes which had "tragic

He was replaced by Mr Saleh Gadzhiyev who was previously Prime Minister of an Azerbaijani enclave inside Armenia.

Casus," Mr Poliakov said.

Mukhachev, said that Britain and Moscow belatedly reported that the US equipped the 40,000-man 32 people were killed in Azerbaijan last month, while Armenian army after the First world War, with Washington sources alleged that hundreds of their country and have mure. sources alleged that hundreds of offering \$28m in loans. A Colonel their countrymen had been mur- Baskins of the US Army, he said,

had assured the Armenians that they had a right to Nagorno-Karabakh. A week later, in a classic ploy, the colonel had told the Azerbijanis the US would back their claim to the region.

they young Soviet Government give Nagorno-Karabakh to Azerbijani in 1923? It was a "compromise", Mr Poliakov replied.

What of the present tensions are then two generations letters.

Mr E. Rozental, the Soviet his-torian who chaired the briefing, said a British agent called Colo-nel Pike, who had apparently spe-cialized in disinformation, told London that the policy of the Bol-sheviks under Lenin was being directed by a "German count" in

Why, the question arose, did

## Car sales surge in **February**

By Kevin Done, Motor Industry Corresponder

SALES OF new cars in West Europe surged in February, according to industry esti-mates, and there is no sign of demand, weakening from lest year's record level.

They rose by an estimated 11.5 per cent in the first two months to around 2.06m com-pared with 1.85m in the corresponding period last year. Sales in February rose by some 9.5 per cent to around 1.62m. Fist, the Italian group which includes Lancia and Alfa Romeo, led the league in the first two months with a market share of around 16.3 per cent. It is reckoned to have increased sales volume by around 13.7 per cent to some 337.000 cert. 337,000 cars. The surge in car demand in

Italy — where Flat controls around 60 per cent of the mar-ket — continues unabated and new cars sales are estimated to have risen by 15.5 per cent in January and February to just over \$99,000 units.

West Germany's Volkswa-gen group, which includes Audi and Seat, and which has sold more cars in West Europe

than any other manufacturer in the past three years, trailed First in the first two months with 43.6 per cent of the mar-ket.

ket.

YW sales have tended to lag behind Flat in the early part of the year before overtaking it in the second half. But the early gap between the two groups has widened this year, not least because of the slower rate of increase in sales in West Germany, where YW had West Germany, where VW had close to 30 per cent of the market last year.

New car registrations in the Federal Republic are estimated to have grown by 6.3 per cent in the first two months of 1988 to some 356,000, but VW's domestic sales have not kept pace and market share has fallen below 28 per cent.

VW is also coming under pressure from Peugeot/Ci-

pressure from Francocket-troen, the resurgent French company, which enjoyed tha biggest volume gains of any of the big six European volume car-makers – around 19.8 per cent to more than 258,000. Pengeot increased its market share to 12,5 per cent com-pared with 11.5 per cent in the first two months of 1987 and about 12.1 per cent for the

whole year.

Ford, pushed out of third place last year by Pengeot, had a market share of around 11.7 per cent in the first two months of 1988, virtually unchanged from the corre-sponding period last year. Austin Rover, the small UK volume car-producer, saw its share of the European market fall slightly in 3.7 per cent from 4.1 per cent a year car-lier, and sales volumes

increased by only a meagre 0.8

per cent to 76,000. New car sales in France rose by some 10 per cent, in the UK by 10 per cent and in Spain by 28.7 per cent.

## **Prospect of merger** on French right BY IAN DAVIDSON IN PARIS

ON TOP of the many takeover battles currently dominating the news from the Paris stock exchanges a new merger bid is starting to edge on to the front pages of the French newspapers: manoeuvres by the neo-Gaullist RPR party to gain control of its centre-right allies, in order to form one large right-wing group.

asserted that negotiations on the creation of an enlarged right-wing party after the elections had already started between Mr Leotard and Mr Edouard Balladur, Minister of Finance and one of the closest associates of

Mr Jacques Chirac, the Prime Minister. Mr Chirac, Mr Balladur and Mr Leotard have all denied that negotiations are in progress, and the Gaullists have denied there is any intention of seeking a rap-prochement restricted to the Republicans.

But Mr Balladur yesterday came ont into the open in a front-page feature article in Le Monde, calling for a broad confederation between the RPR and all the other members of the governing coalition (including the Republicans) which are grouped together under the umbrella organisation UDF.

Between the lines, Mr Balladur

virtually concedes that President Francois Mitterrand, the Socialist incumbent, is likely to be re-elected. This, he implies, is what will require the formation of a right-wing federation, so as to force new general elections and to fight them more effectively.

If Mr Chirac expected to win,
he would no doubt attempt to taka over the centrist parties after his victory, but he would see no benefit in talking about it

Mr Balladur claims that the division of the centre-right into be explained by policy differ-ences, which are minimal. More-over, these differences weakened the centre-right in its competi-

form one large right-wing grouping after the forthcoming presidential elections.

The idea of closer links
between the parties in the governing coalition has been advocated in the past by Mr Francois
Leotard, leader of the Republican
Party and Minister of Culture.
Early this week, Le Monde
asserted that negotiations on the Divisions between these par-ties, long a feature of the UDF, broke out spectacularly at a recent cantonal by-election in Lille, when a local Centrist (CDS) candidate opposed and defeated the official Republican candidate adopted by the UDF in Paris. A leading member of the Gaull-ist party vectorized these the

a feading member of the Gauli-ist party yesterday described the report of an RPR-Republican Party negotiation as a case of trouble-making by the Republi-cans in order to embarrass the Gaullists. It seems more plausi-bly a hid by the Gaullists to strengthen the hand of Mr Chi-rac, in an attempt to cutflank Mr rac, in an attempt to outflank Mr Barre, his centre-right rival in the presidential campaign. For public consumption, it is tactful of Mr Balladur to urge the rapprochement of all the components of the governing coalition. But the underlying logic is that any federation of this kind must any receration of this kind must weaken Mr Barre, since he is a leader whose whole strategy has been to represent himself as a candidate independent of party politics, and that it must strengthen the Gaullists, since they outnumber all the UDF par-ties put together, and are more disciplined.

the airl

The immediate effect is to highlight the differences between those Centrisis who are whole-hearted supporters of Mr Barre and those Republicans like Mr Leotard whose support is guided more by an eye to the main

For the centrist parties, a leftwing victory is likely to mean a serious setback, and may consign Mr Barre to political oblivion. It is not so clear that a take-over bid by the Gaullists, to recover the dominant right-wing position they enjoyed in the 1960s, will number of distinct parties cannot also succeed in eroding the 10 per cent voter-support currently ences, which are minimal. More-enjoyed by Mr Jean-Marie Le Pen and his extreme right-wing National Front.

### Sinowatz quits party leadership

MR FRED SINOWATZ, who resigned as Austrian Chancellor after Mr Kurt Waldheim was elected President, said yesterday he would step down as Socialist Party leader in May, Reuter

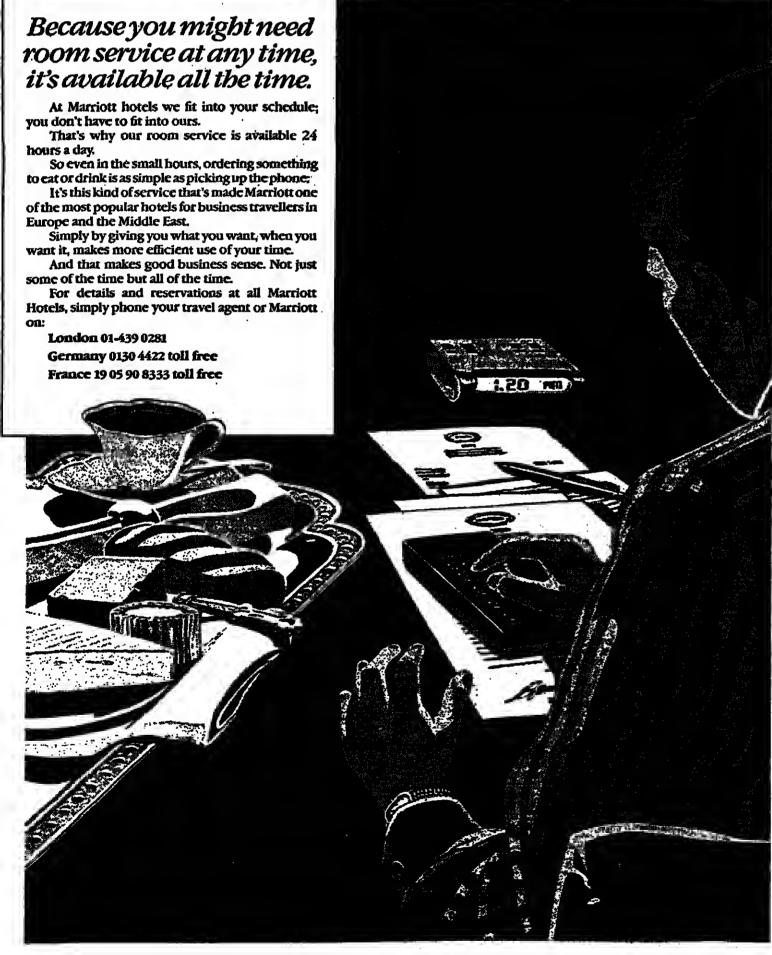
reports from Vienna.

Mr Sinowatz, 59, has been under heavy pressure to resign since October, when a judge found he had lied in his slander case against a journalist. He proposed that Mr Franz

Vranitzky, who succeeded him as Chancellor in June 1986, should become party chairman.

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AMMAN-AMSTERDAM-ATHENS-CAIRO-HAMBURG-JEDDAH-LONDON-PARIS-RIYADH-VIENNA

William Dawkins on the Commission's slightly less gloomy annual progress report on the drive to 1992

## Bank warns on Danish debt interest burden

THE BURDEN of interest on Denmark's foreign debt has devel-oped at a rate which "is clearly unsustainable," the central bank warned in its annual report yes-

said in an interview.

said in an interview.

"We have taken powerful initiatives over the past-two years ago would have been very tiatives over the past-two years." through tax reforms which will increase household savings. It is now that consumers are becoming aware of the impact of these measures, which will make an individual proposals in the proimportant contribution to gramme. The report warns that improving the current account." the Brussels authorities will pile

The bank also expressed concera at rising wage costs. The rate of bourly wage increases doubled from 5 to 10 per cent on

an annual basis last year.
"If costs are not held in check and there is a resurgence in infla-tion, the whole basis of economic policy will crumble and exchange rate policy will be in danger," it said. The Government aims to bold the value of the krone unchanged against the average of the European monetary system

The net foreign debt increased from DKr262bn to DKr272bn last year, the central bank estimates. This is about 40 per cent of the gross domestic product and 125 per cent of export earnings.

merge ght

## Oslo urged to tighten grip

ernment had taken the right steps towards recitiying the coun-omy, it said only modest improvement would be experienced this year and a tight fiscal regime would be needed in the

Norway's minority Labour Government recently imple-mented a wage restraint package which has been described as the country's toughest anti-inflation

plan for 10 years. The central bank said private bonseholds, companies and municipalities continued to spend far more than they earned. It nrged the Government to change the tax structure to limit

By Hilary Barnes in Copenhagen

terday.
Over the past 10 years interest Over the past 10 years interest Commissioner responsible for the payments have increased by the equivalent of I per cent of export theme from a Commission fond payments have increased by the equivalent of I per cent of export income and are now equal to 13 per cent of export income, an unusually high level for an industrial country, said the benk.

The current balance of payments deficit was reduced from DKr34.8bn(£2.95bn) in 1985 to DKr20.1bn last year: "It is necessary to ensure a further reduction so that the rise in the interest hurden can be helted" said. the report.

Mr Knud Enggaard, the Economy Minister, concurred. "Last year's reduction was essential, but we can't let it go at that, it has to come down further," he said in an interview.

Ing partiers to free circulation of goods, services, people and capital within the Community, are already becoming an established part of the expectations of individuals, enterprises and the Governments of the member states," it savs a claim which columns. est burden can be halted," said ing barriers to free circulation of

Yet, it is less easy for govern-

Cockfield urges EC to tackle internal market backlog

THE EUROPEAN Community's on the pressure this year, when it market by 182 could well clade integral market plan onto the market by 182 could well clade integral market plan onto the backlog of European Commission proposals awaiting their agreement.

That is the main message of among others common rules report on the internal market indexed the UK Commissioner responsible for the Community ratios and for Community and the common a Commission form a Commission form of berating the Comman a Commission form of the member states of the market plan onto the market opening measures now blocked in Council is Lord Cockile and the proposals awaiting their agreement.

That is the main message of agreeing six more that eads in the proposals of the Commission between now and December, They will include common health and market increases cheed the common rules and progress report on the internal market with the community of the community of the common rules and progress report on the internal market plan onto the market opening measures now blocked in Council is Lord Cockfield recknows to be well claves 125 on which member adoption of a cumber of proposals in the community of the common rules and progress for banks solvency ratios and for the store of the commission between now and progress of the Commission between now and progress for banks solvency ratios and for the common rules and progress for banks solvency ratios and for the common rules of the common rules and progress of the Commission be well pound that the beaklog thought in does admit the beaklog thought in does admit to being late in proposals and market progress in the backlog of the Commission between now and progress gathering dust on the Council is not form the common rules and progress of the Commission between now and progress of the Commission

"but what's in it for me?"

necessarily right for you.

to put in an impassioned plea for acceptance of his controversial proposals to narrow the differences in indirect tax rates across the EC. The VAT approximation package, now being studied by national tax experts, is limited in traffic between the two countries to free competition. scope to what is "absolutely necessary to ensure the establish-ment and functioning of the internal market in this field." It would limit VAT to two bands, 14

> transport. Lord Cockfield says member states must decide in principle on the package this year if they are to have time to adjust their tax systems by the 1992 deadline. He argues: It is all the more important that urgent progress should now be made with the new fiscal package at Council level."

to 20 per cent for most items, or

four to nine per cent for necessi-ties like food, heat or public

## **Portuguese** labour law challenged

yesterday ordered striking transport workers back to work in an effort to avert road chaos in Lis-bon during a 24 hour walk-out by Communist-led bus, metro and ferry workers.

Mr Anibal Cavaco Silva, the Prime Minister, adopted the tough stance as his centre-right government and the unions squared off for a one-day general strike on March 28 over plans to liberalise labour law.

Unions called out workers from Lisbon's state owned public transport companies yesterday as part of a national "day of action."

Employees of hundreds of companies stopped work in protest at the government bill.

Yesterday's industrial action Communist union grouping to win back the initiative from its Socialist-led rival labour federation, which took the lead in calling the March 28 general strike.

Mr Cavaco Silva says workers will remain more protected than most of their European counterparts under the new labour legis-lation. Unions say they will accept modern European-style labour laws when Portuguese unemployment pay, social secu-rity benefits and working hours reach West European standards.

## Dutch back British in road haulage dispute

porter of European market liberalisation and a frequent ally of British efforts to remove trade barriers, says it remains committed to ending the quota system in international road hanlage, writes Laura

international road hanlage, writes Laura Raun in The Hague.

Mrs Neelie Smit-Kroes, the Dutch Transport Minister, denied British sug-gestions that the Netherlands was aban-doning the battle to abolish lorry trans-port quotes by the 1992 deadline for completing a single European Community warket.

Following a deadlocked meeting of RC transport ministers on Monday, Britain claimed it had been isolated by the other

The agreement we made in June 1986 under the Dutch chairmanship (to scrap lorry quotas by January 1, 1993) remains our target," Mrs Smit-Kroes insisted. West Germany, current chairman of the

West Germany, current enarman of the EC, has won support for its plan to continue the quota system until at least 1990, with a review thereafter. Britain and the European Commissioner in charge of transport, Mr Stanley Clinton Davis, want a legally binding guarantee now to end

the system.
"The British are too rigid on that point," said Mrs Smit-Kroes, who together with Mr Nicholas Ridley, her British counterpart at the time, pioneered an "open skies" policy in air transport in 1984. A bilateral treaty opened airlina

competition.

The veturan Dutch Transport Minister missed Monday's meeting because of an emergency cabinet session in The Hague, but a senior civil servant who attended argues that London is simply trying to move too fast. Dutch road hauliers, who control more than a quarter of international lorry freight traffic in Europe, can live with the West German plan because it allows enough expansion in permits to approach free-market conditions, he approach free-market conditions, he

Mrs Smit-Kroes hopes a compromise can be reached an at informal gathering of transport ministers at the end of April and affirmed at the EC summit in June.

Well, admittedly what suits him isn't

But there's a range of portable Celiphones

from basic models, starting at around £1395, to

more elaborate ones, some of which can be

easily adapted for use as a car phone.

century. (Yes, that long).

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### Quick deals in Finnish pay round By Olli Virtanen in Heisinki

FINLAND'S INFLATION level will jump from 3.5 per cent to around 5 per cent later this year as a result of the wage settle-ments made yesterday, the

The annual wage round was opened by local government employees who signed a two-year settlement which raises income levels by about 3 per cent this year. They were soon followed by other civil servants, as well as unions representing paper, for-estry and chemical industry employees all with wage increases of around 3 per cent for

NORWAY'S central bank yester-day urged the Government to back up its wage restraint poli-cles with a tight fiscal stance. Acknowledging that the Gov-of some unions may rise by as this year. of some unions may use by as much as 7 per cent. According to most analysts, the settlements were achieved surprisingly quickly and with relative case.
Just days before, several
unions had threatened to begin a strike, but with the first settle-ments now signed most unions are expected to follow suit soon Although the general level is far below the 8-10 per cent demanded by some employees' organisa-tions, the Finance Ministry

> According to Mr Pertti Sorsa the ministry's chief economist the current level is far too high to keep the consumer price index from rising.

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Statistics show that a mobile phone can add the equivalent of an extra day to a typical working week. Providing Mr. Maxwell with the means to keep his fingers on Fleet Street's pulse while thumbing casually through his Sunday.

Or walk into an Oxford United training session while simultaneously running Derby County.

Or stop his publishing profits going West while he's on a 125 heading East to a. charity meeting.

The new Cellphone being put to devastating use here is one of a range of hand portables.

it's small and light enough to be carried in even Mr. Maxwell's overly-crammed briefcase.

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### WITWATERSRAND GOLD MINING COMPANY LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa) (Registration number 01/00032/06) INVET GM1

### Interim report for the six months ended **31 December 1987**

The consolidated unaudited results of WTT GM and its subsidiary for the six months ended 31 December 1987 are as follows:

1. Consolidated income statement

Six n	nonths ended \	rear ended
	31 December	30 June
1987	1986	1987
(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(audited)
R'000	R'000	R'000
136	124	187
	6	9
132	118	178
66	58	98
66	60	80
678		210
744	60	290
469	469	469
14,1	12,8	18,9
4	. 3	. 8
	1987 (unaudited) R'000 136 1 132 66 66 678 744	1987 1986 (unaudited) R'000 R'000 136 124 1 6 132 118 66 58 66 60 678 — 744 60 469 469 14,1 12,8

2. Comments

WIT GM's major source of income remains tributing revenue receivable in terms of the tributing agreement with the Balmoral Gold Mining Company Limited over portion of WIT GM's mining title.

The extraordinary item relates to compensation received from the South African Transport Services in respect of the expropriation of approximately 33 hectares of land aurplus to WTT GM's mining requirements.

2.3 Disposal of rights to treat certain sand and slimes dumps:

As announced in the press on 3 March 1988, agreement has been reached between WIT GM and Knights Gold Mining Co. Limited ("Knights") in terms of which Knights acquired the right to treat certain sand and slimes dumps owned by WIT GM in the Knights area of Germiston. Particulars of the agreement are contained in the said announcement as well as in

the circular to shareholders dated 14 March 1988 referred to in 2.4 below. 2.4 Conversion and sub-division of ordinary shares and increase in authorised share

Shareholders are referred to the press announcement dated 9 March 1988 relating to the conversion and sub-division of the ordinary shares and increase in authorised share capital. Full details of the effective sub-division of 20 times are

contained in the circular to shareholders dated 14 March 1988. Declaration of interim dividend No. 118

Notice is hereby given that interim dividend number 118 of 4 cents per share in respect of the six months ended 31 December 1987 has been declared payable on or about 21 April 1988 in the currency of the Republic of South Africa, to shareholders registered in the books of the company at the close of business on 31 March 1988 (which is prior to the effective date of the proposed sub-division of the existing sharest. Non-resident shareholders' tax of 15% will be deducted from the dividends payable to shareholders whose registered addresses are outside the Republic of South Africa. The register of members will be closed in Johannesburg and London from 5 April 1988 to 8 April 1988, both days inclusive for the purpose of the above dividend. . .

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12 & 13 April, 1988

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KDH Maisels AM Mia

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Directors: R F Katzenellenbogen, K D H Maisels, Y I Mia, A M Mia

The government must still face black anger and right-wing opposition, says Jim Jones

## Botha wins brief respite on Sharpeville Six

THE STAY OF execution granted to the Sharpeville Six in Pretoria yesterday provides a breathing space for a government which, over the past few days, has been under sustained international pressure. But the fundamental pressure feeling Precident P. W. ssues facing President P W

Botha have not been resolved. The court decision has neithe quelled black anger at the death sentences, nor has it yet provided a convenient escape for Mr Botha. He remains caught between unprecedented foreign calls for ciemency, and domestic political exigencies which include the increasingly powerful axtreme right Conservative Party. There is also the need to protect councillors prepared to take part in black local govern-ment elections, and to consider the impact the executions would have on the country's townships.

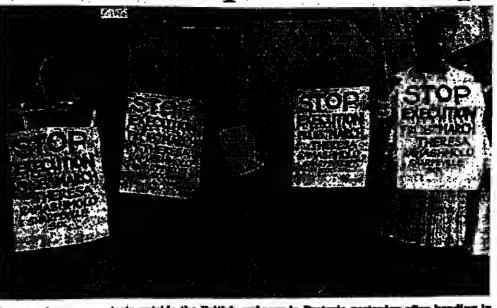
At the same time he must take account of the unease felt by many white South Africans about a decision which condemned the six to death, despite the fact that they were not shown to be directly responsible for the kill-ing in 1984 of a black township

apparent from the closure yesterday of Sharpeville, 40 miles west of Johannesburg, to outsiders by of Johannesburg, to outsiders by a ring of police and army units.

Monday is Sharpeville Day, the 28th anniversary of the shooting of 69 people by police in the township. In recent years the anniversaries of the 1960 killings have generally been marked quietly, but this year the threatened executions have fuelled black executions have fuelled black inger, threatening to spill over nto violent confrontation with

the security forces.

People living in Sharpeville say



A women's group protests outside the British embassy in Pretoria yesterday after handing in a letter asking the UK to put more pressure on South Africa to reprieve the Sharpeville Six

of angry people watched by armed security patrols ready to clamp down quickly and heavily on visible protests. On Tuesday a brief scheel boycott endad abruptly when the security forces apport to hard-line, ultra-right is nerve over the Sharpeville

Notwithstanding these tensions, the government says it will not interfere with the law and commute the death sentences. Yet under South African legislation that clemency is the sole prerogative of President Botha and his cabinet. South Africa's judges are ebliged to deliver death sentences, the extremists rators.

death sentences for murder when extenuating circumstances can remind the voters of the recent crucial area of government policy

chasses.

Notwithstanding these tensions the government says it will dom's continuing swing to the sions the government says it will dom's continuing swing to the sions the government says it will dom's continuing swing to the sharpeville Six, Sharpeville Six

the streets are filled with groups not be found, and they are not challenge to world opinion. Ear-of angry people watched by empowered to recommend mercy. lier this month, Pretoria's UN armed security patrols ready to The ball thus seems to be in ambassador challenged the body

right. The National Party does ency for the Sharpeville Six, not want it repeated in next month's by-election, where an rage over the spectacle of mobs urban constituency is under pres-sure from the far-right. Should the government commute the necks of victims) alleged collabo-

might be adversely affected by clemency. Participation by blacks in forthogoning township elec-tions is needed if the strategy of devolved local power to black communities is to appear credible. The president and his advisers believe a tough line is neces-eary if blacks are to be persuaded that they will be safe if they stand for public office. President Botha has still to

persuade black voters to participate in municipal elections in October, let alone persuade individuals to stand fer election

The black insurrection which began in 1984 has claimed the negan in 1984 has claimed the lives of 706 black people, burned to death by township mobs. The killings, and tha government's apparent inability to provide protection, are etched in the minds of frightened black officials who wait their interest their quit their jobs to protect their

It is a legacy the government will find difficult to overcome. Nor is the government likely to find it easy to establish alterna-tive outlets for black political aspirations. When it restricted 17 anti-apartheid and community groups last month, the government cut the ground from under its own feet. Several epposition groups which had previously boycotted previous local elections were considering participating in October. That now seems highly

What is certain is that the Sharpeville Six issue has further polarised South African society. Blacks who reject the govern-ment's administration of the townships, see the Six as martyrs. Conservative Afrikaners, on the other hand, agree with the government that the law should take its course.

## Afghan withdrawal talks close to collapse

BY ROBIN PAULEY, ASIA EDITOR, IN GENEVA

THE Geneva talks on Soviet to the fury of the Pakistani negowithdrawal from Afghanistan tiators and the dismay of the US disputed border issue is the one time issue on the grounds that it and Mr Diego Cordovez, the UN mediator, and Mr Diego Cordo

were close to collapse last hight
duced by Afghanistan without
the backing of the Soviet Union.
At the same time the Soviet Quetta, Both sides of the line are
Union announced that if there is
no agreement in Geneva it will
withdraw its 115,000 troops from
Afghanistan anyway in its own
Afghanistan anyway in its own
way and in its own time. This
may be a warning to Kabul that
Soviet support is not guaranteed
if it treads its own path in
Geneva.

The Afghan negotiating team
has forced a long-simmering dispute over the Durand line, the
boundary drawn in 1898 between
Afghanistan and the former British territories now controling team
has the control of the line officially recognised and now has been forced to
restate that position in Geneva.

The Afghan move appears to
have been a carefully planned
tactic worked out by the Afghan
team and the Kabul government

it is making

SOME of the 35 long-range missiles fired by Iran at Baghdad in the vicious; rounds of exchanges with Iraq which began 17 days ago were domestically manufactured copies of foreign missiles, according to Mr Kanal Kharrazi, of the country's Supreme Defence.

of the country's Supreme Defence

in a telephone interview yes-terday Mr Kharrazi, who heads Iran's War Information Head

quarters, said Iraq had fired nearly 90 of the missiles. He put the number of "martyrs" killed by Iraqi Skud B missiles in the latest round of the "war of the

Western military experts believe fran is able to manufacture copies of Soviet Skud B missiles supplied by Syria and Libya. "There would be nothing wildly difficult about it — it is not a complex engineering job," said Mr Don Kert of the Interna-

cities" at 720.

missiles

Afghans whether Communications between Islamic fundamentalist Mujahideen, and sour relations between Pakistan and the Mujahideen.

The blow to the Geneva talks was compounded by the way it was introduced by Mr Abdul Wakil, the Afghan foreign minister, as he left the Palais des Nations yesterday, But behind the scenes it was clear that it had been made very much the major issue and no one was clear about how to defuse the potential crisis it poses.

Mr Cordovez has to accept the subject as valid rather than rejecting it as new matter, to because the withdrawal accords to avoid giving the public impression of the link monitoring of the lovel of friction means that no lovel of friction means that no Reports from foreigners in Lhasa, the Tibetan capital on March 5. Reports from foreigners in Lhasa

Pakistan, aware of the poten- made,

## Tibet riots reaction irks China

CHINA will not tolerate fereign

Reports from foreigners in Lhasa suggest that at least 100 protesters are in custody.

IMF may help Egypt International Monetary Fund officials left Cairo yesterday after officials left Cairo yesterday after reviewing Egypt'a progresa towards implementing IMF-spon-sored reforms, writes Tony Walker in Cairo.

The IMF will decide next month whether to release a sec-ond tranche of a \$325m standby credit agreed last year.

S Korean rival quits

South Korean opposition leader Kim Dae-jung resigned as head of his party yesterday saying he wanted to unite the country's fractious opposition before next month's parliamentary polls. This followed mounting criticism of his rivalry with Kim Young-sam, another opposition leader, who quit last month.

### Visa controls eased

Nigeria said yesterday it was easing its tight visa controls in an effort to attract more foreign investment, Reuter reports from Lagos. A Cabinet Office statement said multiple entry visas would be issued to "genuine visitors" provided their countries were ready to give Nigerians a similar privilege.

SA miners reinstated Angio American Corporation

and Sonth Africa's black National Union of Miners have reached an ont-of-court settle-

reached an ont-of-court settle-ment in their dispute over last August's dismissals of 18,000 stri-king gold miners, writes Jim Jones in Johannesburg.

The men were fired when they refused to return to work at the Vaal Reefs gold mine. Anglo has agreed to reinstate half the dis-missed men and pay compensa-tion to the others.

Iran claims | Japanese growth hits 7% a year

JAPAN'S economy grew at an annual rate of 7 per cent in the rate had topped 1.5 per cent for the Government's Economic Plaining Agency (EPA).

Seasonally adjusted gross national product was 1.7 per cent higher than in the third quarter. Coming after a 2 per cent GNP rise in the third quarter, the figures also was down 0.7 per cent. GNP rise in the third quarter, the figures also was down 0.7 per cent. GNP rise in the third quarter, the figures confirm the very strong recovery that has been apparent since last spring. The EPA said it was the first time in 10 years that reached Y344,888 in (\$2,765 in) in mominal terms and Y311,539.9 in in real terms. Most economists expect the economy to continue to grow strongly this year, with forecasts of around 4 per cent.

The figures also shew the recovery is based exclusively on domestic demand. Growth here was 2.4 per cent in the fourth was down 0.7 per cent. GNP more than 20 per cent to \$19,642, growth for the full year was 4.2 per cent in real terms, with domestic demand growing 5 per since last spring. The EPA said it reached Y344,888 in (\$2,765 in) in

## Suntory chief's outburst scotches whisky sales

If THE chairman of a British brewery made rude remarks

brewery made rude remarks about the Irish, the Scots or the Welsh, people would probably say he had drunk too much of his own beer.

After a headline in the Sun newspaper and a swift apology it would all be forgotten. So pity Mr Keizo Saji, president of Suntery, Japan's largest drinks company, who is now into his third week of saying sorry for comments he made about Tohoku, the northern part of Japan's main island.

At a conference on the perennial subject of moving Japan's capital out of Tokyo, Mr Saji suggested the last place it should go was Tohoku. He said Tohoku was the place of origin of Kumaso (an said Mr Don Kerr of the Interna-tional Institute of Strategic Studies in London yesterday. Mr Kharrazi aaid 50 hort-range missiles launched against targets closer to the front bad also been made in Iran. He declined to say on what foreign weapon they had been based but there has been speculation that the compact artillery shell with a range of about 40 kms might be of Brazilian origin.

Mr Kharrazi said the object of the letest france or any compact of the letest france compacts in a the latest Iranian campaign in a Kurdish area of north-east Iraq had been achieved with the cap-ture of towns and 102 villages

ancient non-Japanese tribe) so "the cultural level is low over

there". His words prompted an out-burst of indignation from the good people of Tohoku. Drink-ers in bars, canteens and res-taurants have been boycotting

Suntary.

Suntary immediately cancelled television advertising in Tohoku. It ran apologies in local newspapers saying the chairman's remarks had been "rude and undignified". Mr Sail told e packed press conference that he deeply regretted "the hurt he had inflicted on the hearts of the Tuhoku peo-

But this has not been enough for, among others, Mr Kikuji Sasaki, a prefectural

governor in Tohoku, who says Suntory must run apologies in Tohoku people writing streams of letters to Suntory have comof letters to Suntory have com-plained that it was particu-larly insulting that Mr Saji made the remarks because he comes from Osaka, Japan's second city located in Kansai region, the country's historic heart. People from Kansai are widely regarded as snobs. To make things worse, Mr Saji has a considerable reputa-tion as a man of culture. Sun-tary regularly sponsors visit-ing orchestras and theatre groups.

groups.
Suntory sales in Tohoku have simped but the company says its too early to say by how much.

We now offer an even wider choice.

**ARRIVALS** 

Financial Times Conference Organisation

JAPAN AIR LINES NEW NON-STOP SERVICE FROM FRANKFURT TO TOKYO. EVERY SATURDAY AT 1710.

From April we have an even wider choice of non-stop flights to Tokyo. And with 8 non-stop flights leaving from Paris and London, our convenient evening departures offer even better connections from Europe. We widen your options, as you broaden your horizons



Financial Times Friday March 18 1988



## TO GET SALES CHIECROUND, THEY POPPED HIM ON A PLANE.

Chellecraft Originals found that breaking into the British toy market was anything but child's play.

The industry is dominated by big firms with high volumes and low selling costs, while Chellecraft is a smaller company producing quality soft toys.

They took advantage of the DTI Marketing Initiative.

A programme that provides the services of an independent marketing consultant. The consultant reviewed Chellecraft's products and problems, then prepared a marketing plan.

He set their sights rather higher than the high street; he recommended they take one product, Biggles Bear, and offer it to airlines for sale onboard.

It wasn't just a flight of fancy. The idea took-off and sales more than doubled.

Today Biggles Bear is walked down the aisles of no fewer than nine different airlines. There is even talk of a television series. Clearly, in this particular case, the sky was not the limit.

Take the Marketing Initiative and you could fly equally high. It is available to service and manufacturing businesses, that are independent or part of a group with under 500 employees.

A two day Business Review is carried out free of charge. Following this, in Assisted and Urban Programme Areas, we will pay two thirds of the cost of between five and fifteen days consultancy. Elsewhere we pay half.

The Marketing Initiative is just one of the many available. Others include Design, Quality, Manufacturing Systems, Regional Assistance, Research and Technology plus Business and Education.

In all, the DTI Enterprise Initiative is the most comprehensive self-help programme that is currently on offer to British business.



Take It.

For more information, ring 0800 500 200. Or fill in the coupon. We will ensure a copy of the Enterprise Initiative booklet wings its way to you.

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Tibet ric reaction

Mary Marin Is in

## Noriega puts all public services under military

BY DAVID GARDNER IN PANAMA CITY

PANAMA paused for breath yesterday as the army staged a show of strength in streets crackling with tension in the aftermath of the failed coup against military strongman General Manuel Anto
"This showed how completely we are behind our commander, who is our backbone," said Captain Francisco Porras, the direction of the PDF's military academy and a statunch Norriegal level. nio Noriega on Wednesday.

The Government put all public utilities — from IRHE, the electricity company, to the casinos and state lottery — under mili-tary jurisdiction, but by midday there had been no response from militant public sector workers who have led the riots against

the Noriega regime this week. The Panama Defence Forces (PDF) yesterday took over the streets with combat units armed with M-16 assault rifles rather than anti-riot shotguns. It was a message aimed as much at its own ranks as the opposition. In Panama City clusters of people gathered at the corners of

streets strewn with smouldering riot debris left over from the botched coup which was led by police chief Colonel Leonidas Macias. Col Macias, a member of the PDF General Staff, has shown

tary mouolith. But the fact remains that his attempt to take over PDF Command Headquar-ters was put down in a matter of

on interest payments to creditor banks as its "worst mistake".

yesterday made a further interest payment to creditor commercial banks.

together with payments of \$356m made on February 2 and \$520m

BY STEPHEN FIDLER, EUROMARKETS CORRESPONDENT

earlier this month, were part of a end of the month.

BRAZIL, which last month would be met from Brazil'e described its decision in February 1987 to declare a moratorium Further payments are expected

previously-smounced plan to cover interest arrears on medium and long-term debt for January and February.

A statement issued jointly by Brazil and Citicorp, its leading bank creditor, said the payment bank of about \$400m this year.

spread to marketware By Louise Kahoe in San Francisco AN ESCALATION of the probrogue computer programmes that "infect" any computer they come into contact with — has been reported in the US.

**Computer** 

Aldus Corporation, a publisher of personal computer software, has reported that hundreds of copies of one of its programme products may have been tainted.

In what is believed to be the

first instance of a computer virus in commercially avail-able software, Aldus has dis-

anie software, Aigns has dis-covered that an independent software developer who worked on a computer draw-ing programme called "Free-hand", recently introduced by the company, inadvertently passed on the virus to Aldus's

Although this virus is rela-tively benign, other viruses can destroy valuable data files

or wipe out years of work stored on disk.

Until now, personal com-uter users have been assured

that they can avoid viruses by

using only commercially available software. Previous viruses

have been spread by "share-ware" programmes freely traded between computer hob-

'viruses'

loyalist. He further noted that all the plotters had desk jobs rather than field commands. There are strong indications that the US was aware of the

Macias plot and wrongly expec-ted Batallion 2000, one of the PDFs two crack combat units, to This does not resolve the grave financial, political and social cri-sis in which Panama is enmeshed, aggravated by the Government's bankruptcy, the freeze on Panamanian assets in

two weeks ago.

Indeed nobody outside the PDF and its political ally, the Democratic Revolutionary Party (PRD), foresees a solution without Gen

Noriega's departure.

With total cash resources reliably calculated at below \$7m, the Government remains unable to pay the public sector workforce, which this week emerged as the spearhead in the swelling but fractured movement to oust Gen Noriega after 20 years of tacit alliance with the regime.

byists via computer network bulletin boards or through hours.

PDF sources say only police Staff officer designated as PDF units were involved in the shooting on Wednesday. There were no disturbances in any other barracks

Col Macias was the General Staff officer designated as PDF units were involved in the shooting on Wednesday. There were no disturbances in any other barracks spun programm homespun programmes.

Computer users and software publishers' fears about the spread of viruses are heightened by the fact that the same developer who worked for Aldus has also been contracted to work for other US software publishers and may have spread the virus to them. **Brazil interest payment** 

Computer security experis previously warned that com-puter viruses could be used to "hold hostage" software pub-lishers with the threat of prod-uct contamination analogous to the food and medicine conduring talks on a rescheduling of its bank debts. The two sides have agreed on a figure of \$5.8bn to the food and medicine con-tamination scares that have affected several US companies sayment to creditor commercial for the commercial banks' share of Brazil's financing needs for the payment of \$118m, 1987, 1988 and the first half of 1989, and there are hopes of a nade on February 2 and \$520m detailed reacheduling plan by the marking this month were set of a

The scare is expected to force the software industry to impose stronger security measures and will certainly make software purchasers more

Gremlins bent on mischlet,

Unions find the political climate unfavourable, reports David Owen

## Canadian labour on the defensive

tainly looks in remarkably good shape. Union membership (at stoppages - down from 6.1m in some 3.8m) continues to inch uplants at the state of members as a proportion of the overall non-agricultural workforce has a stipped a couple of points from its 40 per cent peak in 1983. The proportion of the country's trade unionists who belong to US, as opposed to Canadian, unions has shrunk to less than 40 per cent from over 70 in 1966.

The movement is also blessed indexation its number one

shrunk to less than 40 per cent from over 70 in 1966. The movement is also blessed with more than its fair share of demand in last years talks with charismatic, forward thinking the Big Three US-based carmak-leaders: Mr Bob White, the ers. This was in sharp contrast to

WITH THE Canadian domestic economy growing at a rapid pace; unemployment edging down and last year's corporate profits up an impressive 30 per cent, Canadian widely expected to grow mere union leaders should be on the slowly in 1988 and 1989 than it offensive.

Canadian workers have, after all, experienced real income losses (after inflation is taken ment rate of about 9 per cent into account) in eight of the last tem years. One might expect wage hikes to be at the top of the agenda in a full 1988 schedule of contract talks. But instead, the prime concerns remain the essentially detensive issues of job protection and pension indension.

By international standards, the Canadian labour movement certainty looks in remarkably good

inself is in considerably shaker conomy is mitiatives is also helping to keep mitia

By international standards, the in improving Canada's once noto-Canadian labour movement cer-tainly looks in remarkably good 2.5m person-days were lost to

indexation its number one trendy but tough president of the their peers in the United Auto Canadian Anto Workers (CAW), and Mr Louis Laberge of the Quebec Federation of Labour to name ing a partial indexation deal is widely seen as a landmark agree-

Both issues are sure to raise their heads again this year. The 160,000-member Public Service Alliance of Canada is expected to focus on contracting out in its forthcoming negotiations on behalf of federal public servants. Later, in July, British Columbia's ambitious privatization plans will come under fire when contracts with 60,000 provincial employees who are fearful for their jobs

Apprehension regarding the US-Canada trade deal is based on US-Canada trade deal is based on the premise that it will lead to

the agreement.
As if these external issues did not leave it with enough on its plate, the Canadian labour move-ment is also having to confront various internal problems.

various internal problems.
For one thing, while membership figures remain superficially encouraging (especially when compared with the US), the unions have enjoyed little success in attracting new white col-

Higher membership among workers in the financial and other service sectors is crucial to the labour movement if further expansion is to be achieved, since these - by and large - are Canadas growth industries. "If they do not union franchises had sparked an growth industries. If they do not ill-tempered 17-day stoppage by make progress there, they will the 23,000-strong Canadian Union of Postal Worksets. strong are generally sunset industries."

But at a time when the move-ment's prime concerns should be boosting penetration and secur-ing better terms for existing members, its strength continues to be sapped by unseemly inter-necine aquabling. The ongoing tussle between the CAW and the United Food & Commercial Work-ers International over the loyaldes of 23,000 Atlantic fishermen is a fitting current example.
At present, Canada's TUC, the umbrella Canadian Labour Con-

but two.

But the prevailing economic and political climate is not as favourable to the labour movements cause as it might at first tive agreements covering 1.4m appear. Moreover, the movement are labour to name ing a partial indexation deal is wide anging industry restricturgures, speaks for just 58 per cent wide anging industry restricturgures, speaks for just 58 per cent ing and job losses, as well as the of the overall unionized work-arosion of Canada's generous force. "The movement has a hortential contract talks this social programmes. Such views rendons constructional problem," says Mr John Crispo, a University contradict the government's own projections, which sity of Toronto political economist.

**US** plans F-16 sales to allies

notified Congress that it plans to sell jet fighters to Israel, Pakistan and Behrain and to equip Egypt'e six Soviet-built submarines with US torpedoes and radar, AP reports from Washington.

A classified report said Egypt also would purchase an unspecified number of M-60 tanks. Pakistan would buy P-3 Orion aircraft to hunt subma-rines, as well as either Awacs (airborne warning and control system) or Hawkeye radar air-

ected arms sales for 1988 was sent last month to the Senate foreign relations committee and the foreign affairs committee of the House of Representa-

After Congress is notified After Congress is notified officially of a projected sale it has 30 days to block it by majority votes of both the House and Senate.

The 75 F-16 jet fighters for Israel are intended to compensate for the Lavi, the jet Israel

was building with US financial support but which was can-celled last August

Pakistan, another US ally, would purchase an unspecified number of F-18s. Bahrain would buy four F-16s as well as a number of belicopters. Saudi Arabia is due to get equipment for its US-built Awas radar aircraft and also \$500m worth (about 400) of Bradley armoured personnel

## Argentina accuses Britain at UN Security

ARGENTINA said yesterday in after Argentina, which claims the United Nations Security sovereignty, invaded the islands. Council that current UK military Britain has rejected repeated UN the United Nations Security Council that current UK military manoeuvres in the Falklands area clearly expressed Britain'e will not to negotiate a settlement of the dispute over the islands, Reuter reports from New York.

Mr Dante Caputo, Argentine foreign minister, questioned the British contention that the exercise was simply to test the rein-

cise was simply to test the reincise was simply to test the reinforcement capability of the Falklands garrison. He was addressing the council at a meeting that he had requested.

"We naturally have more than sufficient reason to think that that objective does not reflect the true intentions of the United true intentions of the United lingdom," Mr. Caputo said,

calls for negotiations to settle the

Mr Crispin Tickell, the British delegate, said that Britain was working to establish a more normal relationship with Argentina, but its many steps to that end had not been reciprocated.

"To use an Argentine image, it takes two to tango," he said. The British garrison in the islands was entirely defensive and threatened no one, Tickell continued. In the past two years our reinforcement capability has allowed us to halve the number of troops we keep on the islands. Kingdom," Mr. Caputo said.

Britain and Argentina went to the lowering of tension rather war over the Fakklands in 1982 than the opposite." In his

remarks, Mr Caputo said that Kingdom ignores the Charter islands by Argentina.

what he termed "this serious undoubtedly is a point in favour incident" was evidence of an atti- of those interested in discrediting and there is no doubt about it. tude that threatened interna-tional peace.

He asked the council to assess

He asked the council to assess the attitude of a government that, having supported UN General Assembly decisions aimed at reducing military personnel and activities in the South Atlantic, helaved in a way that was and definitive way the soverescent in a peaceful behaved in a way that was and definitive way the soverescent islands."

"If a permanent member of the Security Council decided to be above the Charter, ignoring for example its duty to search for a peaceful solution of the dispute example its duty to search for a peaceful solution of the dispute to which it is a party, what can we expect from other countries? The Argentine government has made it plain many times that such negotiations can have only one outcome," Mr Tickell said. "The annexation of the

the United Nations as a useless

No excuse anthorises the eignty dispute over the Malvinas islands."

The British delegate said that the call for negotiations was a thinly disguisad demand for

and there is no doubt about it, would be quite unacceptable "What the Argentines want is not negotiations, but talks about

a handover date," he said. Mr Paulo Nogueira-Batista of Brazil, which like Argentina is a council member, urged negotia-tions on the Falklands issue. All acts that could create ten-sion and block the necessary conditions for political dialogue must be avoided, he said. Mr Aleksandr Belonogov of the

Soviet Union said the movement of arms to the islands could not serve to promote a political set-tlement. It was clear, he said, that the British action ran counter to the peaceful desires of

## WORLD TRADE NEWS

## Truck sales unscathed by stock market fall

THE Stock Market crash of last October appears to have had lit-tie effect on European truck sales or production, concludes industry analysts DRI Europe.
Indeed the market overall, in

the short term, now looks more through than expected before the crash, DRI says.

Its comments are made in an updating of its annual European Trucks Forecast\*, published just

as the market crash took place.
However, DR1 points out,
marked variations are appearing
in the outlook for individual European countries. Prospects for the Dutch and Swedish markets are gloomier than expected last Novembar,

and there seems a greater risk of a weaker market emerging in West Germany. The latter arises partly from the lacklustre performance by

the country's construction indus-try and partly from a reluctance to invest because of the down-turn in the exports sector brought about by the strong D-mark, DRI says.

In southern Europe and the UK, by contrast, "1967 finished more buoyantly than expected and these markets look likely to be stronger in 1988 than we had

DRI forecasts a fall in total West European production of commercial vehicles this year of about 3.4 per ceut, to 1.459m, with a further fall of 1.4 per cent, to 1.438m, the following year. \*European Truck Update, DRI Europe, 30 Old Queen St. St. James's Park, London SWIH 9HP. Free

## Norsk Hydro in Venezuela deal

By Joseph Mann in Caracas

output with the expositest, and the investment is part of a card's UK representatives, said shortage of such facilities in the government programme to build the new company was intended West, be said.

The investment is part of a card's UK representatives, said shortage of such facilities in the countries as well as through the petrochemical industry.

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## US Congress clashes on Toshiba/Kongsberg sales embargo CONFEREES FROM the US Sen-

Nancy Dunne reports on problems with a Senate provision in the omnibus Trade Bill

ate and House of Representatives negotiating over the omnibus US Trade Bill are locked in battle over a Senate-passed provision to impose stiff sanctions against ate and House of Representatives regotating over the ormolius US
Trade Bull are locked in bettle
Administration stracked the two over a Senate passed provision to companies for allowing milling responsibilities against the bullet of the provision to companies for allowing milling responsibilities and the USSR, and punitive measurement to the USSR, and punitive measurement

now saying the actual damage done by the diversion is "difficult to assess." In a letter to Mr Les Aspin, chairman of the House Armed Services Committee, he acknowledged: "Despite allegations of tens or even hundreds of billions of dollars in damages, any Nawy cannot determine the

## Honeywell plans Soviet automation joint venture

the Soviet chemical fertiliser industry.

Mr James J Verrant, a senior vice president of Honeywell, said in Moscow that the new company would produce industrial control cystems for ammonia fertiliser plants being built in the Soviet Union and would modernise Union and would modernise Union and would modernise Soviet factories already in operation. The staff of the company would consist mainly of Soviet citizens.

The Soviet-US venture would be only the third between the two countries after Combustion Engineering signed the first accord is believed to be another US joint venture between the Soviet lide were still negotiating but that he was confident of a signing on April 18. This is the closing day of the annual session of the US-Soviet Montedison and Engineer to a feasibility study Occidental Petroleum of the US, Montedison and Engineer to a feasibility study and Marubeni of Japan said they would set up a \$60n (£3.2bn) joint venture with the Soviet until that date.

The Soviet-US venture would be only the third between the two countries after Combustion Engineering algorithm and the Soviet in a signing on April 29. This is the closing day of the annual session of the US-Soviet Montedison and Engineer to a signing on April 29. This is the closing day of the annual session of the US-Soviet Montedison and Engineer to a signing on April 29. This is the closing day of the annual session of the US-Soviet Montedison and Engineer to a signing on April 29. This is the closing day of the annual session of the US-Soviet Montedison and Engineer to a signing on April 29. This is the closing day of the annual session of the US-Soviet Montedison and Engineer to a signing on April 29. This is the closing day of the annual session of the US-Soviet Montedison and Engineer to a signing on April 29. This is the closing day of the annual session of the US-Soviet Montedison and Engineer to a signing on April 29. This is the closing day of the annual session of the US-Soviet Union to a signing on April 29. This is the closing day of

HONEYWELL of the US plans to with the Ministry of Chemistry set up a joint venture with the and Petrochemicals last December.

Soviet Union next month to produce automation equipment for the Soviet chemical fertiliser is believed to be another US joint what is expected to be the large-

## Pharmaceutical research boost

BY PETER MONTAGNON, WORLD TRADE EDITOR

THE VENEZUELAN Government and Norsk Hydro of Norway are to invest \$207m (£112m) on building a liquid ammonia plant in eastern Venezuela. The plant, expected to be on stream by 1991, will have installed production capacity of 500,000 metric tonnes per year of liquid ammonia. Its output will be exported.

This investment is part of a

## Egypt to woo foreign investors

By Tony Walker in Cairo matter has authorised the for-mation of three holding com-panies with a total planned capital of E2500m (£120m) to encourage new investment in the country.

Dr Mohleddin al-Gharib, the Dr Mohleddin al-Gharlb, the deputy chairman of Egypt's Investment Anthority, said this was the most significant achievement of a four-day investment conference held in Catro this week which was attended by several hundred investors from the Arab Gulf states.

He said 117 new projects in tourism, manufacturing and agriculture were offered to investors, many of whom had come from Sandi Arabia and

come from Saudi Arabia and Kuwait.

Dr al-Gharib said the three new private sector holding companies, 40 per ceut of whose shares would be offered to the public, would be concerned with manufacturing industries, agricultural production and allied industries, and tourism and real estate.

The meeting was convened The meeting was convened to take advantage of renewed Arab business interest in Egypt after an Arab League summit in Amman lest Novem-ber cleared the way for restoring diplomatic relations with Cairo. Most Arab states broke

relations in 1979 in protest over its peace treaty with

## British exports to S Africa rise 12%

BY MICHAEL HOLMAN

do business with South Africa, badly." saying that as the country

UK EXPORTS to South Africa in 1987 totalled 1949m, an increase of nearly 12 per cent over the preceding year, confirming the Republic's place as the leading market in sub-Saharan Africa for British goods.

According to the annual report for 1987 of the London Chamber of Commerce's Tropical Africa Committee, UK exports to the 44 sub-Saharan countries monitored reached \$2.50m in 1987, up 4 per cent) and the Kensul Saharan countries monitored reached \$2.50m in 1987, up 4 per cent), while in West Africa sales to Ghana rose \$25m (22 per cent) in 1988.

South Africa, which does not fall within the committee's remit, showed the largest single-country increase, and exports to other countries remained steady overall, but there were some significant changes in individual markets.

lets.

While the report does not comment on Britain's performance in South Africa, it is clear that UK traders have in general not allowed the issue of sanctions against Pretoria to affect business.

Britain has beauted against against against pretoria to affect business. Coast and Zaire.

One other "sad performance", says the report, was Malawi, where UK exports dropped

Ritain has banned the import where UK exports dropped from South Africa of Kruger-rands, iron and steel, computer equipment, and petroleum

Last November, Mr Alan Clark, Minister for Trade, urged private sector companies to continue to its businesse with Smith Africa

The overall balance of the UK's became more industrialised "it visible trade last year with sub-will continue to present new and exciting opportunities". Within Exitain's favour, "a very worth-the limits of Britain's interna-while contribution to our econtional obligations, he said, trade omy", says the report.

## EC to probe HK mobile phone sales By William Dawkins in Brussels

from Hong Kong to the Euro-pean Community are being investigated by EC trade experts for alleged unfair under-pricing.

The European Commission inquiry comes in response to a complaint by Motorola (UK), the British subsidiary of the US cellular telephone producer, that Aztek, a Hong Kong producer, was selling its equipment in the EC for less than on its home market, the classic definition of dumping.

Last July Brussels launched investigations into the possible dumping of radio telephones from Japan and Canada. These were also in response to com-plaints from Motorola.

The UK company is the only SC producer of full telephone sets using Total Access Communications Systems (TACs). These are sold only in Ireland and the UK, where the number of acts in the procedured 225,000 of sets in use reached 235,000 at the end of last year.

Motorola says cheep imports resulted in prices falling 45 per cent between the second half of 1985 and late 1986, to below the level required to cover manufacturing costs. The Brussels authorities have given the companies involved 30 days to put their cases.

Financial Times Friday March 18 1988

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Nothing can outfax a Nefax.

THERE ARE few Texans in Wal-sall. To inhabit this West Mid-lands metal-bashing town is to be confronted almost daily by a conspicuous absence of ten-gallon hats, long-horn steers, chainsaw massacres and all the other necessary accountrements of life in the Lone Star State.

Yet it is here among the decaying shells of factories emptied by recession that a man dubbed Texan Tim is conducting an unusual experiment in industrial

reconstruction.
Chicago-born but Dallas-raised,
39-year-old Timothy Scott Kelleher is tha chairman and chisf executive of Verson Interna-tional, a Walsail-based agglomeration of once ailing British engineering businesses he has quietly been putting together over the past six years.
All the subsidiaries have two

points in common. One is that they are old-established compa-nies making machinery for bending, shaping, forming or joining metal, and the other is that all, when acquired, were in varying degrees of distress.

The parts are better known than the whole William & Mitch

The parts are better known than the whole. Wilkins & Mitchell was renowned as a manufacturer of power presses and Servis washing machines when Kelleher pickad op its enginaaring operations from the Receiver in 1982. The HME range of coin miniting machines was bought off Cincinnati Milacron in 1984, A.I. Welders was bought from International Thomson Organisation in 1985, and the Bentley ductile engineering works from Glynwed Engineering at the end of 1985.

Engineering at the end of 1985.

The most recent acquisition came at the end of 1986 when Kelleher reversed Verson into the quoted Bronx Engineering, a highly regarded maker of steel and aluminium processing machinery. It was this move that brought Verson a stock market quotation when the merged group's shares were readmitted

to the list in January.

Like all the best management strategies, Kelleher's rationale in assembling this odd collection of companies is disarmingly simple. Many small engineering busi-esses in the UK and elsewhere, he says, thrived during the 1950s and 1960s on the back of buoyant domestic demand. But lack of size, or lack of vision, prevented them from expanding into overseas markets, so when domestic demand slowed down, their engi-neering excellence was not enough to prevent them from

Kelleher's solution is to define a sector where this appears to have happened, set up an inter-national marketing operation to serve it, and then start picking up alling companies whose prod-ucts can be driven through the sales network into a common



## Verson: engineering a way out of adversity

Richard Tomkins on a strategy to rejuvenate ailing UK metal-bashers

where we believe we can generate twenty times the overheads of an office, we open an office.

The other side of the equation is that before we acquire a company we have to be sure that we can double its turnover in two to

three years."

Kelleher acknowledges that getting the sales organisation in place before the manufacturing operations, may appear, as the Texan in him puts it, an ass-backsales offices we have, the easier it is to increase the turnover of our turnover of our companies increases, the easier it is to support the opening of new sales offices. It's a virtuous circle."

The advantages of this strategy are two-fold. One is that each company is provided with a worldwide sales network of a size which it could never hope to sustain on its own. The other is that as more companies are acquired, the cost of maintaining the sales offices decreases as a proportion

first manager in the world to appreciate the joys of shoving increased turnover through fixed sales overheads. For him, the had to sell off Verson Internamaturity of the businesses is a tional along with other assets.

positive boon. The concomitants (Tha parent eventually sucof that maturity, he says, are cumbed to another US corporaclearly defined markets, readily tion, Allied Products.)

But VASP's plight was Kelle-

from new entrants to the sector or developments in technology The germ of the idea for the strategy came to Kelleher in 1974 when, just 25 and fresh out of business school, he was working as a junior manager for Verson's one-time parent, a family-owned

VASP had sent him to Belgium to close down a loss-making engi-neering subsidiary, but instead Kelleher came up with the theory

VASP, a company hig enough to absorb tha risk, decided to indulge young Kelleher. In 1979 it sent him to London to head Verson International, a company created to carry out the strategy.

A worldwide chain of sales offices began to evolve and the programme was launched with the purchase of Wilkins & Mitch-ell's Walsall-based power press

The parent company's faith in Kelleher's plan was to go unre-warded. In 1984 VASP ran into severe financial difficulties trig-gered partly by the troubles of its bankers, Continental Illinois, and

of unexpected competition either her's good fortune. He and fellow executives, backed by Lloyds Bank, Citicorp Capital Investors Europe and Lloyds Development Capital, bought out the London-

Sure snongh, the earlier (VASP) years of Verson's five-year trading record are liberally mention a morass of exceptional items. But the company has come

the year just begun the compa-ny's .stockbroker, Smith Keen Cutler, is forecasting £1.5m.
There is more to the turn-

based Verson International for £2.8m in 1985 and resumed making acquisitions. It was not just Kelleher's new-

his position enviable. One obvi-ous disadvantage of his strategy had been that the front-end costs sales offices took time to break that this company, and others into profit, and acquisitions were like it, could be saved if given access to wider markets.

VASP, a company big enough to absorb tha risk, decided to indule waying Kelleher in 1979 it was the regarder.

> it just might work.
>
> After pre-tax profits of £176,000
> on turnover of £31m for the 14 months to January 1987, Verson expects to report £750,000 pre-tax

around than simply better mar-keting. Kelleher's arrival at a

an immediate purge on non-es-sential overheads. "We took half a million pounds' worth of overeads out of Bronz in less than a

week," he says. Redundancies are kept to the ninimum, for Kelleher believes numan skills are an engineering business's most important attri-bute. Instead, his favourite tar-gets are petty privileges such as directors' dining rooms and com-pany cars. Kelleher has a strong

aversion to barriers between management and workforce. "The quickest way for a manager in one of our factories to lose his job is to be caught not knowing an employee by his first name." Verson does have its weak-nesses. The balance sheet, for example, still lacks strength; net

debt is at 50 per cent of share-holders' funds even after a £1.4m fillip from the rights issue which accompanied the relisting, so the company is going to need all the cashflow it can muster if it is to continue financing acconditions

out of cash.

The company could also be accused of being just plain lucky. It could be argued that it is enjoying a cyclical upturn in world demand for capital goods and that the next downturn will prove its undoing. Furthar, nearly all its competitors are in West Germany (Schuler, for example, and Ungerer) or Japan (Komatsu, IHI), so it has been extraordinarily — and perhaps only temporarily — well favoured by exchange rates.

Kelleher says these last criticisms miss the point because the

cisms miss the point because the international sales division was set up specifically to iron out fluctuations in geographical mar-kets, whether caused by shifts in and, exchange rates or com-

Vulnerability to individual markets is also being decreased by the setting up of co-production agreements through which Vereon provides technology and higher added-value components, eaving low-margin production to

leaving low-margin production to the overseas partner.

One criticism on which Kelleher is prepared to give ground is the suggestion that Verson's expansion is good only for as long as the supply of troubled West Midlands metal-bashing machine makers holds out.

"True, we will eventually run out of companies that are in the engineering processes we are in today," he says, "but we will not run out of troubled West Midands engineers in other niches. "We are already investigating businesses in sectors with the same dynamics, sectors in which we can bring the same sort of we can oring the same sort of principles to bear. It could be shoe-making machinery, textiles machinery, printing machinery, anything like that. It doesn't have to end with metal-forming machines."

INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE TECHNOLOGY

Role reversal

## The biter gets bitten

Michael Skapinker reports on what happened when Outward Bound instructors swapped their environment for that of their clients

A GROUP OF ten visitors to Lon-don drifted aimlessly through Soho last month, teo exhi to decide what to do next.

to decide what to do next.

They were not tourists who had taken in too many shows, galleries and Oxford Street shops. They were instructors from the outdoor training organisation Outward Bound, discovering that surviving in a large metropolis can be every bit as difficult as roughing it in the will be instructors usually spend their time persuading city-bound managers and other clients of the benefits of hiking through rainsoaked forests, abselling down rock faces and jumping into freezing lakes.

They came to London to learn something about the lives their clients lead and to participate in a three-day event called inward

This included finding their way to various obscure parts of can-tral London on the basis of a few cryptic clues, carrying out a management consulting project for a small manufacturing company and trying to persuade senior executives of the Central Elec-tricity Generating Board to send

Inward Bound was devised by management consultants from Ernst and Whinney, seven of whom spent spent three wet and often uncomfortable days on an Outward Bound course in Wales

At the end of their course, Steve Gough, the Outward Bound warden or senior instructor, asked the Ernst and Whinney consultants if they could come up with a city-based programme for his own staff.

The aim, Gough says, was "to put us in a novel environment as we do with peopla who come here, to remove all the props we're used to."

The programme Ernst and Whinney devised kept the Out-ward Bound instructors working well into the night. Apart from the consulting and CEGB pro-jects, the Outward Bound instructors had to take on the role of foreign exchange dealers in a simulated computer game. They were also sent to eat at a North London restaurant which, instead of having prices on the menn, asks its customers to decide how much they want to

pay. The group ended up paying £17.50 a head - a bit too much in

Whinney people.

In addition, they were given two documents to decipher, one in Japanese and one in Farsi. An planning was very bad. When we Iranian friend translated the Farsi document. The group ended up spending £45, however, to have tha Japanese one trans-lated. Both turned out to be recipes for the dinner the instructors age to produce a report for the had to cook for the consultants at company and make a series of

The instructors might have been able to comfort themselves failed these exercises. The con-explaining a system of calculat-sulting and CEGB projects were a ing production costs, told the different matter: they were for company: "I don't know if it

The small manufacturing company agreed to be part of the bit too complicated." But other inward Bound project because it presentations, particularly on urgently needed consulting marketing, were filled with good advice but could not afford to pay for it. Even advice from first-time pany found helpful.

consultants might, they thought, any presentation, to the CEGR presentation to the CEGR. consultants might, they thought, provide them with some useful

The Outward Bound instructors talked to the company about their production costs, their com-

gave them the assignment, nobody seemed to want to take the lead — and they run leader-

sentations were of mixed quality. Some were lacklustre and would be beneficial to show it to

presentation to the CEGB extracted an undertaking from petitors, their management infor- instructors return to Wales with

petitors, their management information systems and their marketing. They then worked long hours writing their report.

They did not always show the stamina and teamwork one might expect from people who spand their time trying to inculcate these qualities in others. It put no make the control of the contro these qualities in others. under tremendons stress. It made "The things they were very us examine our priorities. We've good at in their own environment got a lot of questions to address they didn't do as well in an alien now."



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INTERNATIONAL SECURITIES MARKETS Inter.Continental Hotel London 24 & 25 March, 1988 Speakers taking part include: Mir C Plichard Justice National Association of Securities Dealers, and Mr Michael Baker. The International Stock Pathe Mr Robert F Gartland Mr R Steven Wunech Kidder, Peebody & Co Mr Bernard Reed
The International Stock S TECHNOLOGY,IN THE INTERNATIONAL SECURITIES MARKETS

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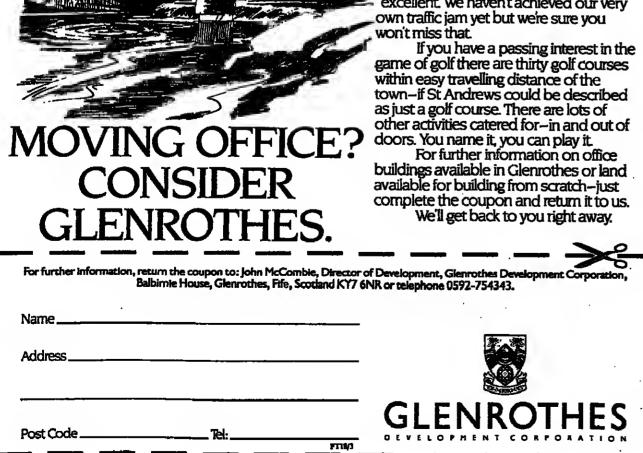
### UNITED ARAB EMIRATES

The Financial Times proposes to publish a Survey on the above on MARCH 24TH For a full editorial synopsis and advertisement details, please contact:

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**FINANCIAL TIMES** 



## FT LAW REPORTS

## Admiralty defendants must pay

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Parior

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a Oniward Bo of their ties

March 16 1968

PLAINTIPFS IN an Admiralty action are personent have 11 days in which to deside whether to accept a payment into court, in sadds an order for directions and fixed the shares of special circum; stances; and if they accept the state the action is settled, they are entitled to their costs up until they take the money out of court, and are not liable for expenses incurred by the adendant after payment in.

Mir Justice Sheen so held when ordering that plaintiff owners of cargo shipped on the Vasili Shell gunov were entitled to their costs up to the date on which they took out of court money put in by the defendant shipowners.

HIS LORDSHIP said that in December 1981 and early 1982 a cargo of sugar was carried in Vasili Shelgmow from Romen in France to Lome in Togo, it was discharged and found to be in damaged condition.

On January 28 1983 a writ for personen was issued out of the shipowners in the USSR. Service was accepted by solid-tors on the shipowners' behalf. A statement of claim and the defendant of claim and the defendant shipowners in the USSR. Service was accepted by solid-tors on the shipowners' in the USSR. Service was accepted by solid-tors on the shipowners' behalf. A statement of claim and the defendant and the federac were served. During the next three years little progress PLAINTIFFS IN an Admiralty

same. That seemed essential now that there was one Registry serv-ing both the Admiralty and Commercial Courts.

The present action was *in personam*. It could have been commenced with equal propriety in

menced with equal propriety in either court.

Likewise, it seemed highly destrable that there should be certainty as to the time within which an offer of settlement must be accepted or rejected. It was most undestrable, if an offer had been accepted, that it should be necessary to incur the costs of further inquiry as to whether it

Mr Glennie for the shipowners submitted that the telex message of February 17 was evidence that by then the cargo-owners had had a reasonable time to consider the offer, and that they ought to be at risk on the question of costs immediately thereafter.

immediately thereafter. It was the court's policy to encourage settlement. It would discourage communication if the result was that plaintiffs could not thereafter accept the payment into court without paying further costs.

In Cutts v Head [1994] I Ch 398 Lord Justice Oliver said the procedure for payment into court in the case of actions for debt or damages was nothing more nor

mages was nothing more nor

their own costs offer of settlement. He said "the only essential difference is that it is backed up by a deposit with

open for acceptance for 21 days.
The plaintiff could change his
mind in that period.
When Order 22 rule 3 applied, a

plaintiff could freely enter into negotiations in the hope of obtaining an increased offer, without putting himself at risk of

days.

The position should not be any different in an Admiralty action in personan.

Mr Glennie complained that the result would be that his cli-

ents would have to pay all the expenses of briefing counsel and bringing witnesses to London, though the plaintiffs ultimately accepted an offer made before those expenses were incurred.

If defendants wished to protect

themselves against the costs of a trial, they must offer settlement or pay into court at a much earher stage.
The court discouraged brink

manship. In the present case both parties had been able to assess the merits many months ago.

Although Order 22 rule 3 did not apply to the present case, 21 days was a reasonable time within which to accept money

paid into court.

That approach was supported by Mr Justice Brandon in The Osprey [1967] 1 Lloyd's Rep 94. He said the defendants were entitled to costs as from the date when the offer of settlement "night reasonably have been accepted". He allowed 14 days, which at that time was the normal period for taking money out of court.

When an offer of settlement of an Admiralty action had been made by letter it had always been the court's practice to allow the recipient the same time as was applicable to the right of a plain-tiff to take money out of court.

Unless there were special cir-cumstances, 21 days was a rea-sonable time within which a plaintiff must decide whether or not: to accept a payment into

The plaintiffs were entitled to an order for their costs up to the date of taking the money out of For the plaintiffs: Adam Fenton (Elborne Mitchell)

nie (Middleton Lewis Lawrence

Rachel Davies



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Robert Thompson looks at the progress of the Chinese economic reform plans

## Trapped in mid-furrow

THE SHOPPERS who crowd, jostling and haggling, round China's street stalls — in the tenth year of the Chinese economic reforms — are starting to feel that there is no such thing as a free market, and that economic reform's once unquestioned virtue is now, like the price of chicken, debatable.

Thoughtful Chinese will be struck by

chicken, debatable.

Thoughtful Chinese will be struck by two changes that highlight the problems facing this ambitious reform program. The resounding successes of the early years, the agricultural boom and the enthusiastic support of the masses, have faded — agriculture is now a serious problem and the masses are ambivalent, if not unharmy.

problem and the masses are ambivalent, if not unhappy.

The elderly women in the market expressing disgust at the cost of pork and cabbage, will also be saying that prices this year are 50 per cent or more higher than last, and that this thing called reform has gone far enough. Meanwhile, perceptive readers of the People's Daily have noted wildly differing official statements on agriculture policy and confusion over what to do next.

The Communist Party's pragmatists

The Communist Party's pragmatists should be grateful that the crisis of popular confidence in reform and the ration-ing of pork, eggs and sugar have come when conservatives in the Party, worried by the rapid changes, do not have suffi-cient numbers to exploit them. The gains cient numbers to exploit them. The gams made by reformers at last year's party congress are likely to be consolidated at a sitting of the National People's Congress, China's parliament, beginning next week. But having the numbers does nothing to solve the agricultural difficulties or the reform's image problem. Care is needed

reform's image problem. Care is needed with price reforms, designed to rid the economy of most subsidies, but corrupted by the reintroduction of subsidies and by by the renuronicion of subsides and by overheated industry (production was up 25 per cent in January 1988 compared to the same month last year). The Communist Party leaders, having put ideology on hold, in effect have a mandate to prove themselves responsible managers of a

troubled economy.

In 1984, grain production reached 407m tonnes, and became a symbol of the reform's success. Elderly leaders who shared Mao Zedong's obsession with building grain stocks and measured China's progress by harvest statistics, could not argue that reform in the fields was not working — although, in fact, the crop was too large and the losses to rats, the weather, and corrupt cadres were heavy.

But last year, grain output was 401m tonnes, below target for the third succes-

sive year, prompting a debate about agri-culture in the official press. The Eco-nomic Daily concluded that development had "come to a standstill" and was itself was criticised by one commentator for "giving people the impression that agri-culture is not included in your economy." The rural "responsibility system", which save farmers contracted control of which gave farmers contracted control of land and increased state purchase prices for their products, contributed to the initial boom. Farmers made the most of infrastructure work done by the state before 1978, and output, despite often unsympathetic weather, rose in every

As a result, there was more money in peasant pockets and more food on urban peasant poceets and more not un drout plates and the masses were happy. The government presumed that the contract system and better returns would encour-age farmers to improve their land, but doubts about the reforms' future and the smallness of the land allotments made decales want prock mattractive More development work unattractive. More recently, fertiliser prices have risen

sharply, while returns on many products have fallen, creating frustration.

Other problems are the peasants' passion for building large houses, often on prime land; and the haphazard development of rural industries. Rural industry was encouraged as a way of soaking up the 100m or so redundant farm labourers.

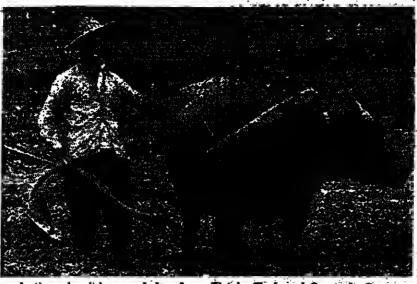
was encouraged as a way of soaking up
the 100m or so redundant farm labourers.
In Jiangsu, an east-coast province north
of Shanghai, for example, private industrial output exceeded state output last
year for the first time since the 1949 revolution. Yet the small factories are often
energy-inefficient, produce poor quality
goods and chronic pollution.

China has been advised by the World
Bank, among others, to allow rurel industry to develop in areas of natural advantage, particularly the eastern provinces
which could then concentrate on agricultural cash crops, shifting grain production to central and western China, with
grain imports to make up the difference.

This advice makes sense, and has
apparently impressed the party chief,
Zhao Ziyang, a supremely practical man.
But it calls for the dumping of several
long-cherished principles. Mao Zedong
stressed that to be strong, China must be
self-sufficient in grain, a sentiment
reflected in his exhortation to "dig tunnels deep and store grain everywhere" as
the threat of Soviet attack intensified
during the 1960s.

Another problem is the perochialism
that decontraligation has inguired No.

Another problem is the perochialism that decentralisation has inspired. No province wants to be lumbered with grain



- a \$1.95m surplus was reported last year adeficit of \$2.15m in 1966. But some of the means to that end, curbing imports and increasing subsidies to export industries, reflected the return to favour of "without a stable as to "stabilise" rejected that "market make also decided that "market money-changers. Meanwhile, the government has told Chinese workers that excessive granting of bonness has contributed to overheated demand and inflation. Premier Li said the priority this year is to "stabilise" rejected.

central controls. Officials have also decided that "market mechanisms" alone will not halt spiralling raw materials prices, so ceilings have been imposed and subsidies increased, temporarily, or so the government hopes.

China now has two raw materials markets. One is state-subsidised and provides goods for production covered by state plan, often about 30 per cent of large factory's output, depending on the nature of the product. The other 70 per cent must be bought on the raw materials market, at prices up to 400 per cent more than the state price because of scarcity, and the factories are hurting.

How much the masses are hurting is difficult to gauge. A student explained that his monthly living allowance is 32 yuan (24.67) but his food costs alone are 60 yuan (28.75). His perents make up the difference. At a market, an elderly and the factories of five years note (220).

production, when it has grand plans for a Silicon Valley or to be China's Detroit.

Accustomed to total control, the Government of the control of the contro

Accustomed to total community of the constraint of the constraint

yuan (24.67) but his food costs alone are
60 yuan (88.75). His perents make up the
difference. At a market, an elderly
woman clutching a five yuan note (720)
lamented that it buys what five jiao (90)
bought a few years ago.

It is clear that the Chinese want the
freedom of reform, the pay bomses and
the improved variety and quality of
goods, but their confidence has been
scurity that ordinary Chinese are having
shaken by inflation. The early successes
to learn to live relates.

The tit has become difficult for the govextraction to concentrate their minds on
the long-term benefits of reform, when, in
the abort term, inflation is rising, and the
certainty of fixed prices and salaries has
been replaced by the uncertainty of the
freedom of reform, when, in
the abort term, inflation is rising, and the
certainty of fixed prices and salaries has
been replaced by the uncertainty of the
freedom of reform, when, in

shaken by inflation. The early successes the law inflation is expectations and the law inflation conceded in his New Year reforms of housing and prices, alienation address that many urban residents had suffered a Jowering of living standards in the past year.

The Chinese are also conscious that a loss its nerve for fear of public disconfew of their number, particularly private that at needed structural change, then business people, are earning extraordinates.

Personal ... Pensions

The Financial Times proposes to publish this

survey on:

Sat 26th March,

1988

For a full editorial

synopsis and details of

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positions, please contact:

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FINANCIAL TIMES

N.V. Philips' Gloeilampenfabrieken (Philips' Industries) N.V. Gemeenschappelijk Bezit van Aandeelen Philips'

Gloeilan penfabrieken (Philips' Lamps Holding) Eindhoven

### Notice convening the ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS

to be held on Tuesday, April 12, 1988, it 2:100 p.iir., in the "Evenementenhal" (former "Philips' Jubiletinhal") in Emdhoven, entraine Mathildelaan/Frederiklaan. Shareholders of N.V. Gemeenschappelijk Bezit van Aandeelaa Philips' Gloeilampenfabrieken are also entitled to attend the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of N.V. Philips' Gloeilampenfabrieken to be held at the same time and at the same place.

The Annual Report 1987 and the Finantial Statements 1987 of both companies as well as the complete agendas for both meetings have been deposited for inspection and are available free of charge at the office of the Company (Groenewoudseweg 1) and at the head offices of the banks listed below and have been sent to the holders of registered shares. The items on the agendas are as follows:

### N.V. PHILIPS' **GLOEILAMPENFABRIEKEN**

- Opening
- 2. Report Activities Philips Group for the financial year 1987.
- 3. Report of the Supervisory Board on the incial statements for 1987.
- 4. Adoption of the 1987 financial statements and declaration of a dividend.
- 5. Designation of the Board of Management as the body authorised to issue shares or rights to shares and to limit or to suspend preferential rights.
- Granting of authorisation to the Board of Management to purchase shares in the
- 7. Composition of the Board of Managemen
- 8. Composition of the Supervisory Board.
- 9. Any other business.
- 10. Conclusion.

### N.V. GEMEENSCHAPPELIJK BEZIT VAN AANDEELEN PHILIPS' **GLOEILAMPENFABRIEKEN**

- 1. Opening.
- 2. Report of the Board of Governors for the financial year 1987.
- Adoption of the 1987 financial statements and declaration of a dividend.
- 4. Designation of the Board of Governors as the body authorised to issue shares or rights to shares and to limit or suspend preferential rights.
- Granting of authorisation to the Board of Governors to purchase shares in the
- 6. Composition of the Board of Governors.
- 7. Any other business.
- 8. Conclusion.

In so this as this is laid down in the Articles of Association, the proposals for nominations, together with information relating to the persons proposed, have been deposited for inspection and are available free of charge at the office of the Company (Corporate Finance Securities) and at the Amsterdam-Rotterdam Bank N.V., Herengracht 595, in Amsterdam.

Shareholders of N. V. Philips' Gloeilampenfabricken who wish to attend the meeting, either in person or by proxy, must notify the Company not later than April 5, 1988, in the way indicated in the letter of convocation sent to them by the Company.

Shareholders of N. V. Gemeenschappelijk Bezit van Aandeelen Philips' Gloeilampenfabrieken who wish to attend the meetings, either in person or by proxy, must notify the Company not later than April 5, 1968. The following regulations apply.

A. Holders of share-certificates to bearer . . . should deposit such certificates not later than exchange for a receipt which will entitle the holder to admission to the meeting.

in the Netherlands

the Amsterdam-Rotterdam Bank N.V. in Amsterdam, Herengracht 595; the Algemene Bank Nederland N.V., in Amsterdam, Vijzelstraat 32; or at the office of the Company in Eindhoven, Groenewoudseweg 1.

in the United Kingdom Hill Samuel & Co. Erd., London.

in other countries at the banks designated for such purpose. Samuel & Co. Limited, London.

WOI

B. Holders of registered shares must notify the Company not later than April 5, 1988, in the way indicated in the letter of convocation sent to them by the Company: - with respect to shares of the Eindhoven Registry: at the office of the Company; - with respect to shares of the New York Registry: at the office of Bankers Trust Company, Corporate Trust & Agency Group, P.O. Box 318, Church Street Station, New York, N.Y. 10015.

Requests for copies of the Philips Annual Report 1987 and the Financial Statements 1987 should be sent to N.V. Philips' Glocilampenfabricken (Corporate Finance Investor Relations, P.O. Box 218, 5600 MD Eindhoven).

Eindhoven, March 18, 1988.

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The quorum required at the adjourned Meeting will be two or more persons present holding Notes or voting certificates or being prodes whatever the principal amount of the Notes so held or represented by them.

Dated: 18th March, 1988

This Notice is given by Fistcher Challenge Finance (Overseas) Ltd.

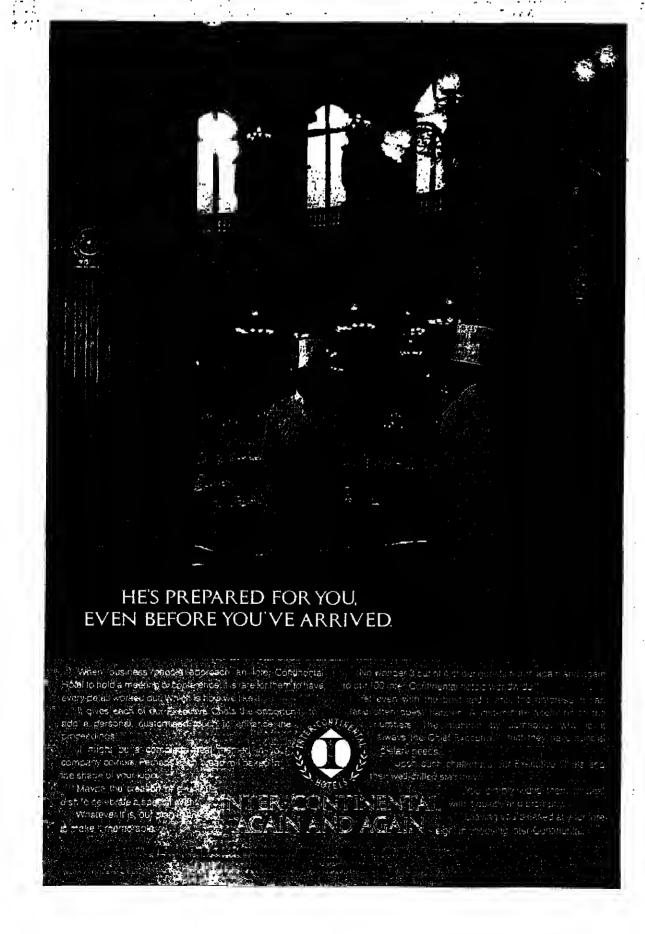
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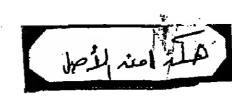
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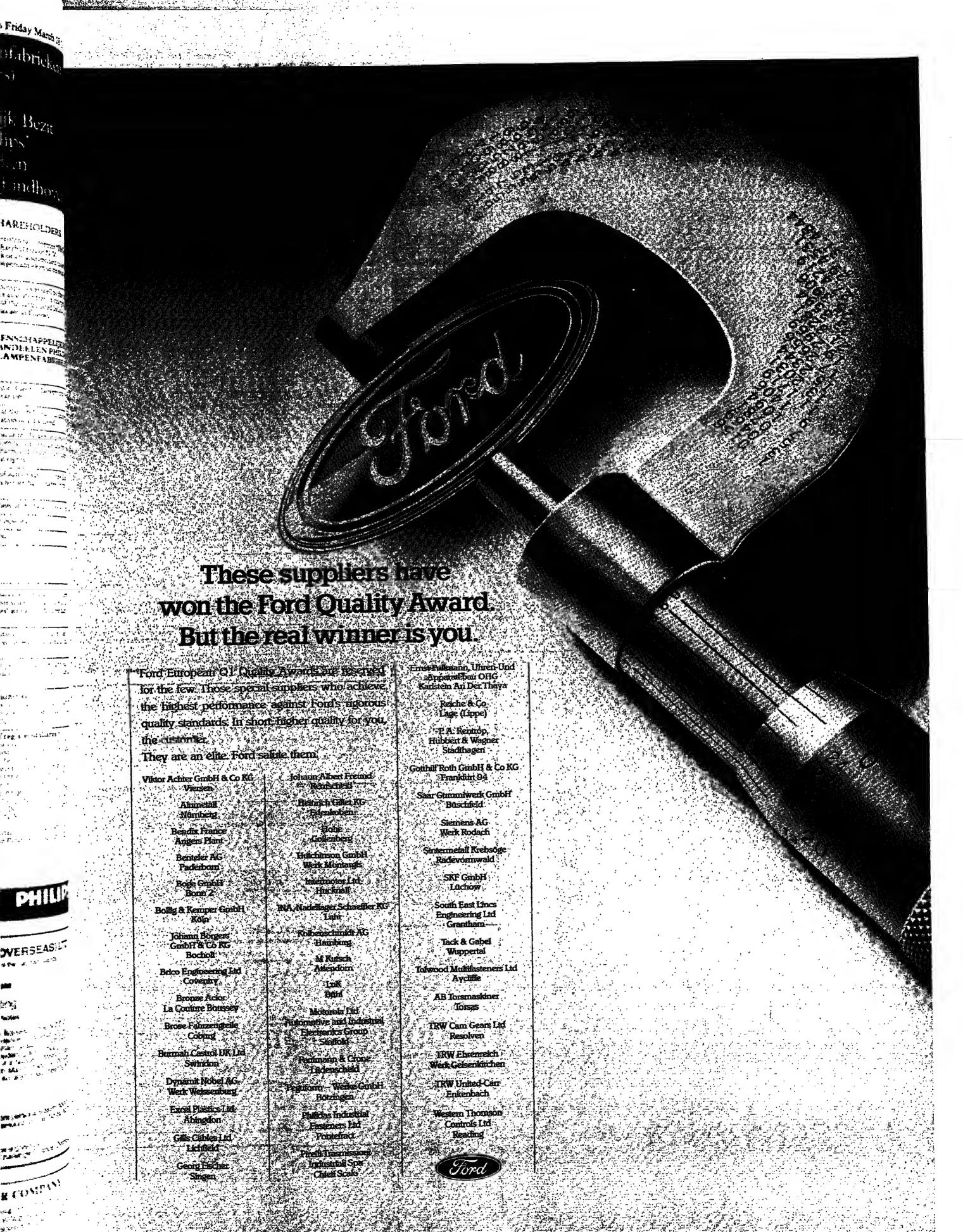
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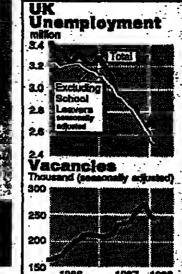
Europe's Business Newspaper

there are signs of a slight decaler-ation in the pace of decline, according to figures published yeshenday.

The Department of Employment said seasonally adjusted memployment fell 33,400 in February to 2.531m. This was the lowest level since February 1982 and the 19th consecutive monthly fall. Unemployment as the pro-portion of the working population was 9.1 per cent.
Unadjusted figures for the number claiming benefits at Unemployment Benefit Offices, including school leavers, show a

In Tuesday's budget speech, Mr Nigel Lawson, the Chancellor, predicted that unemployment would continue to fall in 1988 but probably not as rapidly as last underlying rate of decline was thought to be slightly more than Other figures published yester-day by the Department of

In the six months to February, day by the Department of the average monthly fall in sea. Employment show earnings consonally adjusted unemployment tinue to increase at a rate of was 49,000, which Government about 8% per cent a year, The statisticians believe is close to Government fears excessive pay the underlying trend. In the last increases could threaten future three months of last year, the



Vacancies at iobcentres, seasonally adjusted, fell by 1,600 to 248,000 in February. In the past

the past year had been faster than in any other industrialised

country.
Official figures show that Britain's unemployment rate of about 9 per cent is lower than in France. Spain, Belgium and the Natharlands. However it com-

week was not spent on job creation," he said.

Vacancies at jobcentres, seasonally adjusted, fell by 1,600 to 248,000 in February. In the past three months, vacancies have decreased by an average of 6,800 a month but in February were still 20 per cent higher than the same month a year before.

Mr Norman Fowler, Employment Secretary, said the fall in Britain's unemployment rate is

The cross-party select committee of MPs investigating the practical implications of the

elevising of the Commons may

have to produce an interim report if the experiment is to start on time in November.

An already tight timetable has been put under further pressure by delays in setting up the committee.

## Fall in base rate helps Cabinet to mend fences

MRS MARGARET Thatcher, the Prime Minister, last night claimed that the strong financial

France. Spain, Belgium and the Nethariands. However it compares with about 7 per cent in the US and about 3 per cent in the US and about 3 per cent in Japan.

Mr Fowler said job opportunities were good but that "it must be a major priority to improve our adult training system so that more unemployed people can acquire skills to fill the vacancies".

Mr Michael Meacher, Labour's employment spokesman, said the rate of fall in unemployment was slowing even though it remained twice the level of 1979, when Mrs Thatcher became Prime Minister. "It is a tragedy that the money thrown away on the higher-rate taxpayers in the Budget this week was not spent on job cre-

time" and that circumstances had changed as a result of the Budget. She noted the £3bn debt repayment and the strong and prudent fiscal position not fully known until the Budget. Combined with the strength of the exchange rate that had tightened monetary conditions all this had made possible the reduction in

interest rates, she added.

Allies of Mr Lawson feel that yesterday's decision- reached at an early morning meeting with Mrc Thatcher- viudicates his position and helps to reestablish a clear policy after last week's confusing statements. This is in line with Mr Lawson's repeated more important than words. Later, in further debate on the

Budget, Mr Neil Kinnock, the Labour leader, said that a Labour government would re-impose a graduated system of income tax bands, although it was impossi-ble to predict what the highest

rate would be, yesterday.

Mr Kinnock would not be drawn on the details of the new rates but pledged that the new 40p top rate of tax announced in the budget "would have to go

A complete rethink of taxation strategy is now underway within the Labour party as part of its policy review and there have already been indications that the party is considering a signifi-cantly lower standard rate of income tax, coupled with a range of higher rates for the better-off. Details have yet to be worked out but there have been sugges-tions that the starting point could be as low as 15p, with the highest rate close to the 60p level

which has just been scrapped. Mr Kinnock, in an interview for Thames Television, said that the overwhelming majority of the Ally run for three years or eise are turnover related leases of up to 10 years.

GrandMet, which also owns 1,600 managed pubs, recently sold 700 of its smaller pubs for \$60m, a move which it said was part of the new strategy as they were not suitable for the leasing arrangements.

Mr John McGrath, chairman

Tetall asset.

Under GrandMet's proposed be assessed Chancellor's budget, paying tax at 34p in the pound, including national insurance contributions.

GrandMet will relinquish his pre-recorded interview that the government would not dare up to make possibility for the pubs' the government would not dare up to share of profits on gambling are such an enormous expansion in credit and debt in order to machines.

## MPs see too many horrors in chamber

BY JOHN HUNT AND TOM LYNCH

BRFTAIN'S official unemployment total fell to the lowest level

for six years in Fabruary, but

fall in February of 57,000 to 2,65sm. This is the lowest level since August 1961, but the comparison does not take account of changes in the method of calcula-

In the six months to February,

THERE WAS much heart-searching in the House of Com-mons yesterday over whether the great Westminster scap opera will be suitable viewing for family andlences if the tele-vision cameras are allowed into the chamber for the first time later in the year.

later in the year.
Some Tory MPs felt that the whole question of televising the proceedings should be

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reconsidered in the light of the the "disgraceful" rowdy scenes that accompanied Mr Nigel Lawson's Budget statement

this week. Senior ministers believe that the answer to disruption like that seen on Tuesday lies with the opposition parliamentary managers imposing discipline on their MPs - rather than-changes in the procedures of the House such as imposing financial penalties ou errant

arguing that this week's events should force MPs to reconsider the whole question of televising the House.

One Tory MP said said the cameras would exaggerate the "animal excesses" of some

## GrandMet to adopt retail incentive in pub leasing

GRAND Metropolitan, whose and managing director of Grand Watney. Mann subsidiary is Metropolitan Brewing, said the Britain's fourth largest brewer new leasing arrangements would and owner of public bouses, is radically to overhand the tenancy arrangements in its 3.600 tenture outlets.

The overm is introducing com-

The group is introducing com-The group is introducing com-mercial 20-year assignable leases, similar to those found in other retail areas. They will gradually replace traditional tensory agree-ments for letting puls in the UK browing industry, which gener-ally run for three years or else are turnover related leases of up

Mr John McGrath, chairman

The new arranger Grandlet hopes to phase in dur-ing the next five years, is symp-nometic of the way in which the brewing industry is beginning to look at the optimisation of its

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## Chancellor urges employers to curb wage rises

THE GOVERNMENT yesterday called for greater pay restraint in the wake of the tax cuts announced in the Budget, as official figures showed that average earnings are rising more than twice as fast as inflation.

The Department of Employment said that in the year to January average earnings rose by an underlying 8.5 per cent, compared with an increase in retail prices of just over 3 per cent.

Mr Nigel Lawson, the Chancel the Budget is thought to be relatively small.

Testeratory's figures show that after this more assed by an underlying week's income tax cuts there was no need for large pay settle.

Twice as fast as average earnings, their share of total income tax in the indication is that if those on higher incomes head the Government's call for pay restraint, there is little chance that the cuts in the higher rates will pay for themselves. The gain to the Exchequer from a reduction in the number of tax shelters after the Budget is thought to be relatively small.

Testeratory in their share of total income tax in payments had increased by 1986.

The implication is that if those on higher incomes head the Government's call for pay restraint, there is little chance that the cuts in the higher rates will pay for themselves. The gain to the Budget is thought to be relatively small.

Testeratory in their share of total income tax in the incomes tax in the incomes tax in the incomes tax in their share of total income tax in their share of total income tax in their sha

Mr Nigel Lawson, the Chancellor, called the pace of increase "a average earnings in manufacturworry" and said that after this ing increased by an underlying week's income tax cuts there was 8% per cent in the 12 months to no need for large pay settle.

In it is very important for the year to December. However, businessmen to keep firm control the pace of earnings growth in service industries edged down to add interview.

However, the Government over the same period.

However, the Government expects the pay of the top 5 per cent of earners to rise significantly faster than that of those growth in manufacturing is peing on average earnings over the offset by almost equally fast next few years. Mr Lawson has growth in productivity. In the forecast that the share of income three months to January, unit behave costs grew at an annual on average earnings over the next few years. Mr Lawson has forecast that the share of income tax paid by highest-income earn-

In that year the top rate of tax was reduced to 60 per cent, but because the pre-tax earnings of the top 5 per cent rose more than against other leading currencies.

over the same period.

Most of the impact on indus-

forecast that the share of income tax paid by highest-income earn-labour costs grew at an annual rate of just 1.3 per cent.

However, the Treasury believes that productivity gains are unlikely to be as great this year as in 1987. Even if earnings on the assumption that the present matter of the present of the earnings of those on high incomes rise faster than the average, as has occurred since 1979.

In that year the top rate of tax

This would compound the less

## Proposals to liberalise life insurance trade likely

Commission hope to produce by the end of this year propo-als to liberalise cross-border trade in life insurance. The proposals form part of the proposals form part of the run-up to create a free market in financial services by 1982. The first steps towards freeing the internal life market would probably cover occupational pension schemes and group life policies, said Mr. Godfrey Fitchew, the counties don't director-reversal for

sion's director-general for financial institutions. Speaking at a Chartered in London yesterday, Mr Fitchew said commission offi-cials were determined to have cials were determined to have draft proposals on life incar-ance ready by the end of 1988. It would take longer how-ever to secure agreement from ever to secure agreement from the EC member states to allow the marketing across national boundaries of life insurance for individual customers because governments were anxious to maintain their own

sain.
Mr Fitchew warned insurers at the conference not to underestimate the speed at which berriers to cross-border trade were being proken down.

Distillers.

Mr Margulies yesterday denied any wrongdoing during or after the bettle.

The accusation is made in the The accusation is made in the testimony of Mr Tony Parnes, the stockbroker who is awaiting extradition proceedings in Los Angeles for alleged offences during and after the takeover battle, to the inspectors appointed by the Trade and Industry Department.

Mr Margulies has given the inspectors an alternative explanation of the events described by

The £19m was paid to a Gene-va-based company called Cifco, which is involved in internawhich is involved in interna-tional trading and is managed by Mr Charles Rosenbaum. Mr Ari (also called Alan) Margulies, the son of Ephraim who is a rabbini-cal student and active stock mar-

cal student and active stock market investor, was also linked with
Cifico, according to Mr Parnes.
Prior to the Guinness takeover,
Mr Parnes said that he had a
reasonably close social relationship with Mr Ephraim Margulies,
alfhough Mr Margulies's view
was that Mr Parnes was tolerated
more than welcomed. Mr
Parnes's grandfather had helped

finance director, at a meeting in the New Piccadilly Hotel in late March 1986 as the takeover bid for Distillers was approaching its

Ephraim Margulies said that he would be happy to support Guinness through the purchase of its shares but he did not like losing. He said that as a result of the discussion he had with Mr Ephraim Marguiles, both Beris-ford Capital and Cifco, through the Swiss bank Rahm and Bod-mer, began purchasing Guinness shares. Mr Ari Marguiles and Mr Howard Zuckerman, head of Berisford Capital Corporation, a US Berisford subsidiary, were the two individuals who placed the orders, Mr Parnes said.

Mr Ephraim Margulies says that the hotel meeting lasted for only 10 minutes and was held in

Clive Wolman reports on Los Angeles testimony by stockbroker Tony Parnes

Margulies accused of Guinness cover-up

get of a hostile takeover bid.

shares by Rahn and Bodmer for cifco and by Berisford. Cifco originally been told by Mr Ari He says that on December 15, bought 1.25m shares and Beris Margulies that Cifco traded in ford 2.95m shares during the bid gold for Berisford and he thought house to attend a Jewish social and then both sold the same it was connected to Berisford, he amount in May 1986 after the bid.

But further transhes of shares what kind of Parnes pledged a £59,000 charitable function. Mr Parnes pledged a £59,000 charitable function, he said. This, he

days after the inspectors had that he became very angry and launched their inquiry.

However, in the aftermath of the bid, Mr Roux said in his svidence, which has been presented in the Los Angeles extradition hearing, that Mr Parnes suggested that Mr Parnes suggested that Mr Ephraim Margules should be indemnified and given a 20 per cent success fee. He followed Mr Parnes's instructions by splitting the payment between Citco and Erlanger, a should say that the entire £1.9m fies to be suggesting that they between the followed Mr Parnes in detail about the payment to Cifco.

The inspectors questioned Mr Parnes refused to £340,000 fee out of the payment to Cifco.

The inspectors questioned Mr Parnes refused to take the responsibility. He told the inspectors questioned Mr Parnes refused to take the responsibility. He told the inspectors questioned Mr Parnes refused to take the responsibility. He told the inspectors questioned Mr Parnes refused to take the responsibility. He told the inspectors questioned Mr Parnes refused to take the suggestion that he had nothing whatsoever to do with the purchases by Cifco take the inspectors. Twes very, very trightened the became very angry and blamed Mr Roux for getting Bersison in mwittingly involved in a was one of several discussions in fightly embarrassing attractions. The battery from his hearing alteration. The battery from his hearing alterations in the last level margules, and lost its strength and so its strength and so its strength and so its strength and so its strength and lost its strength had lost its strength and so its strength and so its strength and so its strength had lost its strength and so its strength and lost its strength and so its strength and so its strength and so its strength had lost its strength had lost its strength and so its strength had lost its s

made."
He said that, although he had

MR EPHRAIM MARGULIES, his father when he first arrived chairman of S and W Berisford, has been accused of being a party to an attempted cover-up which would disguise the true recipient of a £1.9m payment that was made by Guinness in the aftermatic of its takeover battle for Distillers.

Mr Margulies vesterday, and Mr Olivier mafir of its takeover battle for Distillers.

Mr Margulies yesterday denied when he first arrived shareholding. Any such indemnity, agreed in advance, might be a breach of the Company. Mr Parnes said about and they seemed so capather in the company. Mr Parnes said about and they seemed so capather in the company. Mr Parnes said about and they seemed so capather in the company. Mr Parnes said about and they seemed so capather in the company. Mr Parnes said about and they seemed so capather in the company. Mr Parnes said about and they seemed so capather in the company. Mr Parnes said about and they seemed so capather in the company. Mr Parnes said about and they seemed so capather in the company. Mr Parnes said about and they seemed so capather in the company. Mr Parnes said about and they seemed so capather in the company. Mr Parnes said about and they seemed so capather in the company. Mr Parnes said about and they seemed so capather in the company. Mr Parnes said about and they seemed so capather in the company. Mr Parnes said about and they seemed so capather in the company. Mr Parnes said about and they seemed so capather in the company. Mr Parnes said about and they seemed so capather in the company. Mr Parnes said about and they seemed so capather in the company. Mr Parnes said about and they seemed so capather in the company. Mr Parnes said about and they seemed so capather in the company. Mr Parnes said about and they seemed so capather in the company. Mr Parnes said about and they seemed so capather in the company. Mr Parnes said about and they seemed so capather in the company. Mr Parnes said about and they seemed so capather in the company. Mr Parnes said about and they seemed so

Parnes pledged a £56,000 charita-ble donation, he said. This, he says, must be interpreted as an indication that relations between the two men remained good. were bought through another when asked by the inspectors suggested to Mr fact that they were not going to neither transactions own up to the situation and that were carried out to establish they were trying to make me leading to the situation that relations between the two men remained good.

Neither Mr Margulles nor Mr Parnes that these transactions own up to the situation and that were carried out to establish they were trying to make me litimate beneficial ownership of Cifco.

## **Business 'dissatisfied** with BT service'

MOST MANAGERS employed to ness customers

meet companies' telecommunications needs are dissatisfied with British Telecom's service, according to a survey published yesterday.

The findings of the survey, by the Telecommunications Managers are Association, are particularly damaging for BT because the survey deals with business customers, with whom BT has been making particular efforts since the introduction of competition in the industry.

The association represents

# The association represents nearly 600 telecommunications imanagers in companies which it says together account for 30 per cent of BT's business revenue. It concluded: "There is little evidence of any improvement since our surveys of 1985 and 1986 and indeed, in some areas, a marked deterioration has occurred." It added yesterday: "Perhaps most surprising, three years on into liberalisation, is the very clear opinion that BT does not communicate well with its busi-

## Mitel to shed 60 jobs in Wales as it restructures

ate of British Telecom, is to make
60 staff in the UK redundant as stake in Mitel two years ago
part of a wide-ranging reorganisation involving 410 job cuts the leading independent manuworldwide.

BT acquired its 51 per cent
stake in Mitel two years ago
part of a wide-ranging reorganithe leading independent manufacturers of PABKs.

MITEL of Canada, the struggling market for office telephone equipment manufacturing affili- exchanges (PABZs).

sation involving 410 job cuts the leading independent manuscribed in involving 410 job cuts worldwide.

The company said yesterday that about 200 employees would be made redundant in Canada, along with 150 in the US, where it is closing its Florida plant at Deerfield Beach, and 60 at Caldicot in Gwent, South Wales.

The decision to trim the company's 4,500-strong workforce follows a detailed study launched by Mr John Jarvis, Mitel's chief executive officer.

Mr Jarvis, a former London-based consultant at PA International, was appointed last July with the strong support of BT, which has been unhappy about the performance of Mitel.

The company said yesterday tale leading independent manuscatures of PABEs.

Since then, however, Mitel has failed to live up to expectations. The company made a C\$12.m or the nine months to last December, when the 'deficit amounted to C\$2.6m on turnover of C\$305.4m.

Mitel's reorganisation, which was preceded earlier this week by the departure of Mr Tom Meyer, president of the group's US subsidiary and the executive in control of the office communications division, will include some refocusing of the business.

The company said the restruct. Mr Jarvis said the company uring was aimed at cutting costs would be seeking to exploit small to cope with shrinkage in the to medium-sized markets.

## Stricter air traffic controls to add to passenger delays BY LYNTON McLAIN

The increased delays are expected to be inevitable following yesterday's announcement by the Civil Aviation Authority of its proposals for "flow management" traffic will be restricted from 6am of airliners to and from UK air-than that less warm than that the management of the controls of the control of t

The effect will be to reduce by
10 per cent last summer's peak
hourly rates for aircraft movements, when the CAA introduced
flow control to limit the number

The Queen is to open the new
Catwick Airport, London, today.

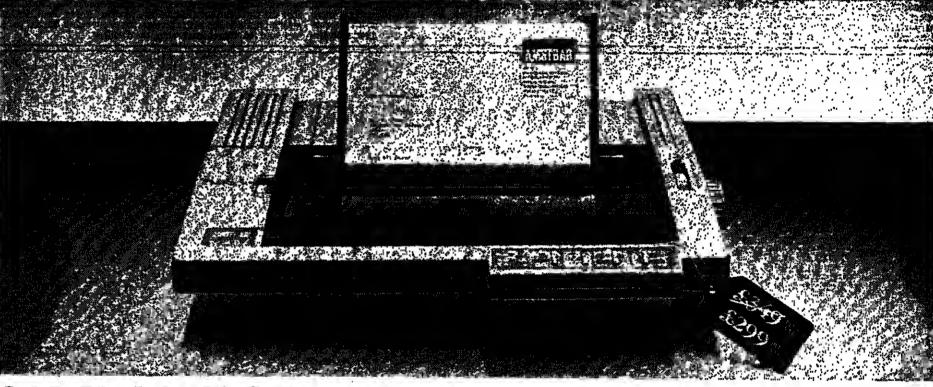
North Terminal will open the
the mublic on Traceles becetive.

AIRLINE passengers will face utes to 15 minutes last year. The effect is likely to be comairports this summer than last pounded by delays caused by sin traffic controls elsewhere in

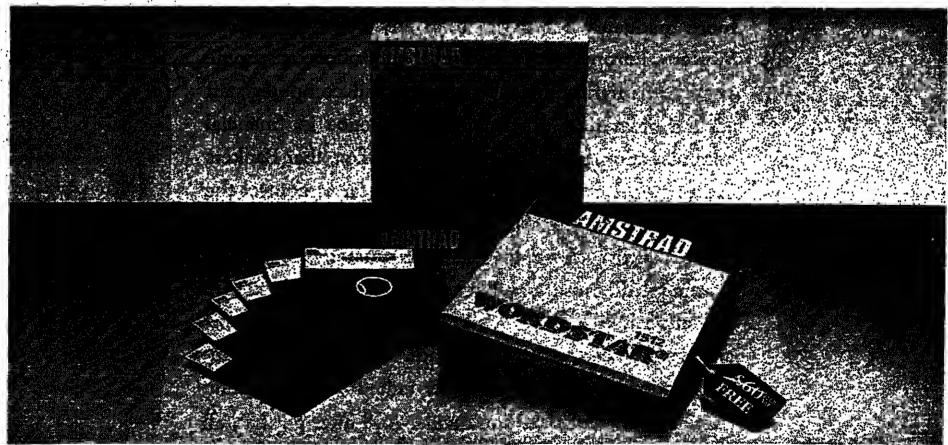
than that last year.

flow control to limit the number of aircraft taking off and landing at any given time.

The authority said: "Stricter flow management this year will lead to some increases in traffic delays. These averaged 10 min-



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BY IAN HAMILTON FAZEY, NORTHERN CORRESPONDEN

THE NEW Tees Offshore Base in the former Smith's Dockyard, mear Middlesbrough, is likely to attract about £250m of private ment," although be stressed later sector plant and investment if that this would be moral rather. the oil and exploration industry than monetary. seizes the opportunity the base offers, its backers believe.

Mr Morrison was the industry minister who approved British

The base aims to allow compa-shipbuilders' plans to close down ules to share high technology Smith's Dockyard in February and colve marine and ceabed last year.

problems in ways which single companies cannot afford.

This partnership is expected to be particularly useful in extracting oil from small or difficult shore specialist, British Telecom undersea fields and also in seabled mining.

Companies already involved in the base include tha Andreas Ugland Group, the Norwegian officers where specialist, British Telecom Marine, Marathon Oil UK and bed mining.

Tees Dockyard.

The approach has not been with two engineering companies attempted before and eeveral leading offshore companies have already moved in, creating 450 undersea equipment.

The venture is being run by iohs in only three months. already moved in, creating 450
jobs in only three months.

The base will also have a research and development facility which will be established in one of the yard's dry docks. It is expected to be used in the design of submersible craft, as well as equipment which needs to be handled underwater.

The base's main backers, the Teesside Development Corporation and the Tees and Hartlepool Port Authority, are not setting

tion and the Tees and Hartlepool Port Authority, are not setting targets for investment, but £250m is understood to be attainable.

They presented a progress report to leading companies in the oil and exploration industries in London yesterday and were applauded warmly.

Mr Tompkins said companies could have a trial run at the base and that no competitors would be offered facilities during the trial.

"We intend to attract both UK and European companies, drawing on the broadest base of expertise in the North Sea," he said.

## **India says** Channon visit cannot go ahead

by Mr Paul Channon, Trans-port Secretary, which should have started yesterday, has been stopped by the Indian

India says its ministers are preoccupied with urgant parliamentary business. However, the decision is believed to have been made by Mr Rajly Gandhi, the Prime Minister, who is angry about a RBC Panorama television pro-gramme on India two months

ago. He and Mr Madhavrso Scin-dia, Minister of State for Railways, who is also heir to the now defunct royal line of Maharajahs of Gwalior, are both upset by the way they wers treated in the pro-

gramme.

Mr Scindia is involved in the progress of his annual railway budget through parliament.

Mr Channon had planned a series of meetings with senior Indian ministers and civil servants to discuss railway, aviation and other contracts at a time when the IIK's annual time when the UK's annual allocation of aid to India has dropped sharply because of a dearth of new contracts.

The news that Mr Channon's visit would have to be put off was given to the British Gov-

ernment at the end of last week, without prior warning, by the Indian External Affairs

## House insurance rate to rise

HOMEOWNERS face the prospact of a 10 per cent rise in the
rate used to calculate the cost of
insuring the buildings in which
they live.

Legal and General confirmed
yesterday that it was increasing
from 61.50 to 63 to 185 the rise rate and for a first property accounts,
were sound last year on a £1.60
rate, but underwriters claim
there were no margins to build
up reserves to meet the next natfrom 61.50 to 63 to 185 the rise rate property
accounts,
country
rate, 180 to 1

have increased progressively to £1.80 per £1,000 to reflect the from £1.80 to £2 its rate per £1,000 increasing cost of claims. of the sum insured. The sum The insurance market has been insured is the cost of rebuilding discussing a further rate rise

almost since the previous increase two years ago. Expecta-tions that a rise was inevitable house structures in the building society market, was announcing its results for last year.

The increase will take place at the beginning of May or the beginning of June. Final details have grown since October's hur-

are being arranged with the the latest increase in rates. It building societies.

The insurance rate for house, \$42m after allowing for reinsurbuildings had been the same for ance. decades, at £1.50 per £1,000, until three years ago. However, the cost compa

for a further rate rise.

Sun Alliance Group, the largest building society insurer, yester-day confirmed that it would be increasing its house structures rate to £2.00 per £1,000 from the beginning of June.

Royal insurance, the second largest building society insurer, said it was still reviewing the position. It is widely expected that it will increase its rate in the

Most other big insurance groups, such as General Accident and Guardian Royal Exchange, decades, at £1.50 per £1,000, until In the past decade insurance three years ago. However, the cost companies in Britain have been and Guardian Royal Exchange, of insuring a house rose each hit by a series of severe winters year to allow for inflation. The and other natural disasters with sums insured are automatically claims costs rising progressively.

### Dismay over housing's 'low profile' BY RICHARD EVANS

THE GOVERNMENT was ing conditions but also provided afford the costs of essential accused yesterday of having no jobs and made a positive contribution to rundown city areas.

Mr Waldegrave agreed that raise the eligible expense limit

Legal and General give the

hurricane as the main reason for the latest increase in rates. It

Lord Ezra, president of the 1990 at the earliest, he said, so on expenditure incurred on envictorial, said he was disappointed interim steps were needed to fur ronmental works in housing that housing esemed to have such a low profile, when improvement are to 1990 at the earliest, he said, so on expenditure incurred on envictorial, said he was disappointed interim steps were needed to fur ronmental works in housing there the Government's aim of target and in general such a low profile, when improve getting grants to the worst proper improvement areas to 2500 a ing homes not only improved liv-

further interest in sponsoring housing improvements, following the Budget announcement that tax relief on home improvement loans is to be withdrawn.

Mr Waldegrave agreed that much good work had been done for existing grants by between 15 with mortgage relief, but said and 30 per cent. This will ensure with mortgage relief, but said and 30 per cent. This will ensure there had been too much direct shart the amount of work eligible synchroning Minister, was told at the National Home Improvement that with mortgage relief, but said and 30 per cent. This will ensure that the amount of work eligible synchroning grants by between 15 with mortgage relief, but said and 30 per cent. This will ensure that the amount of work eligible synchroning grant will reflect more fully what needs to be done to bring a property up to standard, "he said intended to support the maintenance of housing stock. The proposed new grant system would also be adjusted and there not come into effect until April would be an increase in the limit 1990 at the earliest, he said, so on expenditure incurred on enviintermination of the council, said he was disappointed.

## Research into health effects of electricity in home to increase

BY DAVID FISHLOCK, SCIENCE EDITOR

ment director.

The CEGB estimates that the cific homes.

UK industry has spent about 23.5m investigating Soviet reports in the late 1970s that electricity workers suffered health home and workplace, using relatively large lether and the law voltages can be related to the company and the law voltages can be rel

effects including lethargy and loss of sex drive.

Mr Chester said research so far had produced "several suggestive but inconclusive recults," for establish any connection between

BRITAIN'S electricity supply industry is doubling to firm this tism from the earth itself, and year's budget for research into the heelth effects of electricity, particularly in and around the home and at the workplace.

Announcing the move yester day, the Central Electricity Gendan company, which will be erating Board said its research would aim to fill a gap in previous studies made in Britain, continental Europe and the US into the possible health risks.

New technology for conve-

the possible health risks.

New technology for conveniently and accurately measuring leatherhead, Surrey, has developed a way of translating the associated with mains electricity, data from the monitors into system than any serious worries about risks, were the reason for increasing research, said Mr Peter Chester, CEGB environment director.

The CEGB estimates that the electricity industry employees initially.

The CEGB research centre at leatherhead, Surrey, has developed a way of translating the convenient form for analysis, which will be carried out by university medical statisticians. It has also developed a van that can make field measurements on specific homes.

example, associating electricity overhead transmission and childexample, associating electricity with cancer.

Scientifically, such associations were being treated with caution because of the difficulty of measuring a person's actual exposure to electrical and magnetic fields.

The fields produced by the use of electricity in the home are very weak compared with the

## Privatisation plan 'may not be competitive enough'

for privatising the electricity systive competition.

tem give the appearance of a He says that the Government competitive structure which may tacitly recognised this in its

competitive structure which may tacitly recognised this in its prove to be an illusion, says a white paper on electricity privatireport published today by the sticular amount. This said that the generating part of the industry would have to be subject to regulation.

Robinson, of the University of Surrey, says that the structure amounced by Mr Cecil Parkinson, the Energy Secretary, last diversified that they will be able month is likely to put a huge to freeze ont competition from burden on to the regulatory body companies which might want to which will be needed to supervise the industry.

The regulatory body, says Professor Robinson, may become the most powerful figure in the industry. Or, on the other hand, it may be "captured" and safeebled by industry pressures.

"Neither situation represents a decision to place the distribution clear improvement as compared companies in charge of the grid with continued nationalisation," he says.

The report which may tacitly recognised this in its the industry which are natural monopolies; the patient and succession to place the distribution clear improvement as compared companies in charge of the grid will give them all the parts of the industry which are natural monopolies; the patient price in the scitting that the generating part of the industry which are natural monopolies; the the four intervity pressures.

Under Mr Parkinson's scheme, monopolies: the national grid, the the 12 area boards in England area distribution grids, and capand Wales are to be privatised as separate distribution companies.

They will jointly own the national transmission grid, which is to be removed from the control he adds: "The prospect of heavy of the Central Electricity Generations will then be split into the process of the industry of the larger, owning try."

two groups. The larger, owning try." all the nuclear plant, will have about 70 per cent of total capac-

THE GOVERNMENT'S proposals may not therefore provide effec-

be says.
industry which are natural
Under Mr Parkinson's scheme, monopolies the national grid, the

about 70 per cent of total capacity.

Colin Robinson, Professor of Economics, University of Surrey, England and Wales, the two generating companies will have Lord North Street, London SWIP strong incentives to collude, and

## **British Coal Scottish** and SSEB to meet

SENIOR executives from British Coal and the South of Scotland Electricity Board are expected to meet in London today for their first encounter since a row between them erupted more than six weeks ago over the price of

The talks may be little more than preliminary discussions to set an agenda, but could pave the way for more substantial negotia-tions. The SSEB last week said it

tions. The SSEB last week said it would only negotiate with British Coal subject to strict conditions, but it appears they are not insisting on this.

The meeting is to be held at a secret location in an effort by both sides to take the issue out of the public eye. In recent weeks, British Coal and the SSEB have communicated largely through press conferences and public statements.

## power plan criticised

CRITICISMS OF government plans to privatise the Scottish plans to privatise the Scottish electricity industry were made yesterday by the Scottish Council Development and Industry, the widely representative body which promotes industry.

Earlier this month, Mr Malcolm Rifkind, the Scottish Secretary, unveiled government plans to privatise the two Scottish elec-

to privatise the two Scottish elec-tricity boards.

The Scottish Council said yes-

The Scottish Council said yesterday that it was alarmed that the proposals for a "wholesale reconstruction" of the industry would disrupt its efficiency and lead to higher costs for consumers. It criticises the Government's proposal to abandon the joint generating agreement which currently operates between the South of Scotland Electricity Board and the North of Scotland Hydro-Electric Board, under which power is generated accord-

communicated largely through press conferences and public statements.

The SSEB has ordered Im tonnes of foreign coal and refused to take any more British Coal supplies unless the cost is reduced substantially.

British Coal has been granted an interim interdict, or injunction, which prevents the SSEB from burning coal from outside sources at its two major coalburning power plants.

Last week, following pressure on both sides from ministers to heal the dispute, the SSEB offered to continue to take supplies from British Coal for three months from April 1, provided British Coal had the interdict lifted and made an immediate price reduction. There has been no sign of British Coal making concessions on these points.



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in may

Ne enou

Scuttish

## National strike ballot urged by P&O seamen

SENIOR shop stewards of the of crisises" on a more compre National Union of Seamen yesterhensive and stable footing.
day called on the union's leaderahip to hallot the membership on
a national strike over the P&O

the contracts "read like a bad

The move was immediately condemned by shipowners, who basic salary structure and up to warned that they would not hest take legal action against the union if the strike went based on overtime and profitable.

Shipping said: "Any action in support of the dispute taken by those not employed by P&O is tering, and far greater manage tering, and far greater manage

illegal."
Earlier NUS officials had prestrike because the union could not afford to risk fighting

But the decision to step up industrial action appears to reflect the growing inflicancy of night that the contracts would entered its sixth week. It was taken as more than 2,000 Doverbased seamen received discovery based seamen as the P&O strike pressurise seamen into working the pressure and the pressure of the notices from the company and offers of re-employment under radically altered pay and work

Mr Peter Ford, P&O European national railway SNCF over a Ferries Chairman, last night described the new contracts as an ing arrangements and permanent attempt to put an industry that staff being replaced by seasons.

"has grown up through a series labour.

The contracts replace seamen' head. sharing salaries will be paid monthly rather than weekly as at

ment control on the granting of annual leave and the setting of dicted that yesterday's meeting meal times. All three areas were of shop stewards would stop previously subject to considerable consultation with union representatives.

Mr Ford said: "We have looked another potentially damaging very carefully at our proposals High Court action.

pay and would undermine safety.
George Graham adds from
Paris: French maritime unions
have called for an all-out strike
starting today on cross-Channel
ferries run by the French

## Race bias kept doctor out of job

By Raymond Hughes

A DOCTOR from Sri Lanka was denied employment as a consultant micro-biologist because of racial discrimina-tion by a regional health anthority, the Court of Appeal ruled yesterday.

Lord Justice May said that it was remarkable that, despite her superior qualifications and experience, Dr Mailla Noone, who had been shortlisted with two English candidates, had heen placed third by all mem-bers of the authority's appoint-

The appeal court restored an industrial tribunal's decision that the North West Thames Regional Health Authority had been guilty of unlawful racial discrimination in failing to offer Dr Noone the appoint-ment at the Ashferd Hospital. However, the court reduced from \$5,000 to \$3,000 the compensation the tribunal had

The tribunal's decision had been overturned by the Employment Appeal Tribunal, which had held that there was no evidence to justify an inference that the discrimination had been racial.

Lord Justice May said that the industrial tribunal had held that Dr Noone'e interview by the appointments commit-tee had been "little more than a sham" at which the "golden opinions" of three professional colleagues - one with a world reputation - had been disre-

## Clarify equal pay act, say judges

THREE Court of Appeal judges yesterday called for the 1970 Equal Pay Act to be improved and clarified as they dismissed a claim by a council nurse for pay parity with male workers.

Lord Justice May said that the act was concerned with terms

act was concerned with terms and conditions of work of employees "and should be drafted with that clarity which would enable both sides to a contract of employment to know without difficulty what their rights are."

His plea was echoed by Lord Justice Balcombe, while Lord Justice Stocker added that clarification was also needed so that

cation was also needed so that the task of those who had to con-strue the Act "should not be rendered unnacessarily difficult.

The three judges had dismissed a claim by Mrs Marion Leverton, a nursery nurse employed by Clwyd county council, for parity with 11 male council workers. Mrs Leverton, a nursery nurse

at an infants' school, worked a 32-hour week — only during school terms — and was paid 25.058 a year. She argued that her work was of equal value to that of the 11 men, who worked a 37-or 39-hour week, had less holiday and whose salaries averaged

ton and the 11 men had "common However, he agreed with the terms and conditions of employ-industrial tribunal that the hours

AN "active campaigner for improvements in health services' complained in the High Court yesterday that she was unjustly removed from her post on the City and Hackney District Health Authority without being told the reas

The court was asked to quash a decision of the North Rast Thames Regional Health Authority last July not to reappoint Ms Lucy de Groot for a econd term of office after more than three years of serdifference was genuinely due to "a material factor which is not

"a material factor which is not the difference of sex" — the dif-ferent hours and holidays. The Employment Appeal Tri-bunal agreed that Mrs Leverton and the 11 men were not "in the same employment", but held that there was no evidence that the salary difference was genuinely due to the "material factor" of hours and holidays.

In the appeal court Lord Jus-tice May disagreed with both tri-bunals on the "same employ-ment" point. He said that the mere fact that Mrs Leverton worked fewer hours and had lon-ger holidays than the 11 men did The industrial tribunal held not necessarily mean that they that the difference in hours and could not have common terms holidays was such that it was unrealistic to say that Mrs Leverton and the 11 men had "common terms ame employment.

ment". They were therefore not in the same employment under section 1(6) of the Act.

The industrial tribunal also accepted Clwyd's argument Mrs Leverton was given leave

Philip Bassett on the loss of the Dundee project

## Ford decision teaches British trade unions a harsh lesson

FORD OF America's decision to the plant's products. In the wake ing and employment arrange-pull out of its planned £40m electronics plant in Dundee is a serious blow to job prospects in the much more seriously than they company had plumped for Dunder will be a seriously than they company had plumped for Dunder will be a seriously than they company had plumped for Dunder will be a seriously than they company had plumped for Dunder will be a seriously than they company had plumped for Dunder will be a seriously than they company had plumped for Dunder will be a seriously than they company to the seriously than they company had plumped for Dunder will be a seriously than they company to the plant's products. In the wake ing and employment arrangeout the plant's products. In the wake ing and employment arrangepull out of its planned £40m elecor the pay strike the company ments throughout Ford UK.

The other unions argued the company in the plant's products in the pay strike the company ments throughout Ford UK. ous blow to job prospects in the area and will be seen by many as a savage indictment of British trade unions.

Dundee's unemployed - the jobles rate in the area is 14.5 per cent — local councils, and mion officials are unlikely to forgive lightly the national leadership of the trade unions which they will see as the main reason for Ford's decision.

They have considerable cause. Two aspects of union behaviour in recent weeks appear to have contributed considerably to that

The first was the two-week strike by Ford UK's manual workers over pay. To the com-pany's surprise, the strike was extensively supported and nearly immediately had a great affect not just on Ford'e UK operations but on its highly-interlinked

A large part of Ford of America's rationale for its single-union agreement with the AEU engineering strates. neering union for the proposed Dundee plant was that it would not in any way be linked with Ford UK's structure. However, the pay strike clearly indicated to Ford managers in Detroit that, after a decade of relative quiet, its British labour force was ready

and willing to take industrial Several of the other car-indus-

would have done before.

changed in the unions' camp since its announced its plans for Dundee last October Then, the non-AEU unions -

the TGWU and the MSF — is likely to be used by some shouted their opposition to the anion leaders as evidence of the AEU's deal, and immediately reported it for settlement by the TUC's Bridlington inter-union procedure. disputes procedures.

Several of the other car-indus-try unions, which would have ment once it had made its deci-been excluded from Dundee by sion. The other unions believed able to live down the opprobrium the AEU's single union deal, had that the AEU's Dundee deal Ford's withdrawal from Dundee

dee for financial reasons. Union The unions' collective inability agreements were really just e to resolve their arguments over detail, so the unions could take the AEU's Dundee deal was the their time and slowly they would second of the considerations call the company's bluff. As one which must have swayed Ford national officer put it last week.

There were meetings at the "It is a game of cat and mouse."

TUC's London headquarters During Mr Willis American There were meetings at the TUC's London headquarters between the general secretaries and national officials of the AEU, and the unions which opposed the agreement; the TGWU transport workers, the MSF general technical union and the GMB.

Mr Norman Willis, TUC general secretary, recently flew to Detroit to try to persuade the company against withdrawal. Mr Campbell Christie, the general secretary of the STUC said last night that the unions were close to putting new proposals

But after five months of wrangling, it seems the company had concluded little if anything had changed in the unions' camp for resolving inter-union agreements.

for resolving inter-union agree-ments over single-union deals are

Dundee was essentially a prob-From the start, the AEU lem for unions as institutions, refused to budge. It claimed ford not one likely to arouse strong of America would not sanction feelings among the workforce. But it looks likely to be a long

## Racial equality reports attack local authorities

SHORTCOMINGS in the policies had failed to reflect the particuous local authorities aimed at eliminating sexual and racial inequalities are revealed in two reports published yesterday by the Equal Opportunities Commission.

According to one proper coults in the particular properties of the interests of workers were relatively neglected in the particular properties.

half of the 514 local authorities in Local government equal opporting to one report, only in some of the initiatives.

Local government equal opporting to the country had equal opportunities officers interviewed for ties policies, and there was continued to which each had put these into support for their work.

Lovernment equal opportunities officers interviewed for the survey identified trade siderable variation in the extent unions as a potential source of to which each had put these into support for their work.

nities committee and only a quar-ter employed an officer specifi-

or which each had put these into practice.

Thus although two-thirds of those surveyed described them in pushing for an equal opportunities employers in their job advertisments, less than half of those with a policy actually trained their employees on how to would white-collar miners had been betex discrimination. ter developed. However, in the Moreover, less than one-third case of manual unions much of of local authorities — which are a their suspicion of equal opportu-major source of employment for nities work was "simple preju-women — bad an equal opportu-dice."

ter employed an officer specifically to deal with it.

A separate report based on detailed case studies in six local authorities found "considerable concern" about the way in which equal opportunities initiatives

Local Authority Equal Opportunities Policies; Report of a Survey by the EOC.; Developing Effective Struegies for the Implementation of Policies for Women; EOC, Oversequal opportunities initiatives

## Strike threatens Jaguar

Congrats

Well done Middlesbrough on beating London. Portsmouth etc. in the quality of life league. Would Don Brydon of Vancouver House, Middlesbrough TS1 IQP please send me some colourful reasons why you came ninth.

Middlesbrough The heart of Teessid

JAGUAR assembly workers are expected to strike today in protest at about 300 of them being laid off without pay because of a shortage of engines earlier this week.

Tuesday at the company's engine plant. Under current agreements, the 1,000 assembly workers were not entitled to pay because their lay-off resulted from a strike within the company.

Engines were in short supply Jaguar said it was surprised at following a 24-hour strike on the proposed action, but it expected the workers back on Monday. At Land Rover, the number manual workers crossing the picket lines rose to 100 yesterday as 10 more of the 6,000 striking employees joined 90 who have so

far returned to work.

The strike is nearing the end of its fourth week with manage-ment and unions still at logger-heads over a pay offer which Land Rover says is worth 14 per

cent over two years. In another developm day, Land Rover said about 800 production jobs could be at risk if Freight Rover, which buys its gearboxes from Land Rover and is running short of stocks, resourced to another supplier.

Freight Rover — once part of
Land Rover but now the vanmaking subsidiary of Leyland Daf – takes a third of all Land Rover's gearbox production for installation in its Sherpa vans.

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DAVID DEWS
MANCHESTER BUSINESS SCHOOL



All you ever need to know idon: 01-251 3333 Brussels: 02-219 1607 New York: 212-513 1570 January 1st 1988 - Fiatagri and Fiatallis together in a new company.



Nowadays, the challenge of constantly FiatGeotech: improving competitiveness requires both insight and a new landmark foresight when making decisions. FiatGeotech, that On the horizon unites the force of two great partners, Fiatagri and Fiatallis each a top ranker in its own area of specialization, is the Fiat Group's prompt effective response to this challenge. Through FiatGeotech, these two firmly established, world renowned brands can now fully exploit their combined strength and renewed resources, continuing to offer the market top flight products, networks and services. From today, FiatGeotech encompasses the land: land to be cultivated, land to be worked. The figures speak for themselves: 10 facilities, 14,000 employees, a forecast turnover for 1988 of approx. \$2,395 million, with \$265 million earmarked for investments in the three year period 1988-90. A solid basis to imbue the system with renewed energy and fresh vitality, to re-affirm its forefront position amongst world leaders. FiatGeotech reflects the Fiat Group's firm intention to operate in this sector, rationalizing productivity and enhancing technological innovation, to offer its customers increasingly advanced equipment and efficient, effective services. New horizons for the land: FiatGeotech.



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## West Germans 'increase their lead in technology'

companies have in recent years made up technological ground on West German concerns in only two areas: drugs and photogra-phy and photocopying.

In all other sectors, British companies' innovatory performance, measured according to US patent statistics, has declined relative to their German counter-

The UK downturn was especially marked in the fields of nuclear reactors, semiconductors and computers. However, the UK position improved in food and tobacco, agricultural chemicals and mining equipment.

The study shows that in areas of industry affected by especially fast-moving technological change, for instance, in factory assembly and materials handling, German companies performed

trading performance in specific petenting in Britain. industries and their level of According to the study, the top patenting activity.

Reference in specific petenting in Britain.

According to the study, the top patenting activity.

where levels of innovation have been low.

Meanwhile, Germany has performed well commercially in areas like machinery and vehicle engineering, boosting the number of its US patents.

The innovation have were Bayer, Siemens, Hoechst, BASF and Bosch. Those for Britain were Imperial Chemical Industries, Lucas, General Electric Company, ITT and the government-owned National Research Development Corporations.

The study points out that twice as much money is spent on company funded research and development in Germany as in Britain.

The report says a further Puvit. Science Policy Research explanation for the different Unit. Sussex University, Fahner, 1201

WEST GERMAN companies have increased their lead on British industry in technological performance, according to a new study.

In 33 industrial sectors studied by the Science Policy Research Unit at Sussex University, UK companies have in recent years

patenting activity.

Britain has had a good commercial record in recent years in areas like drugs and aircraft, in which technological performance many, while the figure for has been relatively strong, and britain was only 19 per cent. The top five concerns in Germotor vehicles and electronics, many throughout this period where levels of innovation have were Bayer. Siemens. Hoechst.

records of the two countries may Sussex BN1 9RF.

## Yorkshire TV picks Fox's replacement

eek that he was moving to the

BBC.
A board meeting of Yorkshire
Television Holdings on Tuesday favourite for the job because of night unanimously choss Mr the obvious advantage of having commercial and marketing skills commercial and marketing skills.

Matthey to

panies, has moved quickly to Mr Leach, who is 52 and who has replace its managing director, Mr worked in commercial television Paul Fox, who announced last since 1964, takes immediate

Clive Leach, the company's sales commercial and marketing skills Enterprises, which nandles and marketing director, to be in the run-up to franchise and national programme sales.

YORKSHIRE TELEVISION, one managing director of Yorkshire tions in 1992 and the growing of the big five ITV network comlite television.

> The new managing director, who said he would be emphasis-ing cost control, cost-effective production and quality, has been responsible in recent years for building up Yorkshire Television. Enterprises, which handles inter-

## Capital expenditure greater than thought

THE GOVERNMENT has revis upwards its estimates of British industry's capital expenditure in the fourth quarter of last year and it now appears that invest-ment in manufacturing rose by 3.7 per cent, the Department of Trade and Industry said yester-

sury forecast that manufacturing investment would grow by 3% per cent in 1987 and by a further 11% per cent this year. Total investment is expected to rise significantly and be one of the main contributors to economic growth\_

If the volume of manufacturing investment were to grow as predicted, it would surpass the 1979 level — the highest recorded. This surge in investment would underpin the transformation seen in British industry over the past few years. Higher investment in productive capacity would help allay fears of the economy overheating as higher domestic. beating as higher domestic demand could be met by domes-tic production, not imports.

The DTI said the total volume of investment, in seasonally ad-insted and constant price terms, rose by 9 per cent during 1987 to \$20,728m - its highest recorded

In aggregate, investment in manufacturing, including leas-ing, was estimated at £7,410m, compared with £7,145m in 1986. Investment in the construction distribution and financial indus-tries was estimated at £13,318m, compared with £11,890m the pre-



THE Government's seasonally -adjusted unemployment total fell by 33,400 to 2.531m in February - the 19th consecutive monthly fall, writes

The total is based on records of claimants at unemployment benefit offices and represents 9.1 per cent of the working population. It is the lowest total since February 1982.

Since its 1986 peak, unem-ployment has fallen 679,000, with falls registered in all

regions. During this period, the largest decreases in the unemployment rate have been in the West Midlands, north-west England, the north of England and Wales.

However striking regional disparities remain: in February

ary the proportion of the working population without a job in East Anglia was a seasonally adjusted 5.8 per cent. That compared with 13.1 per cent it is north of English cent in the north of England and 17.2 per cent in Northern Ireland.

## Rethink urged on business entertaining concessions

BY PETER MONTAGNON, WORLD TRADE EDITOR THE BRITISH Exporters Associa East and Japan.

have "quite serious implications" for small and medium-sized busi-

tion has asked the Chancellor to reconsider his plan to withdraw this week's visit to Tokyo by tax concessions on business Lord Young, Trade and industry emergations of overseas custom. entertaining of overseas custom. Secretary, it said post-negotiation ers, because the proposal would entertaining was of great importance to the Japanese

Mr Ian Campbell, the associa-In a letter to Mr Lawson, the tion's chairman, said: "British association said entertaining was exporters are not looking for suban integral part of the overseas sidies, but we do expect treatmarketing effort and an "absolute pre-requisite" in many parts enables us to compete in the of the world such as the Middle international marketplace."

## **MINORCO**

Results for the Half-Year to December 31, 1987

### THE HALF-YEAR IN BRIEF

Earnings from operations increased by 49% to US\$44.4 million due to higher dividend and interest income.

Earnings before extraordinary items more than trebled to US\$138.9 million.

Extraordinary gains of US\$514.8 million arose principally from the sale of the 10% interest in Anglo American Investment Trust Limited in July 1987 and the remaining 14% of Salomon Inc in September 1987.

Disparity between the interim and final dividends to be reduced: interim dividend increased to 10 US cents per share and the final dividend forecast to be not less than 18 US cents.

Net asset value per share on March 17, 1988 was US\$17.94

Minorco has invested US\$80 million for a 50% interest in a US limited partnership which it is intended should become a significant North American gold producer.

	Half-year to December 31		Year to June 30	
	1987	1986	1987	
	44.4	29.8	65.6	
	138.9	43.4	87.7	
•	653.7	43.9	122.0	
	0.26	0.18	0.39	
	<b>0.82</b> .	0.25	0.51	
	3.84	0.26	0.72	
	0.10	0.06	0.26	
	18.42	14.89	18.05	
		Decen 1987 44.4 138.9 653.7 0.26 0.82 3.84 0.10	December 31 1987 1986  44.4 29.8 138.9 43.4 653.7 43.9  0.26 0.18 0.82 0.25 3.84 0.26 0.10 0.06	

"Minorco's financial position is extremely strong with no debt and available liquidity of just under US\$900 million. Minorco is therefore well placed to implement its previously announced strategy of reorientating its business into the ownership of, and direct participation in, resource-based assets, with an emphasis on precious metals.'

".... we are confident that Minorco's earnings before extraordinary gains for the full year will be at record levels."

Julian Ogilvie Thompson, Chairman

The interim dividend for the year to June 30, 1988 of 10 US cents is payable on May 6, 1988 to shareholders of record on April 5, 1988. The interim report will be mailed to shareholders on March 24, 1988. Copies may be obtained from the UK transfer agent: Hill Samuel Registrars Limited, 6 Greencoat Place, London SW1P1PL.

> Minorco Société Anonyme Luxembourg March 17, 1988

## close plant By Kenneth Gooding, Mining Correspondent

Johnson

OHNSON MATTHEY, the precions metals processing and mar-keting group, is to close a produc-tion site in Britain and expand one in Italy as part of a 25m reorganisation of its European

reorganisation of its European brazing materials business.

The company's site at Harlow, Essex, will close in about a year, affecting 250 employees. Johnson Matthey says that about 50 will be offered transfers to a new British sales and technical support lacility at Royston, Hertfordshire. Many of the other employees are expected to apply for voluntary redundancy or early retirement.

The group's manufacturing operation in Milan, Italy, would be expanded and updated to

be expanded and updated to make it "one of the most advanced of its kind in Europe,"

said Johnson Matthey.

The expansion will create about 40 new jobs at a site where 400 are employed, but where only 35 are involved in the production of brazing materials (in Johnson Matthey's case this is allver braz-

ing alloy, or solder).

Mr Gordon Thorburn, the group's administration director, said Milan was chosen because it was more efficient. Its unit costs were lower, the processes had

were lower, the processes had been kept more up to date and it used less working capital. "This is no reflection on the people who work the machines at Harlow—the Hallan operations have been better managed."

He added that the changes were an important step in the development of Johnson Matthey's European operations and were aimed at strengthening the company's position as a leading company's position as a leading supplier of top-quality metal join-

ing materials.

A compoter system will link the company's 12 European stockholding operations which should henefit customers and enable Johnson Matthey to tie up less capital in expensive invento-ries — a lot of silver is used in the brazing materials it produces.

Johnson Matthey has started a
big research and development
programme for joining materials.

### Leeds Permanent appoints adviser on incorporation

By David Barchard

THE LEEDS PERMANENT BUILD THE LEEDS PERMANENT Building Society, Britain's fifth largest building society with assets of £8.4m, yesterday announced that it had appointed Hambros Bank to advise on possible incorporation as a bank.

The announcement by the Leeds follows similar moves by the Halifax and the National and Provincial building societies in January.

January.

At least six building societies are known to be considering shedding their mutual status and several are believed to have appointed merchant banks as advisors without problems. advisers without making the fact

Mr Mike Blackburn, chief executive at the Leeds Permanent, said yesterday that the society was examining all the options

open to it. Hs said it would be some time



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## Computer gremlins bent on mischief

Louise Kehoe in San Francisco examines the growing phenomenon of software viruses

individual home computer-owners have all been hit by various

strains of this insidious plague. Computers that link into pubnc computer networks are, however, particularly vulnerable. In the US there have been several reported cases of viruses spread through the "bulletin board" computer communications systems that many computer hobbyists access.

Rogue programs or data files containing viruses can be fed into the system either accidentally, by an unknowing employee, or deliberately by somebody intent upon disrupting the operations of a corporation.

Bidden within an innocent Hidden within an innocent way of an electronic mail mes-sage, viruses can be introduced into the memory of a computer.

On Parker, a computer security
consultant at SRI International.

Quantifying the computer
virus problem is, however, impos-It is virtually impossible to detect their presence until they begin to affect the machine's perfor-

works, with hundreds, sometimes incidents of "software crimes" thousands of people tapping into over the past 15 years, but many, a system, program security is a major problem, experts say. Among the most difficult com-

uter systems to protect are

ernment agencies.
A rash of computer virus

attacks in recent months has heightened fears of an epidemic.

**Networks of** large companies are among those at greatest risk

Quantifying the computer virus problem is, however, impos-sible, says Parker. "There are no valid statistics available," he

SRI has recorded 20-30 serious perhaps most, victims of computer viruses prefer not to talk about their problems. Businesses

ent political protest. The virus infected several computers at the Hebrew University in Jerusalem and may have spread into com-mercial computing systems. This

has caused widespread panic a program that destroyed the system among computer users, according virus, recalls Kenneth VanWyk, a to Israeli reports.

cern that the time bomb, set for ism". Security experts fear that computer data could be "held computer data could be "held Several other North Eastern hostage" by a virus program, or US universities have also had that critical data might be altered problems with viruses, though

to create economic turnoil.

To date most computer viruses
seem to have been the result of
pranks, rather than malicious
threats. Still, they can cause
threats. Still, they can cause
major problems for their victims.
At Lehigh University in Bethlehem. Pennsylvania, for example, has seen several viruses
that change file names or fill up
major problems for their victims.
At Lehigh University in Bethlehem. Pennsylvania, for example,
has seen several viruses
that change file names or fill up
major problems with viruses, industry
versity of Pennsylvania, for
example, has seen several viruses
that change file names or fill up
major problems for their victims.

At Lehigh The neighbouring University of Pennsylvania, for
example, has seen several viruses
that change file names or fill up
major problems for their victims. to create economic turmoil.

NOBODY is immune from comthat a computer virus, or "bomb" when a computer virus containputer viruses. Governments, uniprogram could infect the extening a "time bomb" set to destroy disks were returned to the councoming from although many susdata "lies was used in an apparputer lab libraries. Student conpect that student "backers" may sultants discovered that system be responsible. Most of these files on the disks, which would viruses are "hacker macho" says normally not be changed, had one university official. "These been tampered with.

It took just one night to create they can beat the computer

While this virus was apparently not supposed to cause damage, it overloaded the computer Friday, May 13, may go off and destroy valuable data.

The Israell virus provides a cult because most university over and over. The cost of tracing frightening demonstration of the problem is difficult over and over. The cost of tracing and eliminating the virus was potential for "computer terror numbers of students."

> In other recent virus incidents. that destroy any other program or data disk run on an affected

among computer users, according to Israeli reports.

The virus was detected when computer programs began to overflow their memory disks for no apparent reason. The virus was spreading and replicating itself hundreds of times, expanding the size of program files.

Although programs designed to "kill" the virus have been widely circulated, there is still some concern that the time bomb, set for

personal computer user groups in Australia, California and Florida have reported infections ranging from "Peace and Goodwill" messages that flash, uninvited, on a computer screen, to programs

media gets tired of it," says Don forces food companies to with shelf come in wrappings that Parker. "It is difficult tedious and dangerous to create compublishers could be ruined, SRI ensure they have not been tamputer viruses," he points out. researchers fear.

Other measures advised by SRI and dangerous to create com-puter viruses," he points out. "There are easier ways to create trouble if that is what somebody

It is virtually impossible to protect a computer from viruses with absolute certainty. Several measures can, however, signifi-cantly reduce the risk. For the personal computer user, the most computer system important thing is to avoid using potential damage. programs of unknown origin.

For corporate computer net-

include using "test programs" that check the parameters of e program to see if it has changed since it was last used. New pro-grams, the experts suggest, should be run first on an isolated computer system to minimise

One innovative approach to software "innoculation" was introduced this month by Laserwork managers, the problem is introduced this monun by trieve Inc of New Jersey. The more complex. "We are advising trieve Inc of New Jersey. The trieve Inc of New Jersey. The company's "VirAlarm" system company's "VirAlarm" system



rogue programs

Toshi Doi, senior general manager of Sony Microsystems: "We have been struggling in the desk-top computer field since 1978. We feunched an 8-bit machine just as IBM came out with its first product and smathed us out of the market. This time Sony wants to be a

WHEN AN entirely new electronics business explodes into activity, Japanese companies are rarely slow to react. In the rapidly expanding computer workstation sector, however, the name of the first substantial overseas less certifie for Japan is correction of a senior general manager of Sony Micro-systems, and the leader of the design team of the new machine, "When we launched our 8-bit machine, we did so just as IBM came out with its first product and smashed us out of the market." flag carrier for Japan is something of a surprise; it looks as though the drive into international markets will be led The weight Sony attaches to the by Sony, the consumer electronics

company better known for its innovative technology in television and audio The overseas launch of Sony's NEWS workstation over the next few months is an important move for the company, which has been trying to diversify into desk-top computers for the best part of a decade.

"We have been struggling in this field since 1978," says Toshi Doi.

workstation venture is demonstrated by Doi himself. Aged 46, he was sent into the computer division after springing into the limelight for his work as co-inventor with Philips of the

digital audio compact disc.
For a year, he says, he worked with
the Sony microelectronics team before being convinced that the most promis-ing area was in engineering workstat-ions aimed particularly at computer aided design.

all the control of th

By Terry Dodsworth, Industrial Editor 32-hit Motorola 63000 series micropro-cessor, which currently dominates the workstation market. NEWS also uses the Unix operating system, now broadly established as the standard in

this sector of the market.

Doi says that he has aimed in particular for two characteristics in the machine: first, for "transparency" – simplicity of use, ease of communication and connectability to other devices; second, for high-speed processing based on a dual microprocessing based

sor design.

His strategy has placed the Sony workstation farmly in one of the fact. est expanding parts of the computer industry – machines for technical professionals who want easily expandprofessionals who want easily expensi-able multi-workstation networks

The result is a machine based on the which can be connected up to a range of other types of computers and peripheral devices. In the last few years, sales of these types of products, priced at between \$5,000 and \$120,000, have been growing

\$5,000 and \$120,000, have been growing at about 40 per cent a year around the world, and makers are confidently expecting similar expansion in the foreseeable future. About 100,000 machines were sold in the US last year, while estimates put the European market at around 40,000 units, and the Japanese at about 10,000. To achieve a significant worldwide position however. Sony faces a formi-

position, however, Sony faces a formi-dable challenge.

First, the workstation sector is a technologically competitive field domi-nated by American companies. The

Selected grades the Control and the Control of the

Hewlett-Packard and Digital Equipment - have strong sales networks throughout most of the leading industrial countries, and have the benefit of tariff protection in their home market.

Special US duties on the more powerful deak-top computers mean that

Japanese imports in this category cost
about twice as much as their whole-

about twice as much as their whole-sale price; hence to gain a foothold in America, Sony is having to set up a manufacturing line at its San Diego factory in California.

Second, the high margins in the workstation sector will attract new competition. Dol believes that some of the big European electronic companies will enter the field, and in Japan, NEC, Fujissu and Hitachi are all inter-ested.

Third, Sony is a newcomer without

the relationships built up by its main competitors with customers and soft-ware specialists. Indeed, Doi himself places great emphasis on the software issue; in Japan, he attributes part of the success of the machine to a deal with a large number of software houses to develop products for NEWS Whether Sony can achieve these

sorts of agreement outside its domes tic market is now one of the questions hanging over the future of NEWS as it goes on sale internationally. Dol is confident enough over the prospects to be setting an ambitions market share terget in Europe of between 5 and 7 per cent. This is attainable, he believes, because in Japan the machine has already gained 15 per cent of the market, from a standing start just a year ago.

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It may be because they have confidence in our future. With experience spanning a century, we consistently turn in enviable growth and profit figures.

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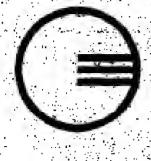
It's the reason why some of the most successful European companies (including this one) favour NCR computer systems.

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incremental architecture allows easy growth the or New York to the first. as requirements change; while a tradition of quality, plus excellent service support, adds up to less downtime.



## An Important Letter to Gillette Stockholders

Dear Fellow Stockholders

A proxy contest for control of the direction of The Gillette Company has developed. The contest nominally involves the election of four of Gillette's twelve directors. However, the Board believes that the future of Gillette - and the value of your investment in Gillette stock - are the real issues on which you will vote.

### The Coniston Group — Who Are They?

The Board believes that Gillette's record and commitment to maximize stockholder value are well known to the Company's stockholders. But very little information is available regarding the Coniston Group and their obligations to their backers.

Messrs. Gollust, Tierney and Oliver, three of the Group's nominees and managers of Coniston Partners, are known generally as Wall Street market players who, based on press reports and other public information available to Gillette regarding these individuals and their affiliated entities, manage funds for a web of as yet undisclosed and unidentified investors, including substantial foreign ownership. Their fourth nominee has twice before agreed to stand as a nominee in connection with Coniston-led stockholder solicitations."

The nominees of the Coniston Group are running for election to the Board of Directors of a major publicly held company, yet their principals have no previous experience operating a business like Gillette.

A United States Court of Appeals said just last year in affirming the findings of a Federal District Court regarding another Coniston target in an action brought by Coniston contesting certain actions taken by the target.

- "[N]either Coniston nor any of its general partners has ever operated a public company.
- Coniston and its affiliates do not intend to own their targets as ongoing entitles because, in the words of one of their representatives, "they [are] not in the business of operating companies."
- Coniston does not view its target's daily operations "as anything but an afterthought."
- The target's board had the "reasonable perception that Coniston. was a 'raider' intending to liquidate the company's assets."

Moreover, Gillette believes that the foregoing findings provide support for its concerns about where Coniston's loyalties lie. Gillette believes that Coniston's principal objective is merely to show a short-term return to the owners of Coniston — Coniston's real constituency. The Gillette Board of Directors has no special constituency, but is committed to acting to maximize value for all stockholders. Gillette believes that Coniston's principal objective, as applied to Gillette, could put Coniston's nominees in positions in which they would have conflicts with their duty to act in the best interest of all Gillette stockholders.

### The Gillette Plan - Maximize Stockholder Value

Investment Return and Record Results. The Board believes that the Gillette program is working:

- Gillette's common stock price more than doubled during the two-year period from 1986 through 1987.
- Gillette's dividend increased 32% and its stock split twice in that two-year period.
- Gillette's total return to stockholders was 18.2% in 1987 more than three times the Dow Jones Industrial Average rate of 5.49% and the Standard & Poor's 500 rate of 5.19%.
- Gillette produced a 25.3% average compound annual rate of return to its stockholders since 1980, compared with the Dow Jones Industrial Average and the Standard & Poor's 500 averages of only 16.6% and 16.0%, respectively.
- Gillette's common stock price has increased from \$6.59 per share at the beginning of 1980 to \$39.375 per share on March 14, 1988.
- Gillette reported record 1987 results a 27% increase in net income and a 41% increase in earnings per share.

While the Company's 1987 results and prospects have begun to be reflected in stock market prices and return on investment, the board of Directors expects continued improvement in personnance which should be reflected in the market.

The Future. Gillette expects record sales, profit from operations and net income in 1988. To ensure that the Gillette program continues to be dynamic and ongoing, the Board of Directors

- Review continually management's plans and programs to ensure that the Company's business plan continues to generate substantial growth currently and to sustain that growth over time.
- Take steps necessary in the current environment to assure that Gillette is pursuing the best strategy to maximize value for all stockholders.

The choice of who is better qualified to control The Gillette Company's future should be made on the record and on the commitment to maximize value for all stockholders. Indeed, the Board believes that if a company like Gillette can be forced to a premature sale or break-up by "strategic block" investors like the Coniston Group, virtually every major publicly owned corporation in America with excellent earnings and prospects is equally at risk.

The Gillette Board respectfully asks for your support and pledges its continued efforts to maximize value for all stockholders.

Colman M. Mockler, Jr.

Sincerely,

Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer

Gelco Corp. u Coniston Partners, 811 E2d 414, 418-19 (8th Cir. 1987).

IMPORTANT

March 17, 1988

Recardless of how many shares you own, your vote is very important. If you have not already done so, the Board of Directors urges you to sign, date and return today the BLUE Board proxy card in the postage prepaid envelope enclosed with your proxy material. If you have previously returned a BLUE Board proxy card and have not subsequently signed a Coniston proxy card, no further action by you is required to vote for the Board's nominees.

The Board of Directors respectfully requests that you not return any proxy forms sent to you by the Coniston Group. If you previously have returned any Coniston proxy card, even if to withhold authority to vote, please sign, date and return the BLUE Board proxy card in the postage prepaid envelope enclosed with your proxy material.

If your shares are held in street name, only your bank or broker can vote your shares, and only upon receipt of your specific instructions. Please contact the person responsible for your account and instruct him or her to execute a BLUE proxy card today.

For assistance or further information, please call the Company toll free 1-800-551-0100 (if calling from Massachusetts, call toll free 1-800-421-4121) or call the Company's proxy solicitor, Georgeson & Company Inc., at 212-440-9800 (call collect), or toll free at 1-800-223-2064.

BEST

THE FASHION cycle of the property industry is turning again. In 1966 and 1967, the vogue was for-retail and, for some of the big players, City of London offices; this year, it is industrial prop-

That does not mean that there has been a lurch into buying scruffy sheds at the back of old industrial estates. But it does mean that there is a strong and rising demand for modern indus-trial property, well located with good communications.

Greg Nicholson of Hillier Parker, chartered surveyors, is fresh from negotiating the biggest of the recent deals - the £35m pur-

## An industrial ings, as a proportion of total availability, increased from 11 per cent in August 1967 to 138 per cent at the end of the year. Decline in new space, however, took place in the Midlands and Coverage London, the extrange

## revolution

By Paul Cheeseright

I would suggest from this, and employed have been higher than for other property have been market transactions I've been involved in since, that industrial and warehouse properties are top of the institutional shopping list, he said.

Signs of enthusiasm have come, for example, from the desire of an investment and development company like Peachey Property to existed its growth has slowed recamply in portfolio of industrial property to existed its growth has slowed recamply in comparison with offices and feed of purchase of Estates property havestment company.

Hillier Parker sought to have a support of the purchase of Estates and that there are a rise in rents of 50 per cent that industrial stand industrial property in the control of industrial repeats of an investment and development company like Peachey Property to existed its property in the purchase of Estates property interest and that there are a rise in rents of 50 per cent this year.

Further north, the role of English Estates, the state comment. In the current cycle.\*

What that means for the growth industrial property in distinctional interest in industrial property that Mr Nicholson and others have for the stational ecosonic growth and that there can rise in rents of 50 per cent this year.

Further north, the role of English Estates, the state cond of the states, the state conditions interest in industrial property in the stational ecosonic growth and that there can retail stational interest in industrial property that Mr Nicholson and others have for the stational ecosonic growth and that there can retail that there can retail the total stational interest in industrial property that Mr Nicholson and others have for the stational ecosonic growth and that the total retail the current cycle.\*

What that means for the growth and others have the same of the current cycle.

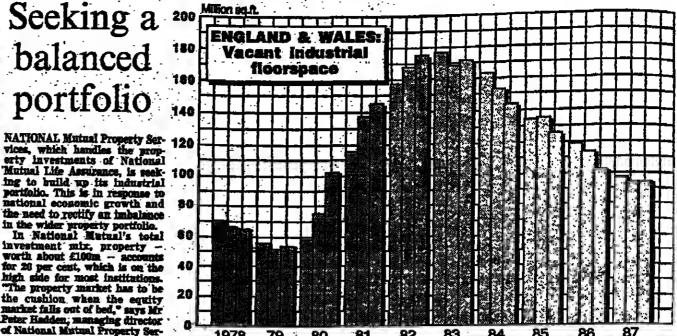
Whist that means for the growth industrial property that Mr Nicholson and others have missed the

Greater London, the strongpoints of national economy.

But the survey also indicated an increase in the total amount. of space available for the first time since 1985. Throughout 1987, King said, the underlying trend had indicated a rise in the amount of space becoming available "and it now seems likely that the August 1967 level of 94.21m sq ft available was the

## balanced portfolio

NATIONAL Mutual Property Services, which handles the property investments of National Mutual Life Assurance, is seeking to build up its industrial portfolio. This is in response to national ecosonic growth and Standard Association as imbalance.



Sigms of enthustican hive come, for example, from the desired of an investment and development company. He Peachey Property to extend its portfolio of industrial property as extend its portfolio of industrial property to extend its portfolio of industrial property to extend its portfolio of industrial property to extend its portfolio of industrial property as extend its portfolio of industrial property index, there is shift and through industrial extend extend through the purchase of Extrises Property Investment Company.

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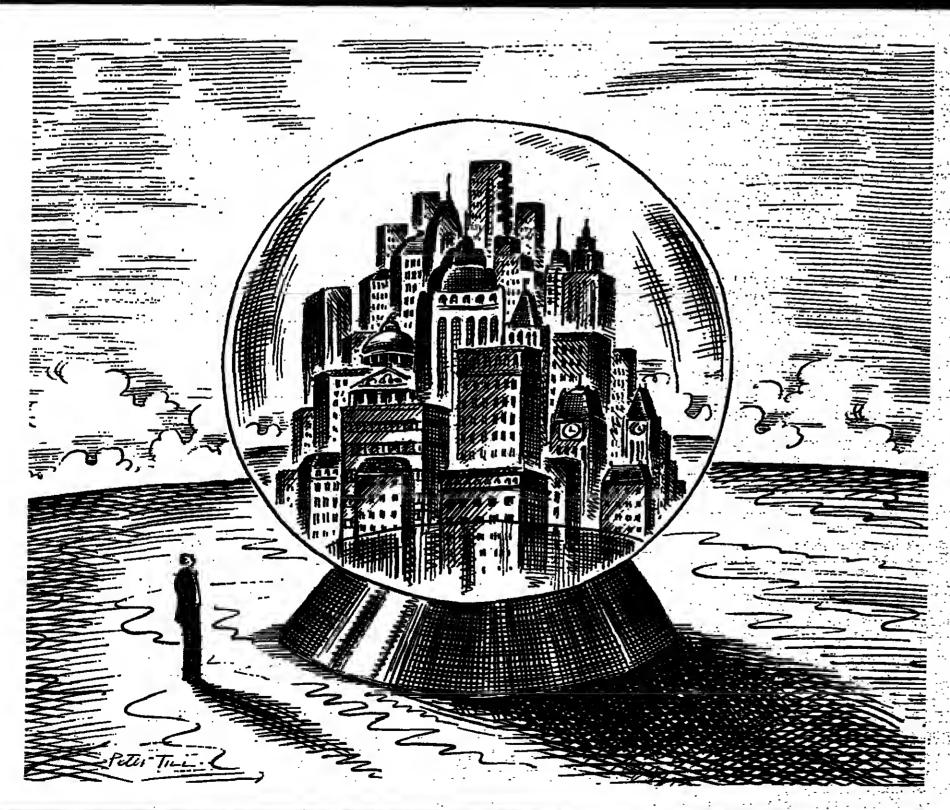
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aspect of commercial property. If size impresses you, be reassured. Worldwide we are over double the size of anyone else in our field.

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If client-care impresses you, speak to our clients. (You're bound to know some.)

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benefit of hindsight.

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Station is hereby given that the Aremat General Meeting of Everwholders of Expansional Participations (IV. will be brief on Agris 8, 2808 at 3.10, 281. at the offices of the Generary at 5 John R. Growtness, Carticos (EA) to Agrove the Aremat of the Managing Director, The Annual Accomma of the Company for its transcist year needed hear \$1, 1807, the custs givined from the Company of the Company of the continuous content of the Company's articles of Interportation of the State of the Company's articles of Interportation and to approve all other Rense of the Agenda which is considered to the Shervichters.

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M THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

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Music

LONDON

Royal Philharmonic Orchestra conucted by Vladimir Ashkenazy with ovks Ashkenazy, plano and Shell Armstrong, soprano. Beethoven,
Mozart, Franck and Mahiet. Royal
Festival Hall (Tue). (928 3191).
Daitri Alexeev, pizno plays Brahms,
Beethoven and Schumann. Queen
Elizabeth Hall (Tue). (928 3191).
Ondon Philharmonic conducted by
Brather Thomson with Royal Belling London Philhermonic conducted by Bryden Thomson with Beris Belkin, violin, Borodin, Prokofiev and Bex. Royal Festival Hall (Wed). Montaverdi Choir and English Bancous Solicits conducted by John Baroque Soloists conducted by John Eliot Gardiner, Bach St. Matthew Passion. Queen Elizabeth Hail

TOKYO

Tokyo City Philharmonic Orchestra, conducted by Shunsaku Tsutsumi. Bach St. Matthew Passion. Kan-i Hoken Hall, Gotanda (Mon at 3pm)

apam Philharmonic Orchestra, con-ducted by Ervin Lukas. Bestinoven (Mon. Wed) Suntory Hall. (234 5611) Bacha Maisky (cello) with Pavel Gil-lov (piamo). Besthovan Suntory Hall (Tue). (43 5611) Jomiuri Nippon Symphony Orches-tra, conducted by Klm Hong Jac, with Nobera Kamimura (cello). Dvo-rak. Kan'i Hokan Hall, Gotanda. (Wed). (270 6191)

lov (piamo). Besthoven Suntory Hall (Tue). (403 8011)
Yomiuri Nippon Symphony Orchestra, conducted by Kim Hong Jse, with Noboru Kamimura (cello). Dvorak. Kan't Hoken Hall, Gotanda. (Wed) (270 6191)

PARIS

Mady Mesple, soprano, Richard Cowan, buttone, Jeff Cohen, piano: Mozart, Strauss, Wagner, Verdil (6.30pm); Le Nouvel Orchéstre Philharmonique conducted by Marek Janowski, Malcolm Frager, piano: Beethoven (8.30pm). Both on Monday at TMF-Chatelet (42 33 44 44). Orchéstre Colome conducted by Vitaly Kataev, Aldo Ciccolini, soloist: Schumann, Rachmaninov, Thalkovsky (Mon). Salle Pleyel (46 61 06 39).

80). hie Orchéstral de Paris coninsemble Orchestral de Paris con-ducted by Emmanuel Krivine, Mar-ielle Nordmann, harp, Patrice Fon-tanarosa, violin; Jean Francaix, Spohr, Dvořak, Schobert (Tue). Salle Pleyel (46 61 06 30). Georges Pindermscher, piano: Bee-thoven, Bartok, Schumann (Tue). Salle Gaveso (45 63 20 30). Inatuer Arditti: Helmut Lachen-mann, Gyorgy Kurtag, York Hoeller, Bliott Carter (Wed). Centre Georges Pumpidou, Grande Salle (42 78 79

95). Prehéstre National de France con-ducted by Hama Graf, Radio France choir: Britten, Haydn (Thur): Thé-sire des Champs Elysées (47 23 47-

NETHERLANDS

Amsterdam, Concertgebouw. Recital Hall: Nell Markie, tenor, accompan-ted by Roger Vinnoles: Purcell, Brit-ten, Butterworth, Henne (Tue). The Netherde States Section Desburg

(Thur). Utrecht, Vredenburg, Alain Lombard conducting the Hague Philharmonic, with Linda Relm, sopranc Wagner (Thur). Recital Half. Curolyn Wilkinson, mezzo, accumpanied by Rudolf Jansen: Haydn, Schubert, Recthaven Obradors, De Falle. oy smoot Jansen: Hayon, Senthert, Beethoven, Obradors, De Falla (Tue). The Tokyo Quartet: Hayon, Besthoven, Bartok (Wed). (31 45 44). The Hague, Philipssual. Antoni Ros-Maries conducting the Netherlands Philharmonic, with Olga Martinosa and Alexander Burantschik, violina: Bach, Schnittke, Hayon (Mon). (60 96 10).

98 10).
Groningen, Costerpoort. The Franz
Liant Chamber Orchestra, with Isabelle van Keulen, violin: Mozart,
Rossini, Haydn, Memielsschin (Wed).
(13 10 44).
Rimagen, Vereeniging. The Brahms
Quartet: Reger, Webern, Arriaga,
Haydn (Mon). Guitar recital by Paul
Gregory (Wed). The Braham Orchestra conducted by Arpad Job, with
Serge Tiempo, piano: Van Boorn,
Chopin, Brahms (Thur). (22 11 00).

**NEW YORK** 

Mauricie Pullini piano recital. All-Besthoven programme (Mon). Car-negie Hali (247 7800). Districh Fischer-Dieskau baritone recital. Schumann Lieder (Tue). Mahler/Lieder (Thur). Carnegie Hali (247 7800)

Philadelphia Orchestra. Charles Dutoit conducting, Schlomo Mintz violin. Prokofiev, Harber, Rachmani-nov, Ravel (Wed). Kennedy Center Concert Hell (254 3776). National Symphony. Kurt Sanderling conducting. Haydn, Schnhert (Thur). Kennedy Center Concert Hall (254 3776).

Kesa to Morito (Tokyo Bunka Kal-kan). Written by Kan Ishii, Japan's leading opera composer, based on an incident from the Tale of the Heike. The production will visit Burope later this year. (Thur). (376

Opera and Ballet

NEW YORK Merce Cumulngham Dence Company (Joyce). Two major premieres are included in the four programmes during the month-long schedule of twelve works. Ends March 27, (242

6800). Setropolitan Opera (Lincoln Center netrophitan Opera (Lincoln Center Opera House). James Levine conducts Cost Fan Tutte with Kirl Te Kanawa, Susan Quittmeyer, Hel-Kyung Houg and David Rendall in Graxiella Sciutti's staging, James Conlon conducts Angust Everding's production of Khovanschchina with Elizabeth Knighton, Stefania Toczyska and Timothy Noble, 68 26 000).

Der Freischütz (TMP-Chatelet). Carl Maria von Weber's romantic opera played by Notivel Orchestra Philher-monique. It is conducted by Marek Janowski. (42 33 44 44) Mrtveho Doean (Salle Favart, Opera Comique). Jamesek depicts Dostoy-evsky's obsessive memories from the prisoness' pathetic universe in Siberia. It is conducted by Sir Charles Mackerras/John Burdekin in a production by the film-maker Volker Schloendorff (47 42 53 712) oris Godunov (Palais Garnier-Paris Soris Godimov (Palais Garnier-Paria Opéra). Conducted by Lothar Zagro-sek in Patrika Ionesco's production.

London. (239 e200). Les Misérables (Broadway). Led by

CHICAGO

Coim Wilkinson repeating his West End rule as Jean Vallean, the mag-nificent spectacle of Victor Hugo's majestic sweep of history and pethos brings to Broadway lessons in pageantry and drama, if not strict adherence to its original source. (239 2000). **AMSTERDAM** Bellevae Theatre. The English-Speak-ing Theatre Company in Emerald City by David Williamson, a fast-moving commentary on life in Syd-ney's media jungle to calebrate the Australian bicentenary. Directed by Tsuya Gerstle and designed by Mary O'Connor. (24 72 48). 6200).

inclight Express (Gershwin). Those who saw the original at the Victoria in London will barely recognise its American incernation: the statement of not have to go round the whole theative but do get good exercise in the surrendum statements.

**NEW YORK** Fences (48th Street). Angust Wilson hit a homo-run, this year's Publicer Prize, with James Earle Jones taking the powerful leaf role of an old basebell player. (221 1211). Lets (Winter Garden). Still a sellout. Thevor Num's production of T.S. Eliot's children's poetry set to trendy music is visually startling and choreographically feline. (238 6253). the spruced-up stage with new bridges and American scenery to distract from the hackneyed pop-music and trumped-up silly plot. Landacape of the Body (Goodman).

John Guare's 1977 surrealistic view
of an American family, combining
mystery, murder and lyrical passages features Amy Elizabeth Ceia,
Ray Braiford and Gary Cole in Robert Falls' production. Ends April 2.

(443 3900).

and choreographically feithe. (239 e253).
Landom of the Opera, The Majestic Theatre, stuffed with the Maria Bjornson gilded sets, rocks with Andrew Lloyd Webber's haunting

Electronic translation for Royal Opera House with a new production of Anna

Bolena, starring Dame Joan Sutherland, on May 30.

The Royal Opera said: "Sur-

titles give the audience the

opportunity to follow more

guage they do not speak, while

at the same time being able to hear the sounds envisaged by

The surtitles are projected on to a 10ft wide and 3ft high black graphite screen mounted

shove the stage, using white

first London Tatyana (240 1066).
English National Opera (Collecton).
Inn Judge's productions of Cavalleria Rosticana and Paglisect, lively,
inventive, over-detailed, return with
a cast including Jane Eaglan,
Arthur Partice Armis Rostor Alam

Arthur Davies, Angela Feeney, Alan Woodrow, and Jacek Strauch. In the

Woodrow, and Jacek Strauch. In the first ENO production of Britten's Billy Budd, by and large an outstanding success for the whole company. The cast is superhy well led by Thomas Allen in the title role, Philip Langridge (Vere) and Richard van Allen (Claggart), David Atherion is the excellent conductor. Final performance in the current zun of

performance in the current run of David Pountney's un-Offenhachian Orpheus in the Underworld, in the

TOKYO

the composer."

sely a libretto sung in a lan-

ALL FORKIGN language opera performances at the Royal Opera House, Covent Garden in London, will have English surtitles projected above the stage, the Royal Opera said this week.

When first introduced in 1986 for Janaček's Czech language opera Jenufa, the sur-titles attracted criticism from opera purists. The Royal Opera then conducted a number of audience surveys which, they said this week showed demand for translations. The new policy will start

with Pasta Burchulaize in the title role and Marie-Christina Portz as Xeniz, Alternates with Speciacle de Ballets with choreography by Maguy Marin, William Porsythe and Harald Lander at the (47 42 58 71)

LONDON

Royal Opera (Covent Garden). New brincipals take over in the revival of Un Ballo in Maschent conducted by Richard Armstrong — Arms Tonnows-Sintow (Amelia), Piero Cappuccilli (Renato), and Linds Kitchen (Oscar). Further performances of Tosca, with Grace Bumbry, Gluseppe Giacomini, and Rostas Paskelis; final ones of the successful Eugene Onegin, distinguished particularly by Mirelia Frent in her

Orpheus in the Underworse, in the Celebrated sets of Gerald Scarfe. (836

TOKYO

Sirester samed Desire (Imperial Theatre). Yukio Ninegawa has had the inspired tidea of transposing Tennessee Williams' masterplece from antitry New Orleans to an equally sultry Tokyo summer soon after the Great Earthquake of 1828. With its prim kimono-clad Hisnche Dubois (now Yukito) and a Koream Stanley Kowaleki (Kim), the play becomes intelligible to Japanese audiences and works well in its new setting. Ninegawa's productions always make a strong visual statement; a drop-cloth of giant etherhead butterflies acts as a metaphor for Rienche/Yukiko's mental state and lighting is used to isolate the characters from the tenement setting. However, the over-institunt and decidely sighties background music sometimes jars, as does the strikent acting. Ends March 28. (201. 7777) sensite Takern (Shinbashi Enbujo). This staggeringly successful superkabuki production by Inhikawa Emosuke, kabuki's greatest showman, has already broken all the records that a new show can possibly break in Japan. The story is based on one of Japan's oldest legends but it is less important than

WEST GERMANY

Berlin, Deutsche Oper, Der Troubetour in von Enreim's production
features Maria Sleilmaru, Giorgio
Lamberti and Harald Stamm. Toeca
has fine interpretations by Piler
Lorengar, Cornelin Murgu and William Docley. Also in the repertory:
The Magic Finte, Die Verkaufte
Brauf. Oedings. reputneed by Wolf.

Raut, Octipus, composed by Welf-gang Rhm and Der Pliegende Hol-lander with Carmen Reppel, Kaja Borris and Slegmund Nimagern.

mburg, Staatsoper, Tristan und

isolde has a strong cast with Gabriele Schnaut, Hanna Schwarz, William Johns and Harald Stamm.

(351151)

liam and thm. Excellent English earphone commentary. Ends March 27. (54) 3131).
Noh. Matunicate. National Noh Thestre Performed by a troupe dedicated to preserving the ancient traditions, while incorporating elements of modern stage-craft. Thursday. (943 5577).

Moscow Art Theatre (Nissei Theatre).

Pearly Zinsida by popular Soviet writer, Mitchail Roschin (in Russian). This musical settre on US-Soviet relations was first seen last November. It will be interesting to

the extrovert and highly thesirical bag of tricks that Ermonules has concocted to make kabuld more appealing to a generation reared on rock music and action movies. (541 2211). Kabulai (Kabulai-sa). For kabulai of a more traditional kind Kabulai-sa is the place to go. It celebrates its 100th anniversary this year and this mouth features Kana Debon Chushingura besed on the story of the 47 loyal retainers. In two parts, at 11am and 4pm. Excellent English earphone commentary. Ends March 27. (541 3121).

rovening: it will be interesting to see if the 90-year-old company's artistic rensiseance under glasnost, demonstrated earlier in Tokyo by its two Chekhov productions, extends to modern work. Ends March 28, (591 1906).

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Cologue, Opera. This week's highlight is Tamhauser with a strong cast led by Rainer Goldberg, Sharon Sweet, Adelle Nicholson and Roland Her-

mann. Worzek irrings Klaus Hirte.
Nadine Secunde and Walter Raffeiner together. (20761).
Frankfurt. Opera. Otello is steered to triumph by Rene Kello, brilliant in the title role. (25221). NETHERLANDS

Amsterdams. Musicatheaster. The
Netherlands Opera production of
Katya Kabanova by Jansček.
directed by Philippe Strentl and
designed by Jean-Claude de Bemels.
Kenneth Montgomery conducting
the Netherlands Philharmonic, with
Ellen Shade in the title role, Felicity
Palmer, Jerome Pruett and Jeroki
Norman (Wed). (255 486).
Emdhaven. Schouwburg (Wed. 11 11
22); Nijmegen. Schouwburg (Thur,
22 11 00). The Hoofistad Operetta
company in Wiener Blut by Johan
Straums Jr directed by Dick Top and
conducted by Martin Malmer.

Stedelijk Museum. An explosion of colour and exuberance fills 10 of the

Grand Palais. Zurbaran. From New Circ York, an exhibition of 72 paintings retraces the artistic development of one of the great masters of the Spanish Golden Age. Influenced at first by Caravaggio's chiaroccuro technique, Francisco Zurbaran progressively abandons the strongly-contrasted rich colours for a softer relatite with near monochrumes. paietts with near monochromes. Reversing the perspective, using geometrical composition settings and shedding everything superflu-ous, the mystical painter of the

and shedding everything superfluous, the mystical pointer of the
conner-reformation seems to be a
precursor of cubism. (42560924).

Ends April 11.

Innsee d'Orsay. Van Gogh in Paris. To
mark the centenary of Van Gogh's
two-year stay in Paris, a period
which proved a turning point in his
artistic development, the Musée
d'Orsay has assembled more than 50
of his paintings and a dozen of his
drawings from national and private
collections. By hanging landscapes
and still lives by Monet, Anquetin,
Renoir, Toulouse-Lautrec and Signac next to Van Gogh's work, the
entilition brings out their influence
on the transformation of the Dutch
artist's traditionally somine colours
into a soft impressionist palette
underlined by contrasts of blues and
oranges, reds and greens. Yet in
spite of the revelation of his affinitins with impressionism and postimpressionism structured by a
strong dose of japanism, Van Gogh
need to the bechniques in his
search for his own, profoundly personal art expressed most dramaticality in the series of his self-portraft. (45 48 48 14). Closed Mon.
Ends May 15.

Centre Georges Pompidon, Le Dernier
Picasso 1953-1973. By placing the
lest 20 years of Picasso's work in
the combext of contemporary art, the
S5 paintings, 24 drawings and 70
angravings exhibited permit a fresh
approach to the controversy caused
by contradictory judgements on the
ageing painter's feverish treativity.
Absorbed at first by paraphrasing
Delacroix, Velasquez, Mauet and
David, his fantasies and obsessions
imped to the painter and his model
and finally to the basic thesmes of
the archetypical woman, The couple, the man, (42 77.12 18), Closed
Twe, Risk May 16.

Petit Palais. Whotenhalter and Europeed Courts from 1830-1870. A retrospective of the nature of graceful
Merico

The series of his
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Series

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Transition of the painter of structure.

The contentration of the painter

The contentration of the original

Transition

WEST GERMANY

Berlin, Martin-Gropius Bau. Jose Banys (1521-1965). This is the first complete show of Benys works ever presented in Berlin. There are about 150 room-sculptures and objects and about 456 paintings from the end of the 1940s to the end of the 50s based on a cycle The Secret Block for a Secret Person in Ireland. The sculpcourse reason in neutro. The scale-tures are an echo of real life and the artist's memories. Benys was a political radical who attracted plenty of hostility. This exhibition has been criticised for not showed this sequent Streamscourtes as 110. this aspect. Stresemannstrasse 110

this aspect. Stressmannstrasse literates May 1.

Bottrop, Joseph Albers Museum, Im Stadtgarten 20. To commemorate the 100th anniversary of Josef Albers' birth, 100 paintings of the artist, born in Bottrop (1898-1976), cover the full range of his work. (Ruds May 5).

Bad Homburg, Sinclair-Haus Lowengasse/Dorotheenstra, From Marses to Piceso. 32 great works of European.

to Picasso, 32 great works of Euro-pean painting on loan from Wupper-tal von der Heydt Museum and 9 paintings from Marces. (Sinds April

museum galleries in the Frank Stella retrospective of paintings and rehets from 1970-1987. Ends April 10. Overholland Museum. Frank Stella drawings 1986-1970. Museumplein 4. Ends April 10.

pean Courts from 1830-1870. A retro-spective of the painter of graceful feminine beauty around the thrones of France, England and Belgium. (42 65 12 73). Closed Mon, Ends May 7.

in France, augusts and Desgan, (as 65 12 73). Closed Mon, Ends May 7. Sexual Palata. Degas. An important retrospective of 215 works covers 60 years of the exist's career from his student beginnings in Italy to the rich maturity of his last years. His favourite themes of ballet dancers—there are the two varsions of La Clause 6e Danse—and of lockeys and race courses, of washerwomen, milliners and bathers show the offersity of his imporation echoed by the variety of his modes of expression. Oils and pastels, drawings and engravings, photographs and sculpture complete the vision of during and invention of the painter who helped to usher in modernity. Grand Palats (42 56 09 24). Ends May 16, Closed Tue.

LONDON

Tate Gallery. Douglas Cooper - The Masters of Cubism. A small but choice selection of 61 works on paper from Cooper'a collection of cubist art of all kinds but wincipelly of the work of the great quartet of Picasso, Braque. Gris and Leger. Bads April 4.

Tate Gallery. Devid Bomberg - A full retrospective of one of the most dis-

tinguished British painters of the century, ret one whose secure enti-cal success came only after his death in 1957, at the age of 66. As a young man in London before the First World War, Bombers was associated with the Vorticist movement. of the first importance and original ity. But now we can see that far from fading into sad mediocaty, deserving of neglect, his later work, though superficiality so different, retained all that strength, liveliness

and profound originality

Rome, Villa Medici (French Academy). A Certain Robert Dolsness. Photo-graphs spanning the 40 year career of Dolsmeau, from his touching and evocative Paris street-sceres of the immediate post-way years to a series of portraits of well-known writers and artists. Tender but unsentumental in the images of children and lovers among the rubble of the bombed city. Doisneau is illiuminating, humorous, and unmalicious in his portraits: Picasso m 1952, string with splayed hands on the lunch-table, but with bread-rolls where the fingers should have been; Prévert posed carefully in front of the shop Menode, so that the O is covered; Colette with an enormous collection of paperweights, and Julian Green, de Beauvoir, Simenon, Dubuffet and Giocometti. Ends April 3.

Florence, Palazzo Pitti. Floralia — 80 evocative Parts street-scenes of the

Giocometti. Ends April 3.
Florence, Palazzo Pitti. Floralia — 80
paintings of flowers and plants with
drawings, tapestries and illustrated
botanical books, testifying to the
Medici's precoclous passion for this
science, from Cosimo I cowards.
Ends April 10.

MADRID

irculo de Bellas Artes. The Romantic Tradition in Contemporary British Painting proposes that a parallel development to Modernism has embraced most major British artists since William Blake and that it is as alive today as 150 years ago. This is the first exhibition to undertake such a re-examination and the first group exhibition of contemporary British painting to tour Spain. It features 10 artists and 36 works from private and public collections, some being shown for the first time. The romantics established a spiritu-The romantics established a spiritual-landscape tradition which proved to be indigenous and an enduring influence in the century to follow. This lineage can clearly be traced from the 19th century through Nash, Sutherland, neo-romanticism, Moora, Bacon and British abstraction of the 1850s to the artists represented in this arbitrion. For a part sented in this exhibition. Ends April

Galárie Jacques Benedor, Alberto Gia-cometti drawings and rare prints. 7 Rue de l'Hotel-de-Ville. (21 61 36).

**NEW YORK** 

olitan Museum of Art. Every Matropolitan Museum of Art. Every phase of Fragonard's art is included in this, the first comprehensive exhibition of his works that capture France in the last decades of the ancien regime. With 50 paintings and 130 drawings, the chow comes from the Louvre with his studies of contemporaries in theatrical costumes as well as paintings like The Fête at St Cloud and The Seesaw. Ends May 8.

National Gallery. The burnan figure in early Greek art is the subject of 67 sculptures and painted pottery starting in the 9th and 8th centuries BC with silhonested stick figures ling with the natural

at heather. A centenary retrospec-tive of the work of Georgia O'Keefe

Japan Folkeraft Museum (Nihon Mingeikem, Komaba). Prints by Munakata Shike; pottery by Kawai Kanjiro. A special exhibition featuring works by two of the leading Japanese artists of the 20th century. Munakata's prints are dynamic and vertiginous (possibly because he was near-sighted from his youth onwards); while Kawai's distinctive style favours brightly coloured glazes. Don't miss the superb standing collection of crafts from all over Japan, housed in a replica of an old farmhouse building which is in perfect harmony with the un-selfconscious beauty of the objects. Ends March 27.

Setagaya Museum. An American Vision: three generations of Wyeth Art. An exhibition of paintings by America's best-known living artist, Andrew Wyeth, his father N.C. Wyeth, and son James organized by the Brandywine River Museum, Chadds Ford, Pennsylvania and sponsored by AT&T. It should appeal to the Japanese, not only for its exotic all-American qualities, but because artistic dynasties are something the Japanese understand and admire. Closed alternate Mondays. TOKYO

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FINANCIAL TIMES

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## A Boy's Own view of the war in the East

The hero of J.G.Ballard's novel Empire Of The Sun is the author himself in child's guise, giving us a boy's own view of the Japanese occupation of Shanghai in World War 2. Steven Spielberg's movie version is less a boy's own view than a Boy's Own view. The novel's graphic particular vision novel's graphic, particular vision of a historical moment — its smells and bewilderments, its incongruous comedy, its guerrilla mcongruous comedy, its guerrilla joys and horrors — is transformed into a giant Opera of Innocence. Crammed with visionary adventure, the film is generic, sentimental, inspirational, apocalyptic less J.G.Rallard than "R.T." Spielberg. Yet for half its juggernaut length (2% hours), the treatment somehow hours), the treatment somehow works. Prime reason is that Spielworks. Prime reason is that Spiel-berg has found a wonderful actor in Christian Bale. His bright-eyed English brat reared in Shanghai's rich "international settlement" graduates believably from being the scourge of parents and nan-nies to being the resident pest, wheeler-dealer and human dynamo in the Japanese prison camos.

camps.

Bale's eyes are as wide, shiny and absorptive as celluloid. When he sees his parents snatched roll into the Bund, we see the event and its emotions reflected event and its emotions reflected violently in his face. And earlier we see and believe his near-mystical delight in the make-believe software of boyhood — the suspended toy plane dancing amid shadows on his bedroom ceiling — which will soon turn into the real and crueller hardware of war.

ware of war.

Meanwhile, Spielberg himself has the ultimate toy set to play with here: the real city of Shanghai, And he succeeds where Bertolucci in The Last Emperor failed, in catching a sense of live historical turnoil. A human tidal wave pours along the streets when the Japanese, on Pearl Har-bour day, revoke their trace with the foreign nationals and round them up for intermment. As in Ballard, horror jostles with absurd comedy. One moment the streets are a storyboard of violence (a bunch of trussed chick-

his depth. In the novel Ballard's life that he is virtually inoculated boy here may not have undersected by here may not have undersected by here may not have undersected by here against it. And by war's end, he has not only survived the campa, he has grown emotional roots in them.

Ballard showed this process happening subtly, instidiously, inscribed by instidiously, inexplicitly. Spielberg famfares it the distanced sound and shock of at us. But though his images of war. He never gives us the close sing.

Instead, as the film's last hour planes roaring overhead, his lurches from one coup de cinema.

instead, as the film's last hour lurches from one coup de cinema to another — a crippled fighter-plane haloed by a shower of welding sparks, a ghostly stadium stacked with shimmering war booty — we sense that Spielberg is using these visual set places as stemmer stores over the murky stacked with shimmering war booty—we sense that Spielberg is using these visual set-pieces as stepping stones over the murky waters of real human tragedy. Williams's music, all soaring strings and beavenly choirs, adds its own brand of fake inspirationalism. And the one actor who could have dragged us to earth, John Malkovitch as the seedy American Po-W Basie, gives a narrow-range, actorish geres a narrow-range, actorish scenes stone dead. (Supporting to first models in the stangard to site of the performance which kills his scenes stone dead. (Supporting to first models in the stangard to small so small, so remote from civilisation to small, so remote from civilisation that it does not contain Sam Shepard. Here he is again (see Resurrection, Country, Crimes Of The Heart). Linky as a telegraph pelo, giving out the "Aw shucks" smiles, and showing that the cardy from writer-director stational tragedy. This fearful twaddle carries on to the accompaniment of much scenes stone dead. (Supporting to fitting those interests in the last ten would go back to fitting those in gather to small, so remote from civilisation to small, so remote from civilisation to the new small, so remote from civilisation to small, so remote from civilisation to the new small, so remote from civilisation to the new small, so remote from civilisation to the last ten would go back to fitting those in gather to often protesting examples of the new small, so remote from civilisation to the last ten would go back to fitting those in substanting power. If he stating these is not town that it does not contain Sam Shepard. Here he is again (see Resurrection, Country, Crimes Of The Heart). Lanky as a telegraph pelo, giving out the "Aw shucks" that the card had it does not contain Sam Shepard. Here he is again (see Resurrection, Country, Crimes Of The Heart). Lanky as a telegraph pelo, giving out the "Aw shucks" that the card had it does not contain Sam Shepard. Here he is again (see Resurrection, Country, Crimes Of The Heart). Lanky as a telegraph pe

by an exploding gun on a Japa about childhood still survives.

Both in accel and film, Jim sees the movie leaves town, war as a giant adventure play-however, and we begin the march graphical Jim, the hero of Boorcamp, Spielberg the child's eye man's Hope And Glory). He is tantasist gets increasingly out of initiated into suffering so early in his depth. In the novel Ballard's life that he is virtually inoculated how here many not have under the And by more and here.

planes roating overhead, his here-worshipping gaze at the kamikazi pilots taking their last salute against the rising sum — at best they still have a primal, childlike, radiating power. If he would go back to fitting those images to his own stories rather to often protesting examples of Great Modern Literature, we might all he hamier.

with her yuppie husband (Harold Ramis). Not surprisingly she is dismayed by having this bundle minutes per love-making session with her yuppie husband (Harold The French film Noir Et Blanc is Ramis). Not surprisingly she is an eerily powerful debut hy dismayed by having this bundle Claire Devers. It won the Camera of hin thrust on her. But can you d'Or prize at Cannes in 1986, guess what? She comes to love though "gold" is hardly the apt her. Yes: even when the little per colour concept for a film made in isher breaks up her home (exit a low-budget monochrome the Mr Ramis) and her career (exit texture of an atom blast.

We watch the dance of death boss Sam Wanamaker, who decides he does not wanna make

her a partner).

Soon Miss K is doing the only thing possible in the circumstances, at least if you are in a Hollywood film. She gues off to the country, "discovers herself" as a mother and woman, and builds a new career making and selling gourmet baby food (sic). And she finds love. For if there is one thing American cinema has taught us in the last ten

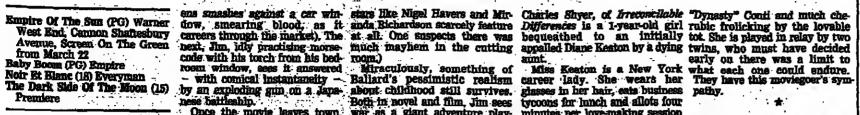


table devotion.

We watch the dance of death between an introverted Paris accountant (Francis Frappet) and the black masseur (Jacques Mar-tial) who initiates him into the mysteries of pain. After his first mysteries of pain. After his first free session on the couch — gift of the health-club whose ledgers he is checking through — M. Frappat seldom looks back. And when he does, he tends to see his shoulder-blades being savaged, his spine being pummelled and finally his arm being broken. This last incident puts him in hospital. But even here our black angel of pain reacues him, a willing victim, and takes him off to the worst (or best) horror of all.

Squeamish viewers can be assured that most of the violence

happens off-creen. And prudish viewers can be assured that the liaison is non-sexual. The movie gathers its menace and magnetiam from what is not seen or iam from what is not seen or said from the mystery of a man's willed descent into Hell, from the sense of a quessily momentous initiation somewhere between the crotic and the quasi-religious. From an unlikely twin inspira-tion.— a planned documentary about health centres and a Ten-nessee. Williams short story nessee Williams short story (Desire And The Black Masseur) — Claire Devers has made a

- Claire Devers has made a movie entirely her own: original, haunting and mysterlous.

Erich Clausen's The Dark Side Of The Moon, by contrast, is Expressionism by numbers. Shadows loom, rais scurry, rain falls like needles and human faces resemble scoured skulls, as an ex-convict leaves prison to pick up the pieces of his life and soul. (He murdered his wife 16 years before.) This turgid Dunish movie is artistic torment at 24 frames per second. No wonder

frames per second. No wonder the Hollywood Academy, who know a piece of capital-A Art when they see it, shortlisted it for Best Foreign Film.

The story of Helen Keller is so tremendous that it defies senti-mentality and theatrical tricks. The blind deaf-mute rampaging through her helpless parents' well-to-do Alabama household a well-to-do Alabama household a cantury ago seemed set for life imprisonment in that recalcitrant body, at best an indulged pet incompletely house-trained, at worst a candidate for the asylum.

The struggle of Annie Sullivan, a half-blind Irish-American, herself brought up in an institution, to communicate with the child to communicate with the child remains a profoundly moving and inspiring chapter of indomitable devotion.

Adrian Reynolds' production of William Gibson's play from the Byre Theatre, St Andrews, has its rough edges compared with the West End version in the early '50s. The Keller parents are lightweight: Ian Lavender is 20 years too young for a Victorian paterfamilias and his accent is all over the place. Sally Osborne's Mrs Keller asks her husband that crucial and agonising question, "Do you like the child?" as casually as if enquiring what he wants for lunch. The production seems uncertain what to do with the sub-plot of father Keller and his son which belongs to an adolescent problem play of another sort cent problem play of another sort altogether. And yet . . . The cumulative effect is more moving than I remember the British pre-mière being, thanks to the

Daryl Back and Sally Osborn

The Miracle Worker/Westminster

**Martin Hoyle** 

Daryl Back as the young Helen.

Hildegard Neil's Annie is tougher and less vulnerable than Anna Massey, if memory serves, but by the end has convinced us of her determination to "disinter the human soul," the unreachable intelligence in the screaming, heal-drumming infant. The sheer physical violence comes over well; indeed, Helen's shrieks and bangs pose a slight problem for the audibility of the other actors. But Miss Back's performance is

### Henze/Royal Academy of Music

Richard Fairman

There are some living composers who offer an ideal opening to the world of 20th century music for young performers. Hans Warner Henze, with his deep roots in musical tradition, is certainly one of them and his presence at the Royal Academy of Music for a week-long festival of his music should prove a stimulos every hit as vital as any in these festivals, which have become an eye-catching annual series.

extraordinary performance of Daryl Back as the young Helen. Hildegard Neil's Annie is

ing annual series.

In Wednesday's concert — the mid-point of a packed programme of svents — most of the pieces were in Henze's lighter, occasional yein. The Academy has

tant, either with regard to his given more forceful, dynamic politics or the seminal features of shaping by the student orchestra his musical style.

On even the most derivative of his work though, Henze soon

His Ragtimes and Habaneras

On even the most derivative of his work, though, Henze soon imprints his personality. The most important piece of the evening was the British premiere of I sentimenti di Carl Philipp Emanal Bach, in which a fantasy-sonata by the earlier writer is subtly shaped, and thereby transformed, by Henze into a piece for flute, harp and strings. The elegiac and romantic result could hardly be mistaken for any other contemporary composer by those who know his most expressional vein. The Academy has regretably not bitten off any of sive, post-Mahlerian mood well. Sive piece of the group and it was the operas, and this particular selection left us without getting to the heart of what makes the composer impor-

## BBC Symphony/Festival Hall

One of the the many thoughts provoked by the Berioz Experience on the South Bank ten days ago was the possibility of applying a similar historical approach to the orchestral music of Schromann. His symphonies have traditionally been derided for their heavy, opaque orchestration, yet one wonders what revelations performances authentically faithful in spirit and orchestration than of selective of the Das knaben Wunderhorn settings, shared between Lucia Coloured varnish from a familiar from the concert because of ill-mann. His symphonies have traditionally been derided for their always quite be as one remembered by Haydn's Symphony bered them — discreet instruments authentically faithful in spirit and orchestration than of selective of the Das knaben Wunderhorn settings, shared between Lucia Coloured varnish from a familiar from the concert because of ill-mann. His symphonies have traditionally been derided for their always quite be as one remembered by Haydn's Symphony bered them — discreet instruments authentically faithful in spirit and orchestration than of selective of the Das knaben Wunderhorn settings, shared between Lucia Popp, however, had to withdraw from the concert because of ill-mann. His symphonies have traditionally been derided for their population.

Roy

... in Lyon at the

Holiday Inn Crowne Plaza

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. . . in Strasbourg at the

Hotel Continental, Le Grand Hotel,

performances anthentically faithful in spirit and orchestration could bring, radically restructuring the balance between wind and strings. Refining the sound of Schumann's symphonies has proccupied more than just the present generation, however, and Wednesday's Festival Hall concert given by the BBC Symphony orchestra under David Atherton began with the First Symphony in the performing edition of Gustav Mahler.

Mahler made it a regular habit to tinker with the orchestration of the works he conducted, though few of the scores are extant. His approach to Schumann was less one of wholesale mental doublings are used to bolstatematic, while ster thematic statements, while ster thematic statements, while ster thematic statements, while ster thematic statements, while redundant duplications are abolsized the surviving five songs with biting characterisation; both substing characterisation; both substing characterisation; both substing characterisation; both energy much more clearly. It is not always, though, a convincing schumann sound; some passages, sometimes uncanny present; especially in the first movement, and conductor pointed up the ironies of "Reveige," with its consent in either inches of "Reveige," with its sometimes uncanny present; especially in the first movement, and conductor pointed up the ironies of "Reveige," with its inclusive and conduction pointed up the ironies of "Reveige," with its sometimes uncanny present; especially in the first movement, and conduction pointed up the ironics of "Reveige," with its indicate and conductor pointed up the ironics of "Reveige," with its sometimes uncanny present; especially in the first movement, and conductor pointed up the ironics of "Reveige," with the ironics of "Reveige," with its sometimes uncanny present; especially in the first movement, and conductor pointed up the ironics of "Reveige," with its sometimes uncanny present; especially in the first movement, and conductor pointed up the ironics of "Reveige," with its sometimes uncanny in the ironic of "Re

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Christian Bale as Jim in "Empire of the Sun"

### Lesa McLaughlin/The Place

**Clement Crisp** 

the evening.

Miss McLaughlin and her five companions come from Washington D.C., and advance publicity spoke of a "new young star" and a "dynamic company." The poor attendance on Wednesday serves to confirm my own suspicion that the London andience for modern and post-modern dance is partisan and not wildly adventurous and, in this instance, wise in avoiding the unfamiliar.

Wa were a select band of 50 at the Criticism than a coup de thétire. The saddest fact the London debut of Less of both works was the old, old McLaughlin and Dancers, and I message that patent sincerity is must observe at once that the no substitute for movement absences had the better part of invention, and that the danced display of personal experience must always seem hermetic to

must always seem hermetic to the viewer.

I cannot account in any other way for the leaden sequence of idiosyncratic, neif dances, as childhood recollection of prayer meetings and raffgray trains but. meetings and railway trains bus-ied the cast in the first work, and incomprehensible aggressions occupied the performers in the second.

san and not wildly adventurous and, in this instance, wise in avoiding the unfamiliar.

Miss McLaughlin offered us the premières of two pieces; Those from revivalist services, and a Folk, which was concerned with childhood memories of West Virginia, and Big Surprise, which, after seeing the choreographic mamer of the first item, was no Folk four women made much of surprise at all. That, at the end of handfuls of sand, with which 125 minutes of acrobatically they liberally strewed the stage tedious activity, one member of the cast brought the proceedings were thrown about. Beyond these to a close by throwing a jug of rudimentary notes, I feel no need water over the other performers

### Kronos Quartet/Elizabeth Hall

Max Loppert

There is a worrying aspect to Kronos Quartet concerts, if whole work according to tha Kronos Quartet concerts, if whole work according to the Kronos Quartet concerts, if whole work according to the Kronos Quartet concerts, if whole work according to the Kronos Quartet concerts, if whole work according to the Kronos in Grace" by Ben Johnston, and the Kronos' six-city Contemporary Music Network tour.) This was embodied most clearly of all in the performance of Bartok's Third Quartet that brought a very long first half to its close—

a performance that would have been just about tolerable if it had been given by final-year academy students, but that failed to reach anything like the standard predicated by the reputation of this immensely fashionable and coormoosly popular "designer quartet."

whole work according to the Evans, the variations on "Amazing Grace" by Ben Johnston, and the very attractive dance to the Kronos have apparently little Sleeps by the South African make an unappealing combination of qualities.

It is perhaps unfair that such an experience should be allowed to throw a pall backward and for ward over the whole concert. But opportune, Cra the indescribably berning, poverty-stricken acreage of Terry Riley that filled the second half — Conquest of the War improperly be called "encore Pacze, Part Two—no amount of music"— not Puccini's Chrysan-tet."

Balance of parts was careless, a sufficient weight of tone sorely lacking, rhythmic tread light and lacklustre; the shaping of the

thenums or Gershwin's stringthe trick.) But the occasion as a
quartet lullaby, but current-day whole did leave me wondering
equivalents, lightweight, easywhether the group's artistic idenon-the-palate stuff such as the tity and purpose were now in
arrangements of Monk and Bill need of a serious re-think.

Saleroom/Annalena McAfee

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. . . in Valbonne at the Hotel Novotel

May 30.
This is in response to what the November 1986.

A George II mahogany commode fortably topping their estimates. went for nearly three times its estimate yesterday in Bonhams' in pencil and watercolour, A sale of fine English and continential furniture. A London dealer Londscape, more than doubled its paid \$77,000 for the piece, by leadest estimate when it was bought for ing cabinet maker William Vile. London dealer Horning Cabinet maker William Vile. State I be a study The Equestrience fetched ilbrary table in the Victoria & \$55.50 from the dealer Sint, and Albert Museum which is also London dealer Hazlitt successatiributed to Vile.

But there was some disappointing by Belgian School artist Ghisbert ment at Bonhams' sale of modern Combaz. A Bust Portrait of a Genthish and continental pictures, drawings and sculpture when inscribed The Peace Conference Fred Hall's Portrait of two young Women in an Autumn Landscape, inscribed The Peace Conference Versailles' and dated February Women in an Autumn Landscape, 1919, went for \$3,740 - nearly which had been expected to fetch four times its estimate - to the about £15,000, failed to sell. This boosted the number of lots unsold to 30 per cent.

There were, however, signs of buoyancy in the rest of the sale, art at Sotheby's sale of Indian, which yielded a total of £141,120. Himalsyan, and Southeast Asian By the English nalve painter Wednesday. A Suropean collector

Which yields a total of right and indian miniatures on by the English naive painter Wednesday. A European collector Helen Bradley. One of her oil paid \$231,000 (£123,102) for two paintings, The Pot Market, went 11th century bronze figures of for \$7,150 to the London dealer Shiva and Parvati seated on lotus that and a material seated of the seates of Joseph and a watercolour, It was thrones. The sale made a total of dusk in the Enchanted Garden, \$1,523,280 with only 5 per cent sold for £6,050 — both prices com-left unsold.

All foreign opera to be surtitled at ROH

The Royal Opera House is to use ROH management describes as English surfiles for all its future "an overwhelming demand" for

foreign language performances starting with the new production them revealed by audience surof Anna Bolena which opens on veys since the selective use of curtitles was introduced in surtitles was introduced in

## **FINANCIAL TIMES**

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Friday March 18 1988

## Exchange rate uncertainties

the Treasury was insisting that it threa had never said that DM 3 was the had never said that DM 3 was use ceiling for the sterling exchange rate. So why did people believe it comes under downward pressure, was? They were misled by the will there be equally gingerly upward adjustments of the intervals or is the floor more rigid. Action may be more important than the ceiling? This is yet than words, but it can be just as misleading.

misleading.

The best approach is that of the Kremlinologist, who bases his interpretations on words and actions taken together, well raise interest rates by half a per-

line appears to be that apprecia-tion of the exchange rate by a little over 3 per cent against the D-Mark represents a tightening of monetary policy. This being so, some compensating reduction in interest rates is appropriate, especially in view of continuing concern about the balance of pay-

ments and competitiveness.

The explanation merely underlines the problems inharent in the attempt to deliver steady economic growth, external balance and domestic monetary stability with one adjustable macro-economic instrument, the rate of interest. For just under two weeks, monetary policy appears to have been guided by the desire to control inflation. Now it is the turn of the balance of payments and competitiveness.

Upward pressure

What happens if the exchange rate continues to rise, despite the cut? This, it should be noted, is far from inconceivable. If investors expect sterling to appreciate over the next three months and,

effort will be made to preserve unavoidably uncertain, but roughly the current relationship keemlinology never was an exact between the exchange rate and the interest rate, but without any beroic last stands to defend any have the benefit of glasnost.

"ACTIONS are more important particular exchange rate. If ster-than words," says Mr Nigel Law-son. This is a peculiar position, since action without explanation would suggest a further modest since action without explanation does not tell one the principles interest rate cut and another if underlying policy. But after the confusions of the last two weeks over exchange rate and monetary policy, action appears to be all there is to go on.

Nevertheless, only last week the Treegury was insisting that it threat

aware that his complex construc-tions can disappear with changes six weeks ago. More important is in the political tide as swiftly as the record of Mr Lawson. On the basis of the Chancellor's past What might yesterday's decision to lower interest rates by half a point mean? The official line appears to be that appears to be the that appears to be the that appears to be that appears to be the that appears to be that appears to be the that appears to be the

Precise targets

None of this takes us very far. The upward adjustment in the exchange rate should have been exchange rate should have been treated as an appreciation in the context of the UK's shadow membership of the exchange rate mechanism of the EMS. On the principle that it is a good idea to start intervening before reaching a new ceiling the Government could have had DM 3.15 or DM 3.20 in mind While this may be 3.20 in mind. While this may be the policy (action, again, being insufficiently informative) it is unlikely. Precise targets are probably ruled out, largely because precise targets can create precise disagreements and this is, presumably, what the Chancellor

now wishes to avoid.

So, fine-tuning it is, with considerable interest rate and exchange rate instability the result. In that light, the interest rate cut looks defensible, though worries about the excessive vigour of domestic demand are all the delition, see an interest differour of domestic demand are all
ential in favour of sterling of 5½
percentage points vis a vis the
D-Mark, one can anticipate
Budget was at the upper limit of
reinforced upward pressure.
Under this interpretation, an
effort will be made to preserve.

We reserve upper indicated a sasture them of power after the 1990
elections.

Mr Kohl has shown poor coalition
management and the CDU's faces diffito proteinds for future policy is
ingly disgruntled, electoral clientele,
provedebly a preserve the months and, worries about the excessive vigto preserve them of power after the 1990
elections.

Mr Kohl has shown poor coalition
management and the CDU's faces diffito prove the first them of power after the 1990
elections.

IF HELMUT KOHL, the West German Chancellor, goes down in history, it will be, above all, because of the tough ness of his hide. But as a result of changes under way in the complex coalition arithmetic of West German politics, Mr Kohl will need more than a thick skin to deflect the challenges threatening his rule.

Even though the next general elec-tion - and the nearest possible date for a change in the Bonn coalition - is still more than two-and-a-half years away, the whiff of political realignment

is in the air.

Mr Kohl's centre-right coalition, made up of his Christian Democratic Union, its Bavarian sister party, the Christian Social Union, and the liberal Free Democrats, has been in power since October 1982, when the FDP deserted its 13-year governing alliance with the Social Democratic Party (SPD). The Kohl Government has been (SPO). The Kohl Government has been beset by in fighting during the past year over a collection of economic, social and strategic issues. It has looked like family squabbling, but tensions are now rising to a point which makes the coalition look immutable no

longer.
Uncertainty seems likely to increase after regional elections on Sunday in the prosperous southern Land (state) of Baden-Württemberg, where the CDU faces an uphill struggle defending a 16-year-old absolute majority.

The CDU's performance at the polls will provide an important indication of the effect of present economic uncer-tainty ou the Government's electoral fortunes. With exports bolding up well, in spite of the weak dollar, and mild winter weather boosting production, the country's economic picture has brightened since the exaggerated gloom which followed the October stock markets crash. But West Germans face a further small rise in unemployment this year - now at 2.5m - and have

this year — now at 2.5m — and have been given a series of warnings in recent weeks of the need for helt-fightening in the years ahead.

The clouds over the economy have bad a particularly sobering effect in Baden-Württemberg. The state has one of the highest per capita incomes in the country, but also has the largest concentration of export-orientated industry— led by the Daimler-Benz group— and is thus highly susceptible to any world economic downturn.

world economic downturn.

The economy is the issus over which some key figures from the SPD, led by Mr Oskar Lafontaine, the ambitious Premier of the Saarland, have fired the opening shots in what looks like a campaign to the SDD over from the paign to woo the FDP away from the conservatives. Positional jockeying among the parties represents an intriguing prospect for Bonn observers. But it could be an unpropitious time for the country as a whole — as well as its partners and allies abroad.

In spite of the federal republic's pros-perity and efficiency as western Europe's largest economy, tough deci-sions will have to be made in the next few years. These range from cutting subsidies for uncompetitive industries and trimming the over-burdened health and social security system, to finding solutions on nuclear missile deploy-ment which have split the country from other Nato members. West Germany might well need a steady hand on the reins, but it looks much more likely to be in for a period of political horse-trad-ing as the parties test all the possible permotations of alliances which might

from farmers and small businessmen to blue-collar workers. Some of the fier-csst criticism comes from those involved in policy. A senior Finance Ministry official lamenting the Government's inability to stand up for free markets against the special interest groups to which economic policies are increasingly hostage, complains: "There is no one bringing the message." A senior CDU politician involved from farmers and small businessmen to.

to West Germany of Sunday's election in Baden-Württemberg

David Marsh explains the importance

## The sands shift under Mr Kohl's coalition

in drawing up the party's previous pol-icy documents on relations with East Germany criticises as "a collection of inantities" a CDU paper published last month which waters down the ultimate goal of German reunification.

Nevertheless it is premature to write Nevertheless it is premature to write off the Chancellor or the present coalition. Many times during his career Mr Kohl has been reported politically dead, only to come back from the brink, and he is a master at eliminating rivals by playing off one against another. In spite of the bickering, the FDP, which has been a member of coalition governments in Bonn for all but seven years. ments in Bonn for all but seven years since the federal republic was formed in 1949, is underlining that it sees no reason at present to change alliances.

The latest opinion polls give the CDU and CSU the support of only about 40 per cent of voters. This is well below

Mr Kohl has shown poor coalition management and his party faces difficulty in satisfying its

disgruntled voters

the 44 per cent polled by the conserva-tives in the January 1967 general elec-tion which was itself the right's worst performance since 1949. As economic growth has slowed, Mr Kohl has lost support among the business community, which helped propel him to the chancellorship five-and-a-half years ago. Since the general election, the CDU has endured a series of setbacks in four out of five successive state polls, and this is likely to be taken a

polls, and this is likely to be taken a step further on Sunday.

Baden-Württemberg is the only one of six CDU-run states in which Mr. Rohl's party still has an absolutemajority. But after Sunday's poll it will probably be able to hang on to power only by going into coalition, either with the FDP or, as an outside chance (which would be still more of an embar-

(which would be still more of an embar-rassment for the Chancellor), in a "grand coalition" with the SPD.

If the CDU does manage, unexpect-edly, to retain an overall majority in Baden-Wurttamberg, Mr Kohl is unlikely to benefit. Mr Lothar Spath, the state Premier, who has adopted an unashamedly auti-Bonn stance in his election cannesies, would be likely to election campaign, would be likely to reap the reward - strengthening his hand as one of the few possible CDU

contenders for Mr Kohl's crown.
In the face of adversity on the domes tic stage, Mr Kohl is making use of West Germany's current presidency of the European Community to show increased interest in foreign affairs. Bronzed and hearty after lunch with Mr Francois Mitterrand of France in a Reder Mitters and Product Condenses. Baden-Württemberg village on Mounday, Mr Kohl, untypically, dominated a press conference alongside the unusu-ally drawn figure of the French Presi-

dent.

More practically, the Chancellor has weathered his difficulties so far for three, essentially negative reasons. These are the low credibility of the opposition SPD, especially on economic policies, the fall from grace of rivals within his own party such as Mr Gerhard Stoltenberg, the Finance Minister, and the inability of the FDP to countenance any other coelition partner. All nance any other coalition pariner. All three factors are now starting to look less favourable for the Chancellor.

less favourable for the Chancellor.

The most important new element has come from the attempt by Mr Lafontaine, who is the SPD's most likely candidate for Chancellor in the 1990 general election, to build bridges towards the FDP. Mr Lafontaine has dominated political debate in recent weeks by suggesting that unemployment could be reduced if workers accepted pay cuts for corresponding cuts in working hours. His proposals break with the long standing view of the left that workers' pay packets should not suffer because of gradual cuts in the working week. Mr Lafontaine's ideas have split the

trade union movement and have dis-comfitted the present SPD chairman, the cantious Mr Hans-Jochen Vogel, Some cannots ar hans-ocnen vogel, some senior SPD figures believe that the Lafontaine proposals. — made in the midst of negotiations for shorter hours and a pay rise by public sector workers. — could end up driving away the party's traditional working class veters, thus cancelling out any possible benefits-of-moving-claser to the FDP. But Mr Lafontaine's effort to push the SPD towards more pragmatic market or towards more pragmatic market or towards more pragmatic. towards more pragmatic, market-oriented economic policies seems part of a calculated bid to improve the chances of an eventual alliance with the FDP. He realises that the SPD can regain power in Bonn only with a coelition partner. He has discarded his earlier idea (broadcast just over a year ago) of a tie-up with the Greens, the ecology party, which has recently drifted away towards the fundamentalist left. Mr Lafontaine seems to have concluded that the choice of partner comes down to the FDP, with which the SPD tends to agree on most foreign and defence

policy questions. His pragmatic line has been backed by a number of other, younger economic realists in the SPD. These include Mr Gerhard Schröder, the party's leader in Lower Saxony, and Mr Björn Engholm, who has a good chance of being elected Premier of Schleswig Holstein in the state poll

there in May.
The Lafontaine proposals have been The Lafontaine proposals have been a background factor adding to general strains between the FDF and the conservative parties. The FDF has annoyed Mr Kohl in recent weeks by seeking to cast into doubt — for obvious voiscatching reasons — the Covernment's commitment to nuclear power. There has also been unseemly bickering, involving all three coalition parties, over details of the Government's planned 1950 tax cms. the financing of med 1990 tax cuts, the financing of which is proving increasingly conten-tions. Flerce criticism of Mr Stoltenberg over the tax package by Mr Franz Josef Strauss, the Bavarian Premier and CSU leader, who is himself facing a damaging loss of support in his home state, has intensified the picture of coalition

fragmentation.
Finally, tensions are still simmering response to the over West Garmany's response to the suparpowers' arms control moves. Mr Kohl has managed to defuse for the moment the issue of modernisation during the 1990s of US shorter range nuclear missiles stationed in the federal republic. Nato has agreed to postpone a decision on updating these weapons, favoured above all by the US and Britain, but opposed strongly by West German public opinion. The issue is likely to return to haunt

Mr Kohl, perhaps as early as next year. There is strong potential for disruption of the coalition over this issue. The FDP view, put most strongly by the veteran Foreign Minister, Mr Hans-Dietrich Genscher, opposes missile modernisation, in a way which is very close to the approach of the SPD. The conservatives' distrust of the FDP has been voiced by a close aide of Mr Kohl who says he is convinced that the "opportunistic" Liberals are preparing to desert the CDU — which, he says, will ruin the FDP's credibility.

Suspicion, both of the PDP and Mr Kohl, has strongly infinenced the CDU's campaign in Haden-Württem-berg. "We want to avoid a Gleichschaltung (alignment) of Baden-Württemberg with Bonn," says Mr Manfred Rommel, the respected CDU mayor of Stuttgart, Baden-Württemberg's state capital. Partly to put the FDP in its place, he is a firm supporter of a grand coalition with the SPD in the state, if the CDU loses its absolute majority.

The talk of a grand coalition shows how the political sands are shifting. By Sunday night, Mr Kohl should have a better idea of who his friends are— both inside and outside his own party.

## **Central American** trip-wire

tion's top priority is other than before serious negotiations, the theatre of war. a flexing of All this is a reminder that the theatre of war a flexing of all this is a reminder that imperial might to intimidate the Marxist-orientated Sandinista Nicaraguan conflict. One is that regime which is conducting the largest military operation against the US-backed Contra rebels in Congress to prove that the Sandinist against against against against the US-backed Contra rebels in Congress to prove that the Sandinist regime is a threat the US-backed Contra rebels in Congress to prove that the Sandinist regime is a threat the US-backed Contra rebels in Congress to prove that the Sandinist regime is a threat the US-backed Contra rebels in Congress to prove that the Sandinist regime is a threat the US-backed Contra rebels in Congress to prove that the Sandinist regime is a threat the US-backed Contra rebels in Congress to prove that the Sandinist regime is a threat the US-backed Contra rebels in Congress to prove that the Sandinist regime is a threat the US-backed Contra rebels in Congress to prove that the Sandinist regime is a threat threat residual threat threat threat threat threat threat residual threat threat threat regime which is conducting the propaganda war being waged by the Reagan Administration with the US-backed Contra rebels in Congress to prove that the Sandinist regime is a confidence of the Congress to prove the Co

role. More reassuring, Congress Contras. The other is the war on them being used to this end and low intensity conflict fought in is scarcely in a mood to back remote jungles and inhospitable military adventurism. The US mountains in which the Contras has had a sizeable military pres-ence in Honduras since 1983, gains. which has been boosted on an almost continuous basis by Justifying a thesis

troops on manoeuvres.
This presence has undoubtedly helped provide an umbrella of protection to Honduras and permitted the Contras an invaluable has far from given up. Thus ha has seized upon the Nicaraguan resupply. Nicaragua has made incursions, usually in hot pursuit. But these have been circuminto an invasion, to justify his spect and President Reagan and these the temperature of the sandinistas are a threat to resignal stability. helped provide an umbrella of spect and President Reagan and his advisers have always been selective in highlighting these occurrences, largely because Honduras maintains the fiction that it harbours no Contra bases on its soil. In 1986 the Honduran the stiffer of the stiff of the stiffer of the stiff of the stiffer of the stiffer of the stiffer of the stiffer of anthorities were goaded to declare that Nicaragua had invaded their country, and the the Contras cannot survive US ferried Honduran troops to devoid of Washington's assistance with baseline to the renewal survive devoid of Washington's assistance of the contrast cannot survive devoid of Washington's assistance of the contrast cannot survive devoid of Washington's assistance of the contrast cannot annot an adversarial and the contrast cannot cannot an adversarial and the contrast cannot annot an adversarial and the contrast cannot annot an adversarial and the contrast cannot and the contrast cannot and the contrast cannot and the contrast cannot an adversarial and the contrast cannot cannot can

Loss of support

The only difference now is that the Contras have lost vital support in Congress, and the Sandinistas have an even stronger incentive to damage if not hold good, both sides are doing destroy the rebel hases. The Sandinistas have an even stronger incentive to damage if not hold good, both sides are doing destroy the rebel hases. The Sandinistas have wanted to head on the sandinistas have an even stronger incentive to damage if not hold good, both sides are doing the sandinistas have wanted to head on the sandinistas have

THE LOUDLY trumpeted despatch of 3,000 US combat troops to Honduras after an alleged Nicaraguan incursion seems, at first sight, an unwelcome escalation of regional tension that could jeopardise the promising moves towards peace.

Yet at this stage, nothing suggests the Reagan Administrational inflict damage on the Contrastion's ton priority is other than

almost eight years of conflict. dinista regime is a threat to US
Washington has stressed its
troops will not play a combat
only be combated by backing the

President Reagan may have lost his latest battle with Conthreat to regional stability.
The Sandinistas, meanwhile, know full well they must not lose

the border in a highly publicised operation. The Sandinistas avoided a confrontation.

Loss of support

Cevola of washington's assistance. The many concessions made by Nicaragua since the five endorsed the Arias regional peace plan last August have come about largely because the come about largely because the

### Friends again with Lagos

WThe rapprochement between Britain and Nigeria is now offi-cial. Major General Ike Nwa-chukwu, the Nigerian Minister of chukwu, the Nigerian Minister of External Affairs, has been in London for most of this week, has had talks with Margaret Thatcher, and is spending the weekend at Chevening, the country residence of the Foreign Secretary, Sir Geoffrey Howe.

The rift took place in 1984 when Umaru Dikko, a former Nigerian Minister, was kidnapped in London with the apparent complicity of Nigerian officials and was found in a crate about to be transported to his homeland. be transported to his homeland.
Signs of repair came when
Thatcher visited Nigeria in January at the invitation of President ary at the invitation of Freamant Ibrahim Babangida. The two of them agreed that annual bilateral talks at foreign minister level, which had been suspended after the Dikko affair, should be

Nwachukwu is a journalist Nwachukwii is a joiirhaiist turned military man who became Minister of External Affairs. "Relations between Nigeria and Britain," he said yesterday, "are now back to normal...Nigeria takes Britain very seriously."

He also paid tribute to British help during Nigeria's recent period of economic reconstruc-tion. The Nigerian Government, he said, believes "debts must be paid, but creditors should not wish to strangle you."

Differences persist over policies to South Africa, but Thatcher and Babangida evidently believe they can do business together — a phrase the British Prime Minister once used about her relationship with Mikeli Cockecher. hail Gorbachev. The Nigerian President is likely to visit Britain next year,

MacArthur's rules ■Quietly spoken and very proper, John MacArthur is a corthe Contras have lost vital support in Congress, and the Sarport in Congress in the morning.

He went along to face the National Home Improvement that the change had led to more read accidents in the morning.

While the Congressional funding of the proper, John MacArthur is a corporate finance man with a pedia in Congressional funding of the proper, John MacArthur is a corporate finance man with a pedia in Congressional funding of the proper, John MacArthur is a corporate finance man with a pedia in Congressional funding of the proper, John MacArthur is a corporate finance man with a pedia devent worse. He went along to face the National Home Improvement that the change had led to more ing Minister, fared event worse. He went along to face the National Home Improvement that the change had led to more ing Minister, fared event worse. He went along to face the National Home Improvement that the change had led to more ing Minister, fared event worse. He went along to face the National Home Improvement that the change had led to more ing Minister, fared event worse. He went along to face the National Home Improvement that the change had led to more ing Minister, fared event worse. He went along the face the wo



known as the mergers and acqui-sitions division and when bank-ers themselves became media fig-

The fact that he has high stan-dards has not prevented him from being involved in some of the more vigorous takeover battles of recent years: he was the man who took the Takeover Panel to court in the fight for McCorquodale; in his Kleinwort Benson days, he acted for for Waddington in the battle against Robert Maxwell, when much play was made of the latter's Liechtenstein connection; and be put Kleinwort's name on the ima in support of the al-Fayed offer for House of Fraser - a connection which earned the bank the undying hostility of Lonrbo's Thy Rowland and a continuing legal action, in which MacArthur him-

scion, in which macarinus nim-self is also named.

But he is a great one for the Queensbury rules, rather than the more flamboyant practices of recent years. It always seemed rather odd that he should have left Kleinwort in the first place, and although he was very enthu-siastic about the idea of building a new merchant bank in London, his departure from Pru-Bache comes as no enormous surprise.

In the soup

Some Ministers are not best pleased with Nigel Lawson, hav-ing fixed their luncheon speaking engagements months before his Budget statement. Take the Environment Department, for exam-

Nicholas Ridley, Environment



sion to abolish tax relief on home improvement loans. As Waldegrave remarked: "If Colin Moynihan (a junior Envi-ronment Minister) had been in the country, he would have been sent off to hunch with the people who make lead to go into petrol."

Long summer eves The clocks could be changing for the last time on March 27 if a growing lobby for more svening daylight succeeds in nudging the Government towards repeating the experiment of 1968-71 when British Summsr Tims was retained throughout the year.

Nicholas Ridley, Environment Secretary and among the ultras in his support of Lawsonite policies, was the guest speaker of the Economic Forestry Group, strong advocates of the controversial tax incentives now abandoned by the Chancellor.

William Waldegrave, the Housing Minister, fared even worse.

Moreover, since cows live inside artificially lit sheds for half the year, there seems to be no reason why they could not be milked later, thus destroying the main farming argument.

Dr Mayer Hillman, a researcher with tha Policy Studies Institute, has almost

completed a nine-month study called Making The Most of Our Daylight Hours. He says we would save £100m a year in energy costs alone if we went onto BST and adopted Double British Summer Time in the lighter months to give us even longer

evenings.
This happened during the Second World War (when the clocks moved four times a year) and on one occasion afterwards - when Manny Shinwell as Minister of Power was faced with the fuel crisis in 1947. Such a change would also put

Britain in line with the rest of Western Europe. At present only Portugal and the Irish Republic do things the British way.

Smith's other book The Labour left, or some of it. still reads. Stuart Holland, the MP for Vauxhall, ended his con-tribution to the budget debate in the Honse of Commons on Wednesday with the following quotation.

This disposition to admire and

almost to worship the rich and the powerful and to despise or to neglect persons of poor and mean condition is, at the same time, the great and most universal cause of the corruption of our moral sentiments."

moral sentiments."

It comes from Adam Smith's
The Theory of Moral Sentiments, which he wrote as a young man before moving on to The Wealth of Nations. Smith claimed that the former was his more important contribution. He may have wrong ebout that, but it was a good shot by Holland.

Intensive care

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DC GARDNER GROUP

THE PRESENT British Government will never understand the poor. If "never" is too long a time-span, then substitute one that looks as if it will be nearly as long this Government will not be persuaded by appeals to divert more public money to the relief of poverty until there is an opposition that can challenge it in its own language the language of success. The lack of such an opposition was made painfully clear in the House of Commons at 5 o'clock on Tuesday afternoon, when the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr Nigel Lawson, made his historic pronouncement: "I propose to abolish all the higher rates of tax above 40 per cent"—after which, as Hansard puts it, "grave disorder" arose on the Labour benches and the sitting had to be

suspended for 10 minutes.
That grave disorder, those Labour chants of "shame", reflected an anach-ronistic view of British society. Envy is no longer in fashion. The prevailing belief of most Conservatives is that redistributive taxation hampers growth and reduces the wealth of rich and poor alike. This belief carries all the weight of three successive election victories behind it. Even if we had proportional representation, the likely combination of governing parties would probably keep the top rates of income tax in line with those of our foreign competitors—which means low. Thus notions like "fairness", "egalitarianism" and "social justice" are not relevant to the way of thinking of any government of the forseeable future. Other abstractions have replaced them. replaced them. As you might expect, these include "freedom", "enterprise" and "individual responsibility". The most important of all, however, is "suc-

Success is what motivates today's Success is what motivates today's Tories. When the Prime Minister speaks of successful enterprises hereyes shine with a perticularly triumphant blaze. When the Chancellor surveys his five Budgets it is their overall success that gives him most reason for pride. Even a cursory glance at Tuesday's Budget, and particularly at that astounding 40 per cent, reminds you that it is the most successful who gain the most. The opposition parties regard the condition of the worst-off as the foundation of their analysis of contem-

the condition of the worst-off as the foundation of their analysis of contemporary society; the Government vision begins and very nearly ends with the increasing number of people who can be regarded as successful.

As recently as the start of the present decade such a vision would have been widely regarded as immoral. The Opposition thinks it still is, as Labour's shadow Chancellor, Mr John Smith, made plain in his counter-Budget speech on Wednesday. I suspect that in terms of majority opinion he is wrong. The Chancellor certainly takes this The Chancellor certainly takes this view. In an address to the Centre for Policy Studies in mid-January Mr Lawson asserted that the Government is winning the argument "on the moral level." People had long been prepared to accept that capitalism was effective. he said, but they had recoiled from it because they thought it was somehow morally dubious. It was therefore necessary to put the moral case for capital-ism. "At root," he said, "the point is that a society based on freedom is inherently stronger and healthler than

Politics Today

## **Putting** capitalism on a moral pedestal

By Joe Rogaly

a society based on state coercion."

There is no doubt that this new morality has taken firm hold among Britain's Tory politicians, for many of whom it is now a deeply felt conviction. Wider public opinion is harder to assess. For example, opinion polis tell us that an overwhelming majority of voters want more public money diverted to the National Health Service, even at the cost of foregoing the tuneven at the cost of foregoing the tup-pence off the standard rate of income tax that Mr Lawson delivered on Tuesday. Yet those same polls indicate a strengthening of support for the Conservatives. I suspect that for the majority of voters the heady wine of success is irresistible. After all, the successful near-successful are now the major-

For the Chancellor this is the key. To his way of thinking the changes that have come about in British society since 1979 are so momentous that they eclipse debates about the condition of the poor. Wider home ownership, wider share ownership, greater wealth for those in work, declining unemployment, lower taxation — the record is indeed impressive. As to the poor — those the Americans call the "underclass" - he can point to the increase in public expenditure on health and social public expenditure on health and social security, to the new social security rules that, in Conservative eyes, concentrate help on those who need it most, and even for what they are worth) to the initiatives designed to bring private investment to the inner-cities. If that is not enough there is the increase in private charity, stimulated at least in part by his own Budgets. Self-interest encompasses the desire to Self-interest encompasses the desire to help one's family and one's neighbour, said Mr Lawson in January. "It may be no coincidence that since 1979 giving to charity has doubled in real terms." An opposition alive to the mood of

the times might broadly accept the Conservative picture of the reasonably

well-off three-quarters of society,

although it would naturally differ on details, as the Democrats do from the Republicans in the US. Such an opposition might even endorse the desirability of a fiscal strategy that included low taxes and the ciling of the capitalist engine of success. There would be plenty of room for debate about how to rescue as many as possible of the remaining quarter from dependency (principally by reducing unemployment). This kind of opposition would be credible, for it might stand a chance of winning an election. It would therefore possess firm ground upon which to stand and fight hard for further sums

although it would naturally differ on

For the majority of voters, the heady wine of success is probably irresistible

for the very worst off. It could speak of elderly folk on state pensions or benefits that may have moved in line with prices but which have lagged behind earnings, or plead for dazed old ladies for whom there is no room in homes and inadequate "community care", large families whose putative breadwinners are simply not able to find work, and the like. It could appeal to the conscience of the successful majority without overtly threatening their success, It could quite reasonably argue cess. It could quite reasonably argue that when it comes to real hardship the Conservative vision is marred by a

number of blind spots.

You just have to pop across the Atlantic to see what I mean. Look at the beggers and the homeless on the pavements of New York; the numbers have grown steadily during President Reagan's period of office. The Ameri-

cans are much exercised about their "underclass"; some of the Rev Jesse Jackson's appeal in the campaign for Jackson's appeal in the campaign for nomination as the Democratic presidential candidate has come from his uncompromising support for the neglected sections of US society. A British Labour Party that gained the respectful attention that would come from the advantagement of success. from its acknowledgement of success would carry much conviction if it argued that, over here, economic poli-cies similar to President Reagan's were beginning to produce similar social

If I were a betting man I would give fair If I were a betting man I would give fair odds that Mr Lawson will leave the Chancellorship, and perhaps the Government, before the year is out. He may tell himself that he is far too husy to think about such matters right now, what with the rest of the debate on his Budget for the successful still to come (not to mention the Finance Bill), but when he is on his summer holidays he

when he is on his summer holidays he will have plenty of time for reflection.

The first point that he might ruminate upon is that he has been Chancellor for a long time. By June 11 he will have served for five years, two years fewer than Lloyd George but nevertheless longer than anyone else this century save Neville Chamberlain and Denis Hesley – and by the autumn he will have surpassed the latter's five years and two months. Mr Lawson cer-tainly has no desire to see out another full term as Chancellor and his enthusi

asm for producing another Budget seems, shall we say, limited.
Much of what he announced this week was in his mind at the time of the 1967 Budget, which led to the Conservatives' victory in the June election. He did not think that that pre-election Budget was the victor and reservation. Budget was the right one for such potentially unpopular measures as the doubling of the scale rates against

bered much the same people as those hit by company car assessments and covenants.) Now he has been able to put in many of the reforms he has simed for and wash them down with the beginning of January. money. It is a fair assumption that most of the rest, like the abolition of mortgage interest tax relief, will always be vetoed by the Prime Minister.

What about another job in the Government? If he is to be Foreign Secre-tary the present incumbent, Sir Geoffrey Howe, will have to go to the House year's best-performing asset classof Lords and he is widely reported to be see. In the summer came the misumwilling to do that just yet. To my way of thinking, the Prime Minister's as funds mopped up a large numincreasing involvement in major foreign policy issues suggests that the abest of the crash, leaving the self-reserve to the crash performing asset classes. In the summer came the missing asset classes. In the summer came the missing asset classes, and the summer came the missing asset classes. In the summer came the missing asset classes, and the summer came the missing asset classes. In the summer came the missing asset classes, and the summer came the missing asset classes. In the summer came the missing asset classes, and the summer came the missing asset classes. In the summer came the missing asset classes, and the summer came the missing asset classes. In the summer came the missing asset classes, and the summer came the missing asset classes. In the summer came the missing asset classes, and the summer came the missing asset classes. In the summer came the missing asset classes, and the summer came the missing asset classes are summer came the missing asset classes are summer came the missing asset classes are summer came the missing asset classes. In the summer came the missing asset classes are summer came the missing asset classes are summer came the missing asset classes. In the summer came the missing asset classes are only vacant post would anyway be for what should properly be called deputy overseas) at an unprecedented 85 Foreign Secretary. This is unlikely to attract Mr Lawson.

Very well then, how about Prime Minister? There is an argument for hanging on, just in case, but it is not a very strong argument if you believe that Mrs Thatcher aims to stay in office for the rest of this term, fight the next election and win it and quite probably stay in office after that. It is an even weaker one if you tell yourself that you have never wanted the PM's job hadly enough to do all the necessary preliminary work, like cultivating friends

within the party.

Of course, no politicism of Mr Lawson's stature would refuse a draft. Yet it is difficult for someone as hardheaded as he is to believe in such an event, even when you take into account the recent great increase in the esteem in which he is held in the Conservative Party. No wonder the gossip in the City is that he may shortly be offered the chairmanship of a major bank.

## Lombard

## The merits of passivity

By Barry Riley

institutional investment manage-ment as one of the worst years for performance. Now is the season for ritual excuses, as managers appear before pension fund trustees and review the sorry saga of the year of boom and crash.

which company cars are assessed, or the removal of the tax advantage of covenanted payments by parents to their children. (He did not raise the calling on national insurance payments this time because it would have clobhared much the same necole as those payments it another way.

Most pension fund investment decisions during 1987 turned out to be wrong. They included the net selling in the first half of the year of gilt-edged and property, which turned out to be the full

The effects of all these miscal- not get the sack. culations are now becoming evident. If the pension funds had obtained market returns on the various asset classes in the proportions in which they held them agement or narrow specialisation

BRITAIN'S pension fund manag- now being revealed by the big ars have got some explaining to performance measurement ser-do. It looks as though the year vices like those of the WM Com-1987 will go down in the annals of pany and Caps. It looks as pany and Caps. It looks as though the median may be no more than 2 to 3 per cent.

> This gap is a serious matter for pension fund managers. Most of them are "active" managers, that is, they charge a relatively high fee for taking and implementing decisions about the balance of the portfolio between different types of assets and also about the choice of individual stocks. These decisions are supposed to enhance value. But last year inactive or "passive" managers, who charge low fees for duplicating the performance of an index or following some other statisti-cal formula, did much better.

One of the main ways in which active managers hope to outper-form is by "market timing". That is, when a market becomes overvalued they will sell it, and buy back in after it has fallen. Many people accepted that the equity market was relatively highly priced last summer. There was much talk of a mature hull market. But hardly any professional fund managers were serious sell-ers. As a group they bought more heavily as the market went up. Indeed, the market went up because they were heavy huyers. Then came the October crash.

There are a number of reasons put forward for this collective ber.

Overseas, the pension fund managers got the Japanese equity market completely wrong; not only were they underweight in this, the year's best-performing major equity market, but they were also concentrated in the wrong stocks. After the crash the fund managers scrambled for what they thought was safety by selling overseas equities and buyselling overseas equities and buy-ing gilts. This proved to be a mis-peers. Even if they all get it wrong, an average performer will

at the beginning of the year, they may come to the fore. The era of would have secured a return of 7 the "active" trend-chaser and per cent. The actual returns are median targeter may be over.

## for training

والتحيدات

From Mr Stephen Fishman. Sir, Your leader discussing ways of improving our national performance in training (March deserves further comment.
 The idea of a statutory require-

ment for companies to provide their employees with training is Front Mr Anthony Simonds-Good and television receivers - at a

Stephen Fishman, Alfred Marks Recruitment Consultants, ADIA House,

84-86 Regent Street, W1

Prom Mrs Alison Wolf.

Sir, Most people would agree that formal tests are poor predictors of job performance, while emphasising our need for high levels of basic education. However, increasing the length of formal education will achieve little on its own. Average amounts of schooling are not all that closely related to countries' economic growth; and many of our own educational fills are ascribed to the years since the school-leaving age last rose.

I am concerned that the National Institute of Economic and Social Research (NESR) report on engineering training may be used to argue that training industry may soon be simply industry may soon be simply in the first testing and content to the prench (though not industry may soon be simply industry not of the prench of the prench (though not institute of Economic industry may soon be simply industry may soon be simply in the first testing and content to the prench of the prench (though not institute of Economic industry may soon be simply there is great appropriate for formal or "off-the-job" training to concentrate on really thorough in the former area instruction in the former area.

As your recent correspondence that them a passing acquaintance that there is great expertise. In France itself there is great expertise of the predictional fills occupations have a core of general expertise.

Most skilled occupations have a core of general expertise. They can in the former area instruction in the former area instruction

## Letters to the Editor

### Pay-per-view shows demand

Skills Crisis – A Prescription for Action.

Let us hope that the Chancelor is aware of this demand. Most people believe it would mean that more training would take place.

Stephen Fishman.

Alford Moste Respectionate Consort.

Action.

Cast three new national channels, the cost to the cost to

their employees with training is particularly interesting. A recent ing.

MSC study saw this as inevitable. Commercial pressure will put companies in the position of having to train in order to keep staff, let alone the needs of a business. Many companies do not train, however, fearing the loss of skilled staff through poaching. This can only be overcome by relating increased skills to pay rises or promotion — something increased skills to pay rises or promotion — something or more fully when negotiating with employers, especially in new technology agreements.

One point your leader writer missed was the important issue of tax incentives. While we do not recommend the French "levèe" or payroll tax, the Chancellor could certainly improve the strain in provenance in the position of the sing.

From Mr Anthony Simonds-Good and television receivers — at a cost. If pay-per-view were introduced, viewers would need some cost. If pay-per-view were introduced, viewers would need some cost. If pay-per-view were introduced, viewers would need some cost. If pay-per-view were introduced, viewers would need some cost. If pay-per-view were introduced, viewers would need some cost. If pay-per-view were introduced, viewers would need some cost. If pay-per-view were introduced, viewers would need some cost. If pay-per-view were introduced, viewers would need some cost. If pay-per-view were introduced, viewers would need some cost. If pay-per-view were introduced, viewers would need some cost. If pay-per-view were introduced, viewers would need some cost. If pay-per-view were introduced, viewers would need some cost. If pay-per-view were introduced, viewers would need some cost. If pay-per-view were introduced, viewers would need some cost. If pay-per-view were introduced, viewers would need some cost. If pay-per-view were introduced to decode the scrambled broadcasts on the service as a cost.

And then there is consumer to the pay-per-view capability and cost of choice. You more extra electronics with which to extra electronics w

cellor could certainly improve The engineers will argue about a highly accurate means of gaugnational investment in training by offering, say, a 1 per cent but what the extra capacity is, ing consumer demand, but also a by offering say, a 1 per cent but what cannot be questioned is valuable source of income, rebate from the basic rate of corporation tax to be offset against (DBS) affords us the opportunity television could more easily be companies' investment in training.

(DBS) affords us the opportunity television could more easily be television channels with 100 per systems as opposed to DBS excaps me.

This was also the recommendation of more than 80 per cent of National Computing Centre members (and over 70 per cent of employers in the public sector who would not benefit directly) in Philip Virgo's study, The IT Skills Crisis – A Prescription for Action.

Television channels with 100 per systems as opposed to DBS escapes me.

You then suggest that additional terrestrial channels will be the cheapest way to provide extra choice for viewers. But cheaper the Government is still formulation; The Government is still formulation; Broadcasting (BSB) will broadicy. By the end of the decade the CK's existing broadcasting ecology will have changed out of all escapes me.
Finally, I must take issue with UK and EC should

are any lower cost options, let us and the consequent dropping of hear about them.)

Reception of additional terres. Anthony Simonds-Gooding, trial channels will require some British Satellite Broadcasting, modification to existing aerial 14 Old Park Lone, W1

### Tax incentives Effort to improve UK training performance

From Mr Mike Webber. .

Sir, Non Statutory Training Organisations (NSTOs) must have felt discouraged by your inaccurate reporting of the findings of the Institute of Manpower Studies (IMS) survey of NSTOs (Gealer, March 4).

The IMS did not find that half of the NSTOs were ineffective. It

of the NSTOs were ineffective. It surveyed 90, found "a solid core of at least 56 effective NSTOs", a further eight effective in their

own sector only, 15 marginally effective, and 11 ineffective.
The figure of 25m employees covered by ineffective NSTOs appears nowhere but in your article. The IMS report estimates that 5m employees are covered by NSTOs, and adds: "The vast majority – perhaps 75 per cent – of these employees are covered by effective NSTOs. The marginal and ineffective NSTOs were mainly in sectors with relatively

few employees.\*

As the IMS report makes clear, most NSTOs are working hard and effectively to achieve improvements in the UK's training performance.

Mike Webber, Biscuit Cake and Confectionery Alliance, 11 Green Street, W1

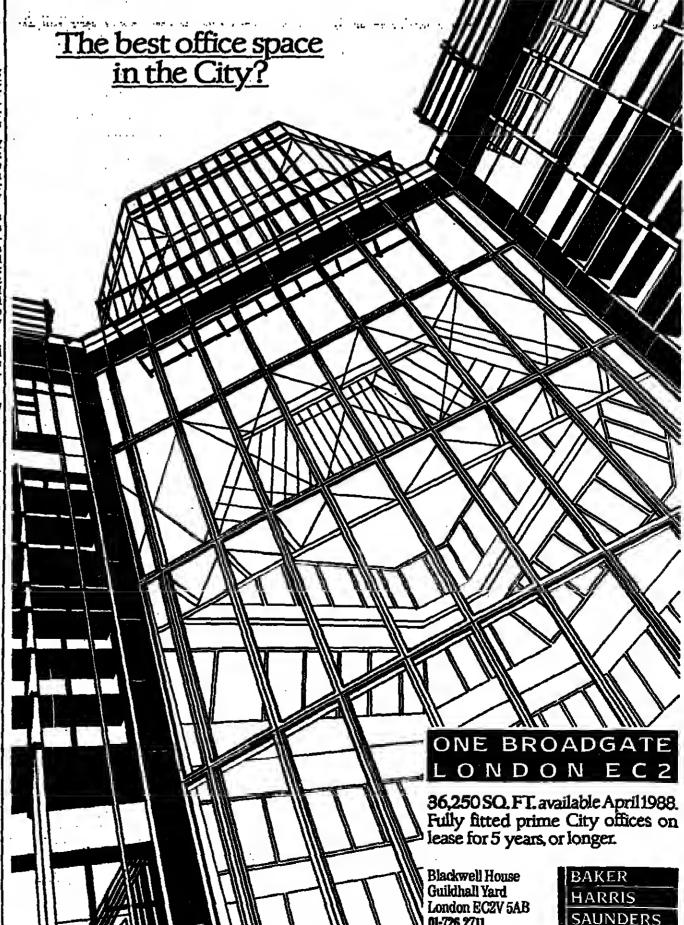
## tick as one

Sir, The Royal Society for the Prevention of Accidents seeks to

with those of the European Com-munity? This would help busi-ness on both sides of the Channel and should save even more lives H.A. Lamotte,

Cardinal House, 39-40:Albermarie Street, W1

## Workplace training may be preferable to fulltime vocational schooling



## FINANCIAL TIMES

Friday March 18 1988

**UK** interest

rates cut as

Lawson

moves to

stem £



## Packer, Brierley in Bell Resources bid

SIR RON BRIERLEY and Mr
Kerry Packer, two of Australasia's best-known entrepreneurs,
yesterday teamed up to make an
A\$25m (US\$\$65.7m) bid for Bell
Resources, the key company in
the empire of Mr Robert Holmes
à Court, a long-standing rival.

The move follows heavy buyng of Bell Resources shares in
the past two days, and no one
missed the irony last night in the
controversial world-class corporate raider being ambushed by
his rivals when he is most vuinerable.

Crash, is seeking to combine his
two main quoted vehicles.

Ron has a partner who is finsh
with cash after selling his broadletter to the Perth financier, the
with cash after selling his broadletter to the Perth financier, the
lest year, at the height of the
market.

Bell Resources is offering one
of its shares plus A\$1 cash for
letter to the Perth financier, the
less year, at the height of the
market.

Bell Resources is offering one
of its shares plus A\$1 cash for
letter to the Perth financier, the
less year, at the height of the
market.

Bell Resources, after massive
asset disposals, retains a 10 per
cent stake in Broken Hill Propricent stake in Broken Hill Propricen

his rivals when he is most vulnerable.

Industrial Equity (IEL), Sir Ron's Australian company, and Mr Packer's Consolidated Press Holdings launched the bid through a joint venture company called Turnbridge. It aims to halt an A\$685m offer by Bell Resources for Bell Group through a local through a force of the revelation earlier this week of sharp profit falls by the Brierland which Mr Holmes à Court, battling to recover from his mauling in last October's stock market appearance in Mr Packer, however, Sir Chartered Bank, Turnbridge is or cash offer is a far more logical and attractive alternative, the letter said.

Turnbridge is or share for Bell Resources for Bell Resources for Bell Resources for Bell Resources and attractive alternative, the shares closed at A news. The offer falls well below a A\$2.30 to A\$2.40 subject to two control appearance in the best interests of Bell Resources shareholders and a translating and attractive alternative, the share for Bell Resources for Bell Resour

Turnbridge is offering A\$1.50 a share for Bell Resources, whose shares closed at A\$1.35 before the news. The offer — which still falls well below asset backing of A\$2.30 to A\$2.40 a share — is subject to two conditions: that Mr Holmes à Court's Pebruary 29 bid does not proceed and that Turnbridge wins more than 50

But in recent days, while he has been travelling abroad to sell his plans to institutional share-holders, turnover of Bell' Resources shares has soared, with 20m traded on Wednesday and snother for vactories. and another 6m yesterday.

Assuming Turnbridge has been behind this and earlier buying, it has now built up a stake of some 5 per cent in Bell Resources.

The outcome of Washington's Irangate affair is far from certain, reports Lionel Barber

# Presidential pardon poses a dilemma THE CRIMINAL charges filed this week against two former senior White House aides, Marine Lt Col Oliver North and Rear Admiral John Poindexter, and the Admiral John Poindexter, and the Admiral John Poindexter, and with a participants in the control of the Republican party's nomination. If Mr Reagan plunges ahead with a participants in the control of the Republican party's nomination. If Mr Reagan plunges ahead with a participants in the control of the Republican party's nomination. If Mr Reagan plunges ahead with a participants in the control of the Republican party's nomination. If Mr Reagan plunges ahead with a participants in the control of the Republican parti

han-Contra affair, amount to the most serious indictment of US

government corruption since the 1974 Watergate scandal.

The 23 charges bring to a head the 15-month investigation by a court-appointed special prosecutor, Mr Lawrence Walsh, which spanned three continents. And yet, for all the furore surrounding the case and its implications for the conduct of US foreign pol-icy, its outcome remains very difficult to predict.
The Iran-Contra scandal cen-

tres on the secret White House operation to sell arms to Iran in exchange for American hostages in Lebanon which then grew into a scheme to divert the profits to the Nicaraguan Contra rebels during a 1984-86 Congressional ban on US military aid. Thus far, thanks to the parti-

Thus far, thanks to the parti-san Congressional hearings last summer, the scandal has been lengthy legal challanges which painted as an historic political painted as an historic political could postpone a trial until early struggle between the Executive, next year, after President Reagan headed by the President, and the



can arms dealer, Mr Albert

Because Col North and Mr Poindexter's main defence is that they were carrying out President



dlemen in the affair, retired US Air Force Major General Richard V. Secord and the Iranian-Ameri-

painted as an historic political struggle between the Executive, headed by the President, and the US Congress, each claiming powar over foreign policy-making.

The charges filed on Wednesday by Mr Walsb make no such high claims. They presume prison "I will never give up." He

Cockfield in new bid to speed

up EC internal market plans

Poindexter: carrying out orders

Poindexter: carrying out orders

more specific, threatening to call upon high-level US government officials to testify if the case ever came to trial.

Mr Sullivan's commants amounted to the clearest appeal yet to Mr Reagan to use the broad prealdential powers granted by the US Constitution to pardon the defendants.

Mr Reagan himself has declined to show his hand; but few doubt that he still believes that his two senior aldes who, with Mr Secord, have distinguished military records, did not break the law.

The problem is that the pardon itself – rather than e trial in the remote future — has become a political issue in the US; all the

vate profiteering at the expense vowed in that familiar melodication of the public interest; in short, criminal behaviour by Col North, Mr Poindexter and the two mid
Mr Brendan Sullivan, was even remote ruther — nas become a substruct material issue in the US; all the tutional change in the balance of more so because of this year's power between Congress and the presidential election campaign and the still unanswered question.

## party's nomination. If Mr Reagan plunges ahead with a pardon, he risks accusations that he pre-empted a criminal trial to protect Mr Bush tions about the Government's

against a Democrat nominee seeking to capitalise on the scan-dal during the election campaign. There must be a good chance that he will wait until after the November election, which would make the pardon one of his final

Mending fences, Page 12

## **Key US** regulators still divided

post-crash

THE TWO key US regulatory bodies examining ways to tighten intermarket coordination and dampen volatility in a response to the October stock market col-lapse appear to be as far from a consensus for concrete action as

sage of testimony vesterday to the Senate Agriculture Commit-tee by Mr David Ruder, chairman of the Securities & Exchange Commission, and Mrs Wendy Gramm, chairwoman of the Com-modities Futures Trading Commission, the two key agencies that oversee the securities and futures markets respectively.

Also testifying yesterday was Mr Nicholas Brady, who led the Presidential task force set up to

This was the overriding mes

review the crash. Mr Brady reit-erated an earlier warning that the financial markets remained highly vulnerable to another cri-

He acknowledged that very useful first steps had been taken but that the various regulatory authorities and exchanges had still to agree on a comprehensive

The testimony makes depress ing reading for the Administra-tion, which earlier this week announced it was setting up an inter-agency committee to try to develop a consensus on regula-

tory changes to prevent another stock market crash.

Both Mr Ruder and Mrs Gramm testified that while the various exchanges and regulatory authorities had individually taken significant measures since the crash, progress overall had not been substantial.

During numerous meetings between agencies in recent weeks, there has been no closing of the gap on the key question of devastated by this naws. The higher margin requirements in unions cannot side-step the the futures markets, favoured by by the CFTC.

Mr Ruder yesterday appeared to signal that the SEC had all but given up its stand on this aspect.

THE LEX COLUMN

## Acting funny over sterling

BRITAIN'S leading banks yester-day cut their base rates by 0.5 percentage points to 8.5 per cent as Mr Nigel Lawson, the Chancel-It has all the makings of a good old-fashioned Punch and Judy old-fashioned Punch and Judy show. In the opening scene the Prime Minister bats the Chancellor on the head for daring to suggest that it might be necessary to cap sterling's rise. Both sides them make up their differences in the interests of a happy Budget, and now the Chancellor has bounced back with an interest cut, just when the audience was looking the other way. One has to wonder what terrible tricks the Prime Minister will use to regain the initiative.

It would all he good knockabout fun, if it did not underline the Government's embarrassing lor of the Exchequer, sought to stem a post-Budget surge in the pound's value.

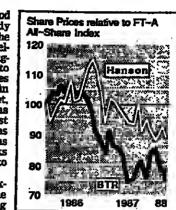
The move was signalled by the Bank of England after the pound rose above DM3.10 on foreign rose above DM3.10 on foreign exchange markets.

It prompted suprise and confusion in financial markets, where the pound initially fell sharply before recouping much of its earlier gains in later trading.

Gilt-edged prices fell by up to % of a point amid concern that lower interest rates may rekindle inflationary pressures.

the Government's embarrassing policy muddle. Interest rates are now lower than the authorities would like, the exchange rate is higher than they would like, and there must be a feeling among the most beautiful. the more tidy-minded Treasury mandarins that the events of the last week could have been better stage-managed. The official line is that the drop in interest rates is needed to offset the tightening caused by the recent appreciation in sterling. This might make sense to the economists, but it is not the sort of message that will stop the current consumer lendcommitment to exchange rate stability by saying that actions were more important than words.

Mrs Thatcher said the strong financial and economic position shown by the Budget had made possible the cut in interest rates to the control of the markets is that the Chancellor appears to be the control of the markets is that the Chancellor appears to be the control of the markets is that the Chancellor appears to be the control of the markets is that the Chancellor appears to be the control of the markets is that the Chancellor appears to be the commitment to exchange rate in sterling. This might make against the sense to the economists, but it is not the sort of message that will stop the current consumer lending boom.



barrier aftar \$1.48 the year before; but as the effect was purely one of translation, margins — still BTR'a chief operational yardstick — were able to rise by over a point to 15 per cent. On the previous pattern, this might suggest another big acquisition. Margins stood at 17.5 per cent back in 1933, were then halved with the purchase of Tilling, and reached 12 per cent before being knocked back again by buying Dunlop. But to the extent that BTR needs low-margin fodder to produce its earnings growth, the immediate outlook may be disappointing; the present plane course to be a support to the present plane according to the present plane according to the securities business should he given the benefit of the doubt, the longer term commitment to the securities business should he given the benefit of the doubt, the longer term commitment to the securities business should he given the benefit of the doubt, the longer term commitment to the securities business should he given the benefit of the doubt, the longer term commitment to the securities business should he given the benefit of the doubt, the longer term commitment to the securities business should he given the benefit of the doubt, the longer term commitment to the securities business should he given the benefit of the doubt, the longer term commitment of some of its major shareholders remains an issue. Indeed, the current lowly valuation of its shares, which are yielding well over 5 per cent, is probably the main reason why some have not yet sold out.

ROWNITEC

The important fund management business did poorly, and despite retaining its leadership position, the corporate finance side turned in lower earnings. Finally, the group got its fingers burned in the US risk arbitrage business in the aftermath of the Crash when it was left bolding stakes in

aborted takeover candidates.

The group should be able to make a healthy recovery in the current year, but it is unlikely to beat the \$82.2m earned in 1986, and longer term questions persist about its strategy and unstable shareholder base. While Morgan's continued commitment to the

While Rowntree's sale of its snack businesses plainly counts as a defeat, a hreakthrough may finally be coming on another front. Yesterday's results show a quarter of sales in the retained business now coming from confectionery in continental Function shown by the Budget had made possible the cut in interest rates yesterday which she had public; the resisted last week. Circumstances had changed as the result of the Budget and following the pound."

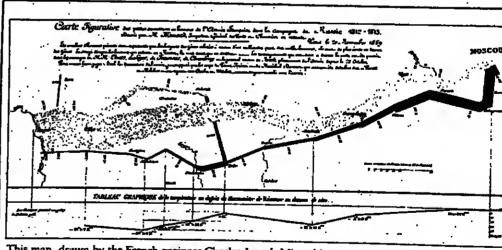
In a BBC radio interview. Mr Lawson said it was important for British industry to feel there would be a reasonable degree of the shalling in the exchange rate. He also repeated his view that any further significant rise in steriling. The official explanation of the base rate cut was that mometary conditions in the economy had tightaned as a result of the pound's appreciation in recent weeks, leaving scope for a reversal and the 0.5 point rise in interest rates early last month.

The official explanation of the base rate cut was that mometary conditions in the economy had tightaned as a result of the pound's appreciation in recent weeks, leaving scope for a reversal and the 0.5 point rise in interest rates early last month.

The official explanation of the pass rate cut was that mometary.

The official explanation of the point of the

BTR's full year profits of £590m pre-tax might have fallen short of market forecasts, but the company seems in good enough spirits. Certainly, a closing sterling rate of \$1.88 is a formidable some necessary house-cleaning. Nevertheless, a more than one third drop in full year pre-tax of growth which is modest, but unusually solid; if Rowntree makes £125m this year, the group's UK equity business, which in price relative terms looks perfectly defensible.



This map, drawn by the French engineer Charles Joseph Minard in 1869, portrays the losses suffered by Napoleon's army in the Russian campaign of 1812. Beginning at the left on the Polish-Russian border near the Niemen, the thick band shows the size of the army (422,000 men) as it invaded Russia. The width of the band indicates the size of the army at each position. In September, the army reached Moscow with 100,000 men. The path of Napoleon's retreat from Moscow in the bitterly cold winter is depicted by the dark lower band, which is tied to a temperature scale. The remains of the Grande Armee struggled out of Russia with only 10,000 men. Minard displayed six dimensions of data on the two-dimensional surface (Two-color poster, £6 postpaid, \$10 postpaid.)

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## US trade deficit rises to \$12.4bn in January

Continued from Page 1

fall in aircraft deliveries, which AN AMBITIOUS campaign to put declined by \$510m (55 per cent).

There was also a sharp percentage fall in exports of petrothe European Community's efforts to scrap all market barriers by 1992 back on schedule was outlined yesterday by Lord Cockleum and petroleum products,

electrical power plant. Car imports, though down on them.

from December, were some 15 per cent abova their January 1987 Imports from Japan rose only slightly, and volume appeared to be sharply off. Canada, Korea

and Mexico are among the import

sources still showing some real

US TRADE (\$bn) Three-month

moving averages

	amports	Exports	Daisuce
1988 Jan	36.3	23.6	-12.7
1987			
Avg	35.3	21.1	-14.3
Dec	37.2	23.4	-13.8
Nov	36.3	22.2	-14.4
Oct	36.8	21.0	-15.8
Sep	36.1	20.7	-15.4
Aug	36.7	20.8	-15.9
_			

	imports	EXPORTS	<b>Paisuce</b>	1
1988 Jan	36.3	23.6	-12.7	1
1987				ļ
Avg	35.3	21.1	-14.3	P
Dec	37.2	23.4	-13.8	]1
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Oct	36.8	21.0	-15.8	ł
Sep	36.1	20.7	-15.4	l£
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## but imports were up. Comparison with January 1987, eliminating seasonal factors but not price increases, show imports up by \$6.2bn (22 per cent) and exports by \$5.6bn (33 per cent). Growth was particularly strong (40 per cent or more) in office machinery and industrial and electrical power plant. Outlined yesterday by Lord Cockbions, field, the European Commissioner for the internal market. He promised in the Commission's annual report on the progress of its 300-point plan to create a free single market to table practically all of the outstanding proposals by the end of December. The EC's 12 member states would then have four full years to set controls on the conduct of take-over bids; legal protection for computer software and biotech-nology inventions; and a raft of marketing and health rules for animal and plant health regula-food and drink, the easing of

then have four full years to act Brussels has so far put forward 206 market-opening measures in just under three years since the internal market campaign began. This means that member states

go-ahead from ministers. The remaining five have been scrapped or have become outdated, a Commission official said.

The market-opening measures already put forward by the Commission but blocked by member states include controversial plans procurement in telecommunica-tions, transport, energy and water, common rules for banks' solvency ratios; opening up life and motor insurance; EC-wide

The aim, says yesterday's report, is to make the attainment of a single European market "hreversible" by the end of the Many of these are being held

The most important Commis-sion proposals on tha way go-ahead from ministers. The include liberalisation for public remaining five have been

for common VAT rates, liberalisrestrictions on people's right to live and work in different EC

206 market-opening measures in just under three years since the internal market campaign began. The whole programme has to be agreed by the Council of Ministers', the EC Governments' attempts to defend national interests, such as Ministers', the EC Governments' instinctive reaction to joint decision-making body, the threat to its fiscal sover-lanche of EC legislation — if Lord Cockfield is to meet his target of publishing 90 per cent of the programme by the end of the year.

"irreversible" by the end of the year agreed by the Council of defend national interests, such as Ministers', the EC Governments' attempts to defend national interests, such as Ministers', the EC Governments' interprets to defend national interests, such as Ministers', the EC Governments' interprets to defend national interests, such as Ministers', the EC Governments' attempts to defend national interests, such as Ministers', the EC Governments' attempts to defend national interests, such as Ministers', the EC Governments' attempts to defend national interests, such as Ministers', the EC Governments' attempts to defend national interests, such as Ministers', the EC Governments' attempts to defend national interests, such as Ministers', the EC Governments' attempts to defend national interests, such as Ministers', the EC Governments' attempts to defend national interests, such as Ministers', the EC Governments' attempts to defend national interests, such as Ministers', the EC Governments' attempts to defend national interests, such as Ministers', the EC Governments' attempts to defend national interests, such as Ministers', the EC Governments' attempts to defend national interests, such as Ministers', the EC Governments' attempts to defend national interests, such as Ministers', the EC Governments' attempts to defend national interests, such as Ministers', the EC Governments' attempts to defend national interests, such as Ministers', the EC Governments' attempts to defend national interests, such as Ministers' attempts to defend national int

## Prudential Bache chairman resigns

on fee-yielding transactions and led to expect when he was defence of Waddington, the appointed in July 1986.

The restriction inherent in tion, on building long-term relationships with clients.

He is also believed to have takeover bids is also unlikely to defence of Waddington, the games company, against a bid by Mr Robert Maxwell, the British publisher.

Mr William Hulton, London-based head of Pru-Bache's bank-

tions, on building long-term relationships with clients.

He is also believed to have found the US head office exerting more direct control over the British operation than he had been Pru-Bacha's US-imposed worldwide ban on advising hostile Mr William Hulton, London-based head of Pru-Bache's bank-ing activities for continental whose record included Klein-ing activities for continental wort's vigorous and successful MacArthur's responsibilities.

chief executive who was told of unions for behaving like "some

the company would change its The SDA, Scottish politicians. and trade union leaders put the blame for decision firmly with the unions which had opposed

boneheaded prehistoric monster"
which had blundered in to wipe
off what should have been a major success story for the Scottish economy. He accused the unions of inflicting a devastating blow on the region's economy.

Mr Robertson said: "We are blame for the loss of this proj- the SEC but vigorously oppos

## Ford cancels plan for plant

the decision by Ford executives yesterday afternoon said they gave no indication that the plan for the plant could be resurrected. Union officials said they thought there was little hope that

Mr Rifkind said it was track Mr lan Lang, the Scottish that inter-union squabbling had industry Minister, denounced the wrecked a project

OJI

Friday March 18 1988



## American Standard plans \$2.5bn defensive buyout

AMERICAN STANDARD, the US financial advisers.
plumbing fixtures group which has been fighting off a bid from Black & Decker, the tool group, which had been widely expected to raise its 573 a yesterday announced a plan to go private in a \$2.5bn leveraged buy-

The \$78 a share hid, which will involve a 20 per cent equity perticipation by the company's employees through an employee stock ownership plan (or Esop), is being organised by Kelso & Company, a New York investment from marginising in letter. ment firm specialising in lever-

Kelso will supply \$250m in common equity, with the rest of common equity, with the rest of the financing coming from a \$1.8\text{bn}\$ Bankers Trust syndicated credit and a bridging loan to be provided by First Boston, Kelso's shares traded at only \$38 when several provided by First Boston, Kelso's shares traded at only \$38 when several provided by First Boston, Kelso's shares traded at only \$38 when several provided by First Boston, Kelso's shares traded at only \$38 when several provided by First Boston, Kelso's shares traded at only \$38 when several provided by First Boston, Kelso's shares traded at only \$38 when several provided by First Boston, Kelso's shares traded at only \$38 when several provided by First Boston, Kelso's shares traded at only \$38 when several provided by First Boston, Kelso's shares traded at only \$38 when several provided by First Boston, Kelso's shares traded at only \$38 when several provided by First Boston, Kelso's shares traded at only \$38 when several provided by First Boston, Kelso's shares traded at only \$38 when several provided by First Boston, Kelso's shares traded at only \$38 when several provided by First Boston, Kelso's shares traded at only \$38 when several provided by First Boston, Kelso's shares traded at only \$38 when several provided by First Boston, Kelso's shares traded at only \$38 when several provided by First Boston, Kelso's shares traded at only \$38 when several provided by First Boston, Kelso's shares traded at only \$38 when several provided by First Boston, Kelso's shares traded at only \$38 when several provided by First Boston, Kelso's shares traded at only \$38 when several provided by First Boston, Kelso's shares traded at only \$38 when several provided by First Boston, Kelso's shares traded at only \$38 when several provided by First Boston, Kelso's shares traded at only \$38 when several provided by First Boston, Kelso's shares traded at only \$38 when several provided by First Boston, First Bos

Kvaerner

advances

share bid for American Standard, had no immediate comment on

But arbitrageurs on Wall Street took the view that the buyout, which has been sealed through a definitive merger agreement between Kelso and the American Standard board, may have concluded the binding contest. American Standard's shares rose \$1% to \$76% yesterday morning, angusting the market did not expect a ligher offer.

The buyout if it cope shead

Black & Decker's original \$56 a share bid was announced in Jan-

Black & Decker did not have s large shareholding in American Standard before launching its bid in January and is not believed to

## New product launch Industrier by Philadelphia SE

By Karen Foesk in Oslo KVAERNER INDUSTRIER, the Norwegian industrial group, has increased profits after extraordi-uary items from NKr272m to NKr399m (\$63m) for 1987, Earnings per share were 23 per cent higher at NKr26.65.

The group's extraordinary gains were boosted by disposals
- NKr66.9m from the sale of shares in Saga Petroleum and NKr96m from the sale of a stake in a ship and shares in Kværner

Group turnover improved to NKr5.72bn from NKr5.49bn. Order backlog climbed to NKr5.7bn from NKr3.3bn the predends.

vious year. Kvaerner said results for 1988 were expected to show an ment is in cash - actual stocks the improvement over 1987. The divi- are not involved in any transac- was dend is being maintained at tion.

THE PHILADELPHIA Stock be available. One will be bas

Exchange yesterday unveiled a on the Standard & Poor's 500 product which would allow invese share index and the second, to be product which would allow investors to trade a basket of shares called the Blue Chip CIP, will closely reflect the Dow Jones futures contracts on any of the major stock market indices.

The exchange filed with the Securities and Exchange Consission two weeks ago for approval to offer investors the product — called a Cash Index Participation contract or CIP and expects clearance to start trading sometime after May.

trading sometime after May. Like an individual share, the

Initially, two kinds of CIPs will cle

two years but its announcement comes at a time when the con-cept of trading baskets of stocks has gained credibility and popu-

Mr Joseph Rizzello, senior vice president of marketing at the The CIP is based on a theoretical basket of stocks and settle the private investor of trading stock market through CIPs was that they were an uncompli-cated and relatively cheap vehi-

## Tandy to buy laptop computer pioneer

By Louise Kehoe In San Francisco

TANDY, the US computer group, is to buy Grid Systems, the California-based company that ploneered the market for lightweight purtable personal computers called laptop computers, for at least \$55m in

puters, for at least \$55m in Tandy stock.

The agreement, which surprised observers, who had expected that the eight-year old Grid group would eventually go public, includes provisions that could give share-bolders of privately owned Grid up to \$32.5m in additional stock payments through 1990, if it meets earnings targets.

Grid specialises in high per-formance portable computers and has won a reputation as the leader in its market. Grid's machines are widely used by accountants, salesman and others whose work involves extensive travel.

The company has also work

The company has also won major contracts from the US military. It had 1987 sales of \$67.5m.

For Tundy, the acquisition is

seen as a move into the upper end of the personal computer market. Through its Radio Shack retail stores, Tandy is a leading personal computer seller but has, to date, focused primarily on the low-cost end of the market.

Digital backs lower earnings estimates

DIGITAL EQUIPMENT, the US computer group, said reduced estimates of third-quarter and fiscal 1968 earnings by several Wall Street brokerage houses were "more reasonable" than

It said estimates of between \$10 and \$10.25 a share for the

Andrew Baxter examines unusual activity in Alberto-Culver stock

## Shy suitors woo Molly McButter

Last week saw hectic activity

suitor for the hand of Molly McButter? Mr Leonard Lavin, his wife Bernice, daughter Carol and son-in-law Howard - all of Melrose Park, Illinois

would like to know.
Molly, or Molly McButter All.
Natural Butter Flavor Sprinkles, is described modestly, if somewhat tautologically, by her creators as "one of 1987's most unique grocery producta." And at just four calories per serving, it is a little less of a mouthful than the full name would suggest.

The butter substitute "is most flavorful when sprinkled on hot moist food such as baked potatoes, rice, noodles and vegetables," enthuses the 1967 annual report of Alberto-Culver, the US tolletties group.

It joins Mrs Dash, the salt substitute, and Baker's Joy flour and oil baking spray among the expanding house-hold/grocery product range at the medium-sized US company, best known for its Alberto and VO5 hair care items.

pany in 1955 and has since built it into a worldwide toilet-ries group with sales of \$514.5m in the year ended September

at the company.

His wife Bernice is vice-president, secretary and treasurer,

difficult. Alberto has been a

public company since 1961 but is in many respects a family firm. Mr Leonard Lavin, chair-man and chief executive, bought the original VO5 com-

while his daughter Carol is vice-president for new business - and had the original idea for Molly McButter. Between them the family have 46 per cent of the B shares, which have full voting rights, while the smaller class of A shares have one-tenth of a vote each.

Last week saw heetic activity in the company's stock on Wall Street, with the shares reaching new highs amid rumours that Mr Ronald Perelman, Revlon owner, or Sunstar, a large Japanese household products company that makes Alberto products under a licensing agreement, was making a run The company remains mysti-fied by the share price move-ment. "We don't know what was behind it. We think it sim-ply was rumours," said Mr Howard Bernick, executive vice-president and Mr Lavin's greement, was making a run at the company.

But with no bidder emerging, the company's B shares fell back some 10 per cent, to \$33% on Wednesday, leaving analysts divided over the significance of trading volumes 10 times higher than normal.

They agreed, however, that any hostile takeover would be described to the company to the company to the company to the company that the company that the company that the company to the company that t son-in-law, this week. Alberto had not been contacted by any

prospective suitor.

The Wall Street activity coincided with a European trip by Mr Bernick, in which investors in the company were given a taste of what might attract a

potential acquirer. Earnings rose 37 per cent last year to \$18.2m on an 18 per cent increase in sales, and a similar profit rise is expected in the current year. Sales growth of between 15 and 20 per cent is expected in the com-pany's most successful divi-

Two problem areas, however are the international division where the company had a \$4m operating loss last year after marketing problems in the UK, and the household/grocery products sector, where profit margins are running at about a third of the company's 121/2 per cent target.

Unrufflad by the bid rumours, the company has acquisition plans of its own. It failed last year in a \$132m bid for Lamaur, a rival US hair care group, but Mr Bernick said a number of possibla acquisitions were becoming available. European gastronomes, it

can be revealed, will have to wait to try Molly McButter. Alberto "would like to bring it over," said Mr Bernick, but at present wanted to concentrate on its tolletries for the international market. As for those bid rumours, perhaps – like Molly – they should be taken with a pinch of salt.

## **Imperial Oil buys Ocelot** gas assets for C\$370m

OCELOT INDUSTRIES, a most bled western-Canadian energy C\$43m against a C\$55.em successful petrochemicals group, plans fall a year earlier.

Ocelot will also keep a large and gas assets to imperial Oil, the Exxon subsidiary, for about

price depended on future natural

OCELOT INDUSTRIES, a trou-bled western-Canadian energy C\$43m against a C\$65.4m shaort-

methanol plant.

The Charles Bronfman family of Montreal, with two associ-C\$370m (\$296m).

The sale is an important step toward returning Ocelot to financial health. Last December, Imperial Oil took over another troushled energy company, Sulpetro, Chartered bank.

Mr Charles Bronfman is co-Mr Charles Bronfman is co-

Ocelot said C\$60m of the sale chairman of Seagram, the world's price depended on future natural largest distiller, and brother of gas prices. The proceeds will Mr Edgar Bronfman, the Searednes its C\$770m debt.

Steady performance for **Nordic Investment Bank** 

NORDIC INVESTMENT Bank, credit outstanding grew by 33 per the financing institution join-ceut to SDR1.9bn. The balance

Kongsberg had defaulted on payments since June 1987. The tion to lend up to SDR700m for provision, which covers 70 per international project investment of the total credit to the ments. Furthermore NIB plans to company, is the first ever credit establish a Nordic Development loss for the Helsinki-based bank Fund of SDR100m in summer

countries, has reported a uet SDR3.lim, up 30 per cent on 1986 income of SDR34m (\$46.5m) for NIB's interest margin grew by 1987, virtually unchanged from 13 per cent to SDR41m. The Nor-1986. The figures follow the writ-dic countries doubled the bank's ing off of SDR6m to cover credit share capital to SDR1.600m in losses from loss to Kongsberg August last year and this also Vapenfabrikk, the financially doubled its authorisation for troubled Norwegian defence lending to Nordic clients to SDR 4.000mIn addition NIB has authorisa-

The group's oil and gas assets in British Columbia and Sas-interesting and Sas-interesting in the pine months ended Sep-interesting in the pine months ended Sep

17th March, 1988

**NEW ISSUE** 

16th March, 1988



## OJI PAPER CO., LTD.

U.S.\$250,000,000

4% per cent. Bonds Due 1993

**Warrants** 

to subscribe for shares of common stock of Oji Paper Co., Ltd.

Issue Price 100 per cent.

**Nomura International Limited** 

Mitsui Finance International Limited **Credit Suisse First Boston Limited** 

Algemene Bank Nederland N.V.

S. G. Warburg Securities

**DKB International Limited** Merrill Lynch International & Co.

**Salomon Brothers International Limited** 

**Banque Paribas Capital Markets Limited** Daiwa Europe Limited Dresdner Bank Aktiengesellschaft LTCB International Limited **Morgan Stanley International SBCI Swiss Bank Corporation** Shearson Lehman Brothers International

Banque Bruxelles Lambert S.A. Baring Brothers & Co., Limited **Deutsche Bank Capital Markets Limited Kleinwort Benson Limited** J. P. Morgan Securities Asia Ltd. The Nikko Securitiès Co., (Europe) Ltd. J. Henry Schroder Wagg & Co. Limited Société Générale Yamaichi International (Europe) Limited

the state of the s

**NEW ISSUE** 



NIPPON SANSO K.K.

(Japan Oxygen Co., Ltd.)

U.S.\$100,000,000

4½ per cent. Guaranteed Notes Due 1993

Warrants

to subscribe for shares of common stock of Nippon Sanso K.K.

The Notes will be unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed as to payment of principal and interest by

The Fuji Bank, Limited

Issue Price 100 per cent.

Yamaichi International (Europe) Limited

Fuji International Finance Limited Morgan Stanley International Yasuda Trust Europe Limited

Nomura International Limited Daiwa Europe Limited Robert Fleming & Co. Limited Kleinwort Benson Limited Merrill Lynch International & Co. New Japan Securities Europe Limited

Nippon Kangyo Kakumaru (Europe) Limited Saltama Finance International Limited SBCI Swiss Bank Corporation Investment banking

Taiyo Kobe International Limited

Société Générale

Credit Suisse First Boston Limited Deutsche Bank Capital Markets Limited IBJ International Limited LTCB International Limited Morgan Grenfell & Co. Limited The Nikko Securities Co., (Europe) Ltd. Norinchukin International Limited Salomon Brothers International Limited J. Henry Schroder Wagg & Co. Limited

Taiheiyo Europe Limited Union Bank of Switzerland (Securities) Limited

### US. \$150,000,000



### MARINE MIDLAND BANKS, INC.

Floating Rate Subordinated Notes Due 2009

Interest Rate

7% per annum

18th March 1988 20th June 1988

Interest Amount due 20th June 1988 per U.S. \$10,000 Note

per U.S. \$50,000 Note

U.S. \$182.78

Credit Suisse First Boston Limited



U.S.\$500,000,000 Undated Floating Rate Primary Capital Notes

Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 7.25% p.a. and that the interest payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date, September 19, 1988 against Coupon No. 6 in respect of U.5.\$10,000 nominal of the Notes will be U.S.\$372-57. March 18, 1988, London
By: Citibank, N.A. (CSSI Dept.), Agent Bank

CITIBANCO

## **Deutsche Babcock raises** dividend on profits upturn

expected "continuing positive results" this year, but he was "still not satisfied" with the increase in dividend, at DM5 per share for the ordinary shares and DM5.50 for preference, compared with DM3 and DM3.50 respecwith DM3 and DM3.50 respec-tively last time.

The company, which is recov-

DEUTSCHE BABCOCK, the West
Germau engineering and
machine tools group is making
use of an increase in profitability
to boost its dividend to shareholders for the year ended September 1987.

Mr Helmut Wiehn, chairman,
expected "continuing positive
state of the s

building up growing specialisation in the energy and environmental businesses, said it saw
increased opportunities for enviroumental technology orders in year were likely to be about the
east and western Europe as well same as last year's DM4.83bn

per cent of its capital.

Deutsche Babcock, which is first five months of the current

## Steep fall at Klöckner-Werke

The loss was almost entirely due to the bankruptcy of the company's Maxhutte works in Bavaria, which has cost Klöckner

KLOECKNER-WERKE, the West German steel group, saw operating required by the bankruptcy of turnover now steel-related and has cut Klöckner's nominal capital from DM450. Im. At the operating level losses that group was DM389m in the red.

The loss was almost entirely due to the bankruptcy of the company's Maxhutte works in steel were up from DM26m to DM32m, the Bremen works remained profitable, but Osnating level losses that without the unprofitable works in steel were up from DM26m to DM32m, the Bremen works remained profitable, but Osnating level losses and the machine works remained profitable, but Osnating level losses of the Maxhutte works and the machine works remained profitable, but Osnating level losses of the Maxhutte works and the machine works remained profitable, but Osnating level losses of the Maxhutte works and the machine works remained profitable, but Osnating level losses of the Maxhutte works and the machine works remained profitable works and the machine works remained profitable, but Osnating level losses in steel were up from DM26m to DM32m, the Bremen works remained profitable, but Osnating level losses in steel were up from DM26m to DM32m, the Bremen works remained profitable, but Osnating level losses in steel were up from DM26m to DM32m, the Bremen works remained profitable, but Osnating level losses in steel were up from DM26m to DM32m, the Bremen works remained profitable, but Osnating level losses in steel were up from DM26m to DM32m, the Bremen works remained profitable, but Osnating level losses in steel were up from DM26m to DM32m, the Bremen works remained profitable, but Osnating level losses in steel were up from DM32m, the Bremen works remained profitable, but Osnating level losses in steel were up from DM32m, the Bremen works remained profitable works and the Bremen works remained profitable

Group turnover was down from DM6.83bn to DM6.35bn last year.

## **Swissair** expands by 11% and lifts payout

SWISSAIR HAS increased net profits for 1987 by 11 per cent and said it plans partially to restore its dividend following the SFr5 reduction undertaken in 1988

Net earnings have risen to SFr72.1m (\$52.6m) from SFr64.5m in spite of a modest reduction in turnover. The company said gross revenues last year narrowed to SFr4bn from SFr4.05bn.

The dividend is going up by SF3 to SF36 a share. The cut in the 1986 payment followed a near 10 per cent drop in traffic volume during the year and a subsequent 6 per cent decline for net earnings.

The recovery in profit was forecast by the airline. Mr Robert Staubli, the chief executive, said in December that he looked forward to highly satisfactory results for 1987. Business in October, he said, had been running at record levels.

Operating profits last year rose to SF1375.1m. against SF1340.5m. Depreciation took a heavier toll at SF1303m,

### Finnish forest group plans to raise FM240m

By Oill Virtagen in Helsinki

ENSO-GUTZEIT, the Finnish ENSO-GUTZEIT, the Finnish state-controlled forest products group, plans to raise FM240m (559.6m) in a one-for-eight rights issue at FM18 per share. The Finnish Government owns about 52 per cent of Rnso's equity and controls 69 per cent of the votes.

Ense plans to put the pro-ceeds towards its FM4bit investment programme for 1988-90. The proposed sub-scription period for the issue opens on April 18. The new shares entitle holders to a full dividend for 1988.

 Kymmene, Finland's biggest forest products group, will raise its dividend for 1987 will raise its dividend for 1967 to 12 per cent. The dividend in 1986, before a share split, was FM5 equal to 10 per cent. Kymmene plans to seek listing on the London Stock Exchange.

## Superfos climbs out of red

By Hillary Barnes in

SUPERFOS, the Danish fertil-iser, packaging and building materials group, climbed out of the red for last year, but is again not paying a dividend.

The company, which has not paid a dividend since 1985, made a net profit of DKr102m (\$15.9m) for 1987, compared with losses of DKr306m a year caption.

Sales were DKr9.56bn against DKr5.94bn. The turn-over reduction reflects the disposal of fertiliser businesses in the US and Denmark.

### Swiss Re gains Italian insurer

SWISS Reinsurance has gained control of Lloyd Adriatico, the Italian insurance group, by increasing to a majority its stake in Gotthard Finanz, a Swiss holding company, writes Our Financial Staff.

Swiss Re said it acquired the additional shares from Rothschild Bank of Zurich.

## Kuwait acquires taste for Spanish foods

Pta30,000 a share.

To be fair, the advice could not

To be fair, the advice could not have been hard to give. The Kuwatti Investment Office (KIO), through its original Spanish holding, the paper producer Torras Hostench, had bought 19 per cent of Ebro last year and, say analysts, had made no secret about wanting more. On Wednesday, Torras executives visited Ebro's offices in Madrid to inform them forms executives visited Loro's offices in Madrid to inform them that they were making a formal offer for control of the group.

For KIO, the bid — details of which have yet to be announced formally — represents e big and perhaps decisive leap into Span-

permaps decisive seap into span-ish industry. It establishes Kuwait as the higgest foreign investor in Spain and following KIO's successful recent bid for seats on the board of Explosivos Rio Tinto (ERT), the country's higgest fortilizer group it will biggest fertiliser group, it will give Kuwait a commanding posi-tion in the Spanish food market.

Quite why KIO has aimed at Ebro remains unexplained. One senior Madrid broker suggested

IF ANYONE had followed the advice of one of Spain's top hrokers, Iberagentes, last December and bought into the country's biggest sugar producer, Ebro, they, would today be about to make a lot of money. Ebro stock stood at about Pta18,000 a share then and is now the subject of a bid understood to be worth Pta30,000 a share.

Community two years ago the tightly controlled Spanish sugar market has been slightly liberalised, but to the advantage of local producers whose quotas have been lifted about 50,000 tonnes to make a local sweetners into Spain which reached 150,000 tonnes in 1985-6 has been cut by law to 80,000 tonnes a year maximum. 80,000 tonnes a year maximum. Besides sugar, the Ebro group produces pulp, alcohol and yeast

> Peter Bruce on the latest bid inititative by the KIO

the markets for diversifying away from its traditional products and for a willingness to shut down loss-making operations.
The Kuwaitis, through Torras

have roughly two weeks to make their formal offer and the Ebro stock is likely to remain suspended until it does. Analysts do not believe stock exchange authorities will come to Ebro's at their did lest week. defence — as they did last year when turning down Banco de Bil-bao's bid for Banesto — and refuse permission for the offer to go ahead. "KIO will have done its homework," said one.

senior Madrid broker suggested yesterday that Ebro "has a lot of hidden assets," mainly property, which Torras could sell to pay for the purchase.

Ebro, which made uet profits of Pta542m (\$4.9m) in 1986-87 is considered to be highly profitable with little debt. Profit and operating margins have been erratic, but the company is reckoued to be well managed.

Since joining the European homework," said one. Share trading can restart on the day after a formal offer is made, but Spain's use takeover.

## Gota hit by brokerage and options trade losses

GOTA, THE Swedish banking of its banks, and brokerage losses

and financial services group after the October bourse crash.
which was created at the end of Gotabanken, the commercial
1986 out of various financial bank in which the Gota group

interests of the Provenius group, has an 82 per cent shareholding, reported an operating profit of reported a steep drop in operating year and is proposing a dividend due to losses in options trading of SKr21 per share.

The group said that its results other commercial bank in which had been dragged down by two disasters last year — heavy reported a 17 per cent drop in losses on options trading by one operating profits to SKr192m.

### SEK

AB Svensk Exportkredit

U.S. \$125,000,000

Floating Rate Notes due March 1992 For the six months 16th March, 1988 to 16th September, 1988 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 10% per annum with a coupon amount of U.S. \$511:11 per U.S. \$10,000 Note, payable on 16th September, 1988.

Bankers Trust Company, London

Agent Bank

## **Small Business**

The Financial Times proposes to publish this survey on:

22nd April 1988 For a full editorial synopsis and details of available positions, please contact:

**Brett Trafford** on 01-248 5116

or write to him at:

Bracken House 10 Cannon Street EC4P 4BY

**FINANCIAL TIMES** 

## Asda Group plc

(formerly ASDA-MFI GROUP PLC)

(the "Company")

(A company with limited liability in England registered No. 1396513)

to the holders of the outstanding

### £100,000,000 9% per cent. Bonds due 2002

of the Company

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the holders of the above Bonds that, at the adjourned Meeting of such holders convened by the Notice published in the Financial Times on Friday, 26th February, 1988 and held on Wednesday, 16th March, 1988, the Extraordinary Resolution set out in such Notice was duly passed. Accordingly, the due date for payment of interest on the Bonds has been brought forward from 15th May to 25th April in each year and the final maturity date of the Bonds has become 25th April, 2002.

The Company has arranged for Bonds and Coupons which are presented to Paying Agents to be overstamped with the amended interest payment date and maturity date. The Company has changed its name to Asda Group plc and the new name of the Company will also be overstamped on Bonds and Coupons so presented. The validity of Bonds and Coupons which are not presented for overstamping will not be affected.

Dated 18th March, 1988

This Notice is given by Asda Group pic

## Imperial Chemical Industries PLC

has acquired

Stauffer Chemical Company

Chesebrough-Ponds Inc. a subsidiary of Unilever N. V.

The undersigned acted as a financial advisor to ICI PLC in this transaction.

MORGAN LEWIS GITHENS & AHN...

### **Imperial Chemical Industries PLC**

has sold the

Stauffer Specialty Chemicals Group

Akzo America, Inc. a subsidiary of Akzo N. V.

The undersigned acted as financial advisor to ICI PLC in this transaction,

MORGAN LEWIS GITHENS & AHN

October, 1987

## Imperial Chemical Industries PLC

has sold the

Stauffer Basic Chemical Group

Rhône-Poulenc, Inc. a subsidiary of Rhône-Poulenc, S.A.

The undersigned acted as financial advisor to ICI PLC in this transaction.

**MORGAN LEWIS GITHENS & AHN** 

December, 1987

## Service America Corporation

has been acquired from Alleco, Inc. in a leveraged buyout transaction by

Servam Corporation

a newly formed company owned by management, MLGA Fund I, L.P., certain investors, and principals and affiliates of the undersigned.

**MORGAN LEWIS GITHENS & AHN** 

December, 1987

## Food Barn Stores, Inc.

constituting the assets of the Kansas City division of Safeway Stores, Incorporated

> has been acquired in a leveraged buyout transaction by

WS Acquisition Corp. a newly formed company owned by management,

MLGA Fund I, L.P., a financial institution, and

principals of the undersigned.

**MORGAN LEWIS GITHENS & AHN** 

February, 1988

## R. P. Scherer Corporation

has acquired

Paco Pharmaceutical Services, Inc.

The undersigned acted as a financial advisor to R. P. Scherer Corporation in this transaction.

**MORGAN LEWIS GITHENS & AHN** 

Brockway, Inc. (NY)

has been acquired by

Owens-Illinois, Inc.

The undersigned acted as financial advisor to Brockway, Inc. in this transaction.

MORGAN LEWIS GITHENS & AHN February, 1988

## INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

## buys stake in property agent

A Maria Company

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Control of

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2002

LANDESBANK Rheinland-Pfalz, one of West Germany's medium-sized Landesbanken and its 13th biggest bank, is buying a 50 per cent stake in Zadelhoff Deutschland, a leading commercial prop-

erty agent. The purchase follows a similar move by Deutsche Bank into a Cologne-based property group last year. However, the present deal is appreciably larger. Zadelhoff Deutschland, which has about 50 employees, is one of the country's top three property agents with fee income of DM1.5m last year.

No price has been disclosed, but it is likely to be in the region of DM20m to DM30m (\$17.9m). The company, based in Frankfurt, has offices in five major cities and specialises in property services for leading German and Dutch institutional clients.

Zadelhoff Deutschland, which is owned by five partners, is asso-ciated with the Dutch group of the same name, which is the larg-est commercial property agent in

The decision by Landesbank Rheinland-Pfalz, which is jointly-owned by the state government of the Rhineland Palatinate and by regional savings groups, to move into the property business seems unusual at first glanca.

seems injusted at first glance.

However, the benk, which is based in Mainz, is involved in property lending throughout Germany and has worked closely with Zadelhoff Deutschland for more than 10 years.

As part of the resnape, a larger proportion of the group's shares has been placed in public hands and a new chief executive has been chosen — Mr Hanmer Webb-Peploe, former chief of the Shell group of companies in Hong Kong. He will serve under Mr

## Landesbank | Coles Myer interim profits up 35%

Hongkong and Shanghai

Hotels lifts earnings

BY DAVID DODWELL IN HONG KONG

COLES MYER, Australia's biggest retailer, lifted net earnings
34.9 per cent for the six months the group's Myer stores and to January 24, on a 6.4 per cent from the group's Myer stores group, the sis in sales.

Figures released by the Mellitourne-based company yesterday showed after-tax profits of A\$176.6m (US\$129.7m) on sales of A\$176.6m (US\$129.7m) on sales of A\$6.35bn. The tax bill was A\$30m higher at A\$153m.

Mr Brian Quinn, chairman, said sales growth would continue to be difficult to achieve but added that directors expected profitability growth to be main.

Generally, the results are a clear indication that last October's stock market collapse has been's stock market collapse has so far had little serious impact on the June for the group's Myer stores group, the its Discount Stores group, the first significant contribution of the UK or US.

This view was reinforced yes the UK or US.

During the six months, the company opened 49 new free-showed a seasonally adjusted showed a seasonally adjusted that directors expected of expenses, increasing any significant fall in consumer spending since October and sales and profits for February were spending since October and sales and profits for February were abled of budget, Mr Quinn said.

He also confirmed that Coles was still interested in buying cents last year.

## Danish group agrees palm oil venture in Malaysia

BY WONG SULONG IN KUALA LUMPUR

HONGKONG and Shanghai Michael Kadoorie, the chairman. Turnover was HK\$875m, up 21 Peninsula Hotel and has been per cent. The board has record a 25,000 acre paim oil protocolled for the past 80 years mended a final dividend of 7 by the family of Lord Kadoorie, a cust per share making 12 cents. The company said 1987 was a yearday reported 1987 net profits of HK\$280.7m (US\$80.85m), a 17.5 per cent improvement on the year against 10 cents. This came amid a number of corporate developments during the year. Most prominent among these was a restructuring in Grand December, croded the year. Most prominent among control mounted by Chinese d Estates, a company chaired by Mr Joseph Lau.

As part of the reshape, a larger proportion of the group's shares has been placed in public hands a name with example of the group's shares has been placed in public hands and a new chief executive has been chosen — Mr Hanner of the Shell group of companies in Hong in the proper cent.

Shell group of companies in Hong in the proper cent in the group state of the group state in the group state i

In 1986, Green Island and its

Advance by ANI AUSTRALIAN National Industries (ANI), the country's biggest heavy engineering company. lifted net profits to A335m (US\$25.7m) in the seven months to January, compared with A\$31.8m, Our Financial

## **Egyptian American Bank shows** recovery

EGYPTIAN-American Bank, in which American Express has a 49 per cent stake, returned sharply increased profits in 1987 after a slide in earnings the previous year, writes Tony Walker in Cairo.

Net profit was Eczi.7m (\$9.6m), an increase of 114 per cent. Cleaning the slate of bad debts had depressed the 1996 results but Mr Elle Baroudi, managing director, also attri-buted the performance to strong links with companies in export and tourism, two suc-cessful sectors.

### Mitsubishi

Staff writes.

Chemical ahead MITSUBISHI Chemical Industries of Japan boosted pre-tax profits by nearly a quarter to Y30bm (\$235.3m) in-the year to January, compared with Y24.1bn, Our Financial

This came in spite of a dip in sales to Y623bn from Y631.1hn, and was attributed to cost-cutting. The annual dividend is being lifted to Y6 per share

### Merger boosts **Green Island**

GREEN ISLAND Coment (Holdings), the Hong Kong building materials company chaired by Mr Li Ka-thing, achieved net profits from operations of HK\$80.5m (US\$10.3m) for 1987, a period during which it merged with the Characteristics. its China Cement associate, Our Financial Staff writes.

associates recorded after-tax profits of HK\$43.8m. The results were struck before extraordinary gains of HK\$22.9m in the latest year from the sale of property and HK\$15.7m the time before.

### U.S. \$100,000,000



Arab Banking Corporation (B.S.C.)

Floating Rate Notes Due 1996

Interest Rate

71/8% per annum

Interest Period

18th March 1988 19th September 1988

Interest Amount per U.S. \$10,000 Note due

19th September 1988 U.S. \$366.15

Credit Suisse First Boston Limited Agent Bank

### US \$100,000,000

**Takugin International (Asia) Limited** 

Guaranteed Floating Rate Notes Due 1994



Guaranteed as to payment of principal and interest by The Hokkaido Takushoku Bank, Limited

Interest Rate

71/16% per annum

Interest Period

19th September 1988 U.S. \$10,000 Note due

19th September 1988 U.S. \$352.93 **Credit Suisse First Boston Limited** 

## BAWAG

Agent Bank

## BANK FÜR ARBEIT UND WIRTSCHAFT A.G.

U.S.\$40,000,000 Subordinated Floating Rate Notes due 1990

In accordance with the terms and conditions of the above-me Notes notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 7.25% per annum and that the interest payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date, September 19, 1988 against Coupon No. 12 in respect of U.S.\$10,000 nominal of the Notes will be U.S.\$372.57.

March 18, 1988, London By: Citibank, N.A. (CSSI Dept.), Agent Bank

## Lion increases holding in LD Nathan to 78%

### Fletcher has enough ANM

FLETCHER CHALLENGE, the

BY DAI HAYWARD IN WELLINGTON

LION CORPORATION, the New block the merger.

Zealand brewer; has acquired Malayan Breweries, one of another 35 per cent of L.D. Lion's main shareholders, along nature of the country's largest with some smaller shareholders and two directors of Lion, want to quash a resolution which was passed at an extraordinary meeting lanned merger with Nathan. It is approving the merger. Planned merger with Nathan. It is approving the merger. Planned merger with Nathan but faces a of Lion, is objecting to Lion pay for the merchant bank but faces a of Lion, is objecting to Lion pay for the merchant bank but faces a of Lion, is objecting to Lion pay for the merchant bank but faces a of Lion, is objecting to Lion pay for the merchant bank but faces a of Lion, is objecting to Lion pay for cent the merchant bank but faces a of Lion, is objecting to Lion pay for cent the merchant bank but faces a of Lion, is objecting to Lion pay for cent the merchant bank but faces a of Lion, is objecting to Lion pay for cent the merchant bank but faces a of Lion, is objecting to Lion pay for cent the merchant bank but faces a of Lion, is objecting to Lion pay for cent the merchant bank but faces a of Lion, is objecting to Lion pay for cent the merchant bank but faces a of Lion, is objecting to Lion pay for cent the merchant bank but faces a of Lion, is objecting to Lion pay for cent the face and for the now half-owned Anstralian Newsprint Mills, writes Dai Hayward.

It also denied that it bought the life Group.

It confirmed it bought a 50 per cent to ANM sold on Wednesday bell Group.

It confirmed it bought a 50 per cent to provide for the company's core construction products.

Sydney publishing company. It paid NYX120m (US\$96.5m) for pay large the pay large that the pay larg

## James Hardie undertakes two-year restructuring

## KO3C 1275C DOTherannouncement appears as a matter of record only - 100 100 100

Staff writes ::



## Creditanstalt-Bankverein

U.S. \$150,000,000 8½ Per Cent. Bonds Due 1991

Chase Investment Bank

Creditanstalt-Bankverein

SBCI Swiss Bank Corporation Investment banking

Deutsche Bank Capital Markets Limited

Algemene Bank Nederland N.V.

Bank Brussel Lambert N.V.

**BNP Capital Markets Limited** Crédit Agricole

Credit Suisse First Boston Limited

Dresdner Bank

Euromobiliare Limited, London Genossenschaftliche Zentralbank AG

Österreichische Länderbank Swiss Volksbank

S.G. Warburg Securities

Banca del Gottardo

Banque Paribas Capital Markets Limited

Commerzbank Aktiengesellschaft

Crédit Lyonnais

Credito Italiano

**EBC Amro Bank Limited** 

Société Générale

Generale Bank

**IBJ** International Limited

Wirtschafts-und Privatbank



U.S. \$150,000,000

Chase Investment Bank

Kleinwort Benson Limited

Barclays de Zoete Wedd Limited

Algemene Bank Nederland N.V.

Bank Brussel Lambert N.V.

LTCB International Limited

Morgan Stanley International

Prudential-Bache Capital Funding

Sumitomo Finance international

Wirtschafts- und Privatbank

**BNP Capital Markets Limited** 

Deutsche Bank Capital Markets Limited

8% Per Cent. Bonds Due 1993

Shearson Lehman Brothers International Westdeutsche Landesbank SBCI Swiss Bank Corporation Investment banking

Daiwa.Europe Limited

Girozentrale

Bank of Tokyo Capital Markets Group

Banque Paribas Capital Markets Limited

Commerzbank Aktiengesellschaft

Kidder, Peabody International Limited

Samuel Montagu & Co Limited PaineWebberInternational

Salomon Brothers International Limited

Swiss Volksbank



CHASE

Brazilian

group plans

gold-backed

By John Barham In Sao Paulo

company's financial director, said: "Nothing has been

defined yet, the matter is still under discussion with the cen-tral bank." The central bank of

However, bankers in Sac

However, bankers in Sao Paulo expect the bond to be part forward gold contract and part debenture. Investors would be able to choose to link their investment to a fixed 6 per cent annual interest rate, or to the future price of gold. Investors who chose the gold clause would receive the

clanse would receive the amount of gold specified on

bond issue

Hilary Barnes on continuing stock exchange reform in Denmark

## Copenhagen SE goes electronic

day break which is being used to convert physical share certificates to electronic registrations

ing system will also come into
use, which may cause one or two
don's Big Bang will not take
place with the Danish system, as
their morning newspaper.

their morning newspaper. everyt The closure is the prelude to the next big steps in the continuing process of reforming the Danish securities trading system—after the conversion of bonds in the introduction of electronic trading in both bonds and shares in May and the establishment of a market in options and futures, which will probably take place in the summer.

Copenhagen's reform is not a big bang but a controlled gush, which began with the ending on January 1 1987, of the monopoly to trade on the stock exchange enjoyed by 26 broking firms. The reform will be complete some time towards the end of this year, when all bonds and shares will be tradeable through the elec-tronic system. Copenhagen is not just setting up an electronic sup-port system for trading it will also be possible to complete trades electronically. As Mr Bent Mebus, managing director of the Copenhagen Stock

**Baring Bros** in Far East

reorganisation

By David Dodwell in Hong Kong

BARING BROTHERS, the UK

HARING BROTHERS, the UK financial services group, yesterday revealed plans to reorganise its operations in Hong Kong and Singapore, with branches of the headquarters group taking over local and regional operations from its wbolly-owned subsidiary, Baring Brothers Asia.

Barings has been established in

Hong Kong since 1973, with separate units engaged in corporate finance, securities business, and fund management. In Singapore,

the parent will operate as an approved merchant bank with an

everything takes place electroni-

The conversion of share certificates is taking place five years

Six-day break

THE COPENHAGEN Stock Exchange, explained, Copen- they will be listed in the same Exchange will be closed from hagen has gone about the computation way as on all other stock place on the floor of the stock march 23 to 28 inclusive, a sixtensial to 28 inclusive, a sixt

"We have chosen to establish a panies have a face value of into the computerised system."

"We have chosen to establish a panies have a face value of into the computerised system."

"We have chosen to establish a panies have a face value of into the computerised system."

"We have chosen to establish a panies have a face value of into the computerised system. In other words, and a trading march 24 will not, in fact, change. But some companies have shares with face values of bare system afterwards. This means that we can avoid problems over the system will also come into the computerised system.

Visible trading

Among the last to be compute itself appear in the newspaper listings are will be the highly popular that the part of the particular of into the computerised system.

Visible trading

Among the last to be computerised system.

listed before the closure.

Electronic trading is already being tested, with 25 securities now in the system.

The stock exchange has devel-oped its own standard trading system, which is available to all brokers. But it is a basic system, which few broking firms are expected to use. However, it is relatively cheap, at about DKr500,000 (\$78,000), and will enable the smaller of the old broking firms to stay in the

The six-day trading break But most of the 49 broking allows for the settlement of all companies entitled to trade under trades which took place on the new system have developed But most of the 49 broking March 22, under the three-day their own custom-built decentral-settlement rule. The pause ised trading systems, which should also give the VPC's com-puters ample time to detect any tion which each company consid-

settlement rule. The should also give the VPC's computers ample time to detect any tion which each company double registration of certificates, ers necessary.

The plan is to inaugurate the sortad out before trading decentralised trading system at about DKrishn or about DKrishn

Europaper issue by Rabobank

The programms, due to be signed on Monday, is being put longer-term capital issues to fund together by SBCI, which is acting as dealer along with County Nat-West, Citicorp and CSFB.

Based in Utrecht, Rabobank impetus to explore new sources has a strong domestic orienta.

Ericsson forecasts rise in profits

markets and pave the way for tion and changes to the tax longer-term capital issues to fund the bank's commercial lending ank's traditional deposit base.

Stockholm.

Mr. Bjoern Svedberg, Ericsson's chief executive officer, said yesterday he was optimistic about prospects for 1988.

The group showed a 20 per cent increase in profits after financial concentrate on the core telecomitations. By 1 12hr (198 5m) last

items to SKr1.12bn (\$189.5m) last munications business.

slightly different way from most price per share.

Shares in the majority of committial and shares, bave been slotted and shares, have been slotted COMPANHIA VALE do Rio Doce, one of Brazil's biggest and best managed nationalised companies, is planning to issue a gold-backed bond. Mr Wilson Brummer, the

Among the last to be compute ised will be the highly popular ! per cent 2006 bonds, which account for a high proportion of bond turnover. These will proba-bly join the system in the autumn and, once that has happened, there will probably not be enough money left in the auction system to enable it to survive. said Mr Thomas Bjerregaard general manager of Coco Securi-ties, the broking company of Copenhagen Handelsbank.

Trading in Copenhagen is dom-inated by the large and liquid bond market, which has attracted increasing interest in recent years from foreign investors. It years from foreign investors. It has a turnover of about DKr5,000bn, only a fraction of which takes place on the stock exchange itself. Under the new system, however, all bond trading will become visible.

Mr Adolfse said that change

in the Dutch savings market brought on by increased competi-

RABOBANK, THE large Dutch the programme may be increased tion, particularly in the agricultogether a \$500m EurocommerMr J. Adolfse, Rabobank's generated tion, particularly in the agricultural sector, and has only recently begun to extend its hori-

making it the world's fifth largest producer.

If the paper is brought to the market, it would help stabilise Vale's uneven finances. Last year, it reported a \$344m net loss, partly because of poorly matched loans. Vale owes \$2.7m, most of it in local currency, year, D-Warks or Swiss rency, yen, D-Marks or Swiss francs. But most of its revenues come from exports, which are denominated in US dollars.

The hybrid bonds would avoid similar problems in the future. Mr Brummer said Vale hopes to link its horrowing to future production.

**Montedison** 

asset sales raise

further L40bn -By John Wyles in Rome

PROCEEDS from Montedison's

sales of non-strategic assets in recent weeks climbed to about L350bn (\$282.4m) yesterday when the Italian chemicals and pharmaceuticals group announced a deal with an Ital-

ian-Swedish consortium.

Perstorp AB of Sweden and
Polioli of Castellanza, near Milan, have agreed to pur-chase two intermediate chemicals plants in northern Italy,

ons a\* Castellanza and the other at Novara. The price is

believed to be between L40bn and L45bu.
The plants, which employ

135 people, manufacture a range of chemicals, including formaldehyde and hydrosui-

phides used in the manufac-ture of glues.

A Montedison spekesman said the new owners pledged to maintain and develop the

businesses, no longer regarded as central to the Milan-based

company's chemicals strategy. In little more than a month, Montedison has raised L240bn

from the sale of its stake in Mira Lanza, the detergent manufacturer, L45bn from the

lubricants business owned by its Rol subsidiary, and L16.5bn from a 50 per cent stake in a

trolling shareholder, is aiming to raise about L1,000tn from asset sales as a contribution toward reducing the company's L7,800tn debt.

**Novel CD from** 

CITIBANK'S HONG Kong branch will today begin public subscription for the first cur-rency-linked certificate of deposit issue in the colony, Renter reports from Hong

Kong.

The one year issue for up to C\$75m will carry a 612 per ce

coupon. Denominations are of C\$50,000 and issue price is par. The issue will mature by mid-April 1988.

Repayment at maturity will be linked to the difference between the Canadian dollar's

exchange rate on the deposit date and on the maturity date.

For every 1 per cent rise in the Canadian dollar's value on

maturity date the certificate holder will be repaid an amount equal to 1 per cent of

principal and interest combined, in addition to the prin-cipal and interest. The obverse holds for a decline in the Cana-

However, the upside gain is unlimited while the downside ick is restricted to 6 per cent.

Citibank HK

ian-Swedish cons

## the paper upon maturity. The local indexation rate would protect investors opting for the fixed interest clause by adjusting principle and accrued interest in line with Brazil's

400 per cent inflation rate.

The five-year paper is planned to help finance the company's expanding gold mining operation. The group is among the largest mining companies in the world.

Last year Vale mined less

than a tonne of gold but Mr Brunner says he expects out-put to reach 10 tonnes by 1992. In 1987, Brazil produced an estimated 36 tonnes of gold, making it the world's fifth

The Eurosterling bond market initially sold off after a % per-centage point cut in UK base lending raiss to 8% per cent, But

## Canadian dollar sector sees two more deals

The Canadian dollar sector has proved one of the most popular sectors of the Eurobond market sectors of the Eurobonn market. The deal was bid at the sectors of the Eurobonn market. The deal was bid at the sectors a per issue price. (Singapore) by C\$25m to C\$100m, deals totalling C\$850m have been

Dealers said the strength of the Canadian dollar against the US unit was keeping demand for Canadian dollar bonds firm, canadian dollar bonds firm, although the prices of some recent issues were auffaring under the weight of new paper. A seven-year bond for Toronto Dominion Bank, for instance, was quoted at less 2% bid.

was quoted at less 2% bid.
Investors were preferring to
stay at the shorter end of the
yield curve, dealers said, so Michalin's seven-year 10 per cent
bond, led yesterday by Deutsche
Bank Capital Markets, was expected to be a hard sell, even though the French tyre and rubber com-

pany is a household name in Europe.

The C\$100m bond, priced at 101%, was quoted at less 1% bid, the level of its total faces by the lead manager, but at less 2 bid elegywhere

A C\$100m 10 per cent bond for Calsse Centrale Designatins du Quebec, the Canadian co-operative bank, was seen as slightly tightly priced. The five-year bond, led by Union Bank of Switzerland (Consolition) was bid designation. zerland (Securities), was bid at less 1%, a discount equal to full commissions, to a 101% issue

price.

Data showing a US trade deficit of \$12.4bn in January — somewhat better than had been expected — boosted the Eurodollar bond market towards the end of the day, despite a confused initial reaction. At the close, longerdated Eurodollar bonds were about % points higher and deal-ers said the market had devel-

oped a more confident tone.

TWO CANADIAN dollar Eurobonds emerged yesterday morning, despite widespread nervousness about launching new deals level which had apparently ahead of the release of the closely watched US trade figures later in the day.

Tetal buyers appeared during the amounced. The most recent 6% per cent 10-year issue was fixed at 100.20 yesterday, 10 basis points down, to yield 6.22 per cent.

The day.

The most recent 6% per cent 10-year issue was fixed at 100.20 yesterday, 10 basis points down, to yield 6.22 per cent.

The day of the closely watched us trade figures later in the day.

unchanged on the day.

Banco di Napoli found very strong demand for a new L150bn floating-rate note for the Euro-pean Investment Bank - only 100.70 against a par issue price.

INTERNATIONAL BONDS

The eight-year bond pays % point over six-month London interbank offered rate unless the average of six-month Italian Treasury bills and the domestic interbank rate, plus 1 per cent, is 25 basis points below the first rate. In that case, it pays the lat-

Late in the day, Hambros Bank announced an A\$50m five-year 12% per cent bond for International Finance Corporation, the resigning the leadership of its 24-affiliate of the World Bank, strong bond underwriting syndi-priced at 101%. The issue was a cate. Leadership is expected to club deal involving a small man-pass to Trade Development Bank,

club deal involving a small management group.

Prices in both the D-Mark a Geneva subsidiary of American Express Bank which is being markets closed unchanged on the day after being marked down at the outset in sympathy with overnight weakness in US Treasuries. The US trade data helped buying interest re-emerge later.

Today, details of a new Federal government bond will be the syndicate, resigned to join to the syndicate in the syndicate.

Deutsche Bank Finance (Cura-cao) issued a DM500m five-year 5 per cent bond, priced at 101. which was led by its parent. It was bid at less 1%. Dealers said five-year paper was seeing good

After issuing a 20-year public bond on Wednesday, Electricité de France tapped the private placement market yesterday with a SFr100m 4 per cent five-year bond priced at 101. The issue was viewed favourably, quoted at less 1% bid.

A SFr200m 20-year 5 per cent bond for the Province of Quebec closed its first day's trading at 99, two points below its issue price. A SFr100m % per cent bond for Mitsul Trust and Banking, also after its first day's dealings, closed at the same level but against a par issue price.

Bank Gutzwiller, Kurz, Bungener said yesterday it was resigning the leadership of its 24-

### **Bridging finance for British Gas** BY STEPHEN FIDLER, EUROMARKETS CORRESPONDENT

BARCLAYS BANK said yester- will not be syndicating it to other day it was providing \$800m of bridging financing to help British Gas with the purchase of its controlling stake of Bow Valley Industries, the Canadian gas

Barclays was one among several banks which bid to provide the 12-month financing and, having won the mandate outright.

banks. Terms were not disclosed.

Drawings can be made in Canadian or US dollars and the interim financing has been put in place until British Gas finalises other funding arrangements. It

### FT INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE

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New Issue

These Notes having been sold. this announcement appears as a matter of record only.

ERICSSON, THE Swedish tele-communications group, expects Mr Bjoer

an improvement in profits for 1988, given the strong order intake so far this year and the

Asian currency unit.

Baringa also has branches in disposal by the group in the last year of several troublesome

co-operative bank, is putting to \$1bn.

Mr J. Adolfse, Rabobank's general manager end treasurer, said its efforts to give a broader international investor base to its sources of funds.

Mr J. Adolfse, Rabobank's general manager end treasurer, said yesterday that the issue would improve his bank's name recognition in the international capital markets and recognition.

March, 1988



### The Long-Term Credit Bank of Japan, Limited

(Kabushiki Kaisha Nippon Choki Shinyo Ginko) (A Japanese Corporation)

U.S.\$150,000,000

85/8% Notes Due 1993 Issue Price 1011/2 per cent.

LTCB International Limited

**Credit Suisse First Boston Limited** 

J. P. Morgan Securities Ltd.

**Salomon Brothers International Limited** 

ASLK/CGER Bank

**Bankers Trust International Limited** 

Bank Brussel Lambert N.V.

**Banque Paribas Capital Markets Limited** Commerzbank Aktiengesellschaft

Baring Brothers & Co., Limited **County NatWest Limited** 

Crédit Agricole

Crédit Commercial de France Dai-ichi Europe Limited

Crédit Lyonnais

Deutsche Bank Capital Markets Limited Girozentrale und Bank der österreichischen Sparkassen

**Daiwa Europe Limited** 

Goldman Sachs International Corp.

**Krediethank International Group** 

**Manufacturers Hanover Limited** 

Samuel Montagu & Co. Limited

Merrill Lynch International & Co.

Nomura International Limited

**Morgan Stanley International** 

SBCI Swiss Bank Corporation Investment banking

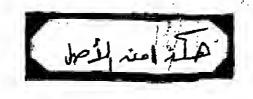
Saitama Finance International Limited

Société Générale

Shearson Lehman Brothers International Union Bank of Switzerland (Securities) Limited

S.G. Warburg Securities

Westdeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale



IMI has appointed Sir Rric Pountain, chairman and chief executive of Tarmac, as a non-executive of Tarmac, as a non-executive director from May 18. Sir traded options department. She Mr Roy E. Cain has been Robert Clark, IMI chairman, is to was with Shearson Lehman appointed general manager of retire at the annual meeting in Roberts.

Robert Clark, IMI chairman, is to was with Shearson Lehman appointed general manager of retire at the annual meeting in Roberts.

NEM INSURANCE. He was general Mr Simon Wrightson has been May 1989, when he will be succeeded by Sir Eric, who will Mr Charles Monck has been Employers' General Insurance appointed to the board of John remain executive chairman of appointed chief executive of the Company in South Africa.

Tarmac, Mr David Livingstone, a 'ORKSHIRE & HUMBERSIDE \*

Tarmac Mr David Livingstone, a 'ORKSHIRE & HUMBERSIDE \*

Tarmac Mr David Livingstone, a 'ORKSHIRE & HUMBERSIDE \*

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Tarmac Mr David Livingstone in currending De Lohn Bridge who

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SAICE

GROUP director responsible for manager at English Estates. worldwide investor relations operations and also chairman of LLOYDS MERCHANT HANK has the group's research subsidiary, appointed Mr Peter Kysel a directonsensus Research, will take tor and head of the international over from Mr Michael Horstead equity team at Lloyds Investment as deputy group chairman from Managers. He will also Join the April I. Mr Horstead will be retirboard of Lloyds Merchant Banking in June but will remain on 'He was a director at Touche the board as a non-executive Remnant where he was responsidirector. Mr Maitland will he for investment trust activities group's corporate planning func. responsibility for that company's investor relations division, working closely with group's American and European operations.

VILLAGE GREEN has appointed Mr Richard Dibben as chairman. He is managing director of Dibben Construction, Southampton.

EUROTHERM INTERNATIONAL Mr Max de Boysson as a non-ex-has appointed Mr Joseph Wilkin-son to the board. Mr Max de Boysson as a non-ex-ecutive director. He is a director and general manager of Via Ban-

has appointed Mr Ian Waiton as chief executive of Sunzest (U.K.), marketing arm of its international fresh produce business. He appointed Mr Roland Adams an executive director with responsibility for the day to day running

NORBAIN ELECTRONICS has appointed Mr Robert Stead, formerly of Hewlett Packard, as Mr Tony Reswick marketing director overseeing Norbain Micro, and Norbain Data

### Esso finance director

appointed finance director of ESSO on April 1. It is expected that he will be elected to the boards of Esso UK, Esso Petro-leum Co., and Esso Exploration and Production UK.

non-executive director of IMI will DEVELOPMENT ABSOLUTION, NATIONAL TELEPHONE retire at the annual meeting in succeeding Dr John Bridge, who SYSTEMS has appointed Mi May.

\*\*
Northern Development Company, He Joins from LT. where he was Mr Angus Maitland, THE VPI Mr Monck is business development director.

operations and also chairman of LLOYDS MERCHANT BANK has

Lord Crickhowell has been appointed chairman of FROST & REED (HOLDINGS), a whollyowned subsidiary of HTV Group. He was Secretary of State for Wales from 1979 until 1987.

VIVAT HOLDINGS has appointed and general manager of Via Ban-que SA as well as its parent com-POLLY PECK INTERNATIONAL pany, Compagnie de Navigation has appointed Mr Ian Walton as Mixte SA.

of the Eastbourne timber frame

Mr Tony Beswick has been appointed deputy managing director of FERRANTI COM-PUTER SYSTEMS. He has also been appointed chairman of the boards of Feranti International Controls Corporation of Houston, Texas, and Ferranti Healthcare Corporation of Baltimore, Maryland. Mr Beswick retains his Mr James I. Alcock will be at Wythenshawe as director and general manager.

and the second second

NATIONAL TELEPHONE Mr Ron Corbet has been SYSTEMS has appointed Mr appointed chief executive and Robin Allison as export director, director at AMEV GENERAL He joins from IT. where he was

GEORGE WIMPEY has appointed Mr J.P.F. Cooke as divisional director of Wimpey Engineering.

Grimes has been appointed to the truck and bu board of Wiltshier Reading and eral Motors. Mr David Harris estimating director at Wiltshier Construc-

### Senior posts at Rowntree



SER GRAHAM WILKINS

Sir Graham Wilkins will become represented on the board by Madeputy chairman of ROWNTREE Sally Goodsell. william Jacksons and the retirement of Mr David

\*\*

Cramb in May. Sir Graham is Mr Gordon Webster has been chairman of Thorn EML Sir appointed divisional sales directions has appointed in Augus Michael Franklia has been tor of the SOUND DIFFUSION Oughtred to its main board. He is appointed a non-executive direction.

business development director.

\*\*Mr Dennis Stevenson has joined the board of ELUE ARROW as a non-executive director. He is chairman and founder of the SRU Group.

\*\*NSURANCE CO. He joins from INSURANCE Corporation of Ireland where he was general manager with responsibility for its London non-marine branch and group reinsurance. Mr Corporation of Insurance Corporation of Ireland where he was general manager with responsibility for its London non-marine branch and group reinsurance. Mr Corporation of Ireland where he was general manager with responsibility for its London non-marine branch and group reinsurance. Mr Corporation of Ireland where he was general manager with responsibility for its London non-marine branch and group reinsurance. Mr Corporation of Ireland where he was general manager with responsibility for its London non-marine branch and group reinsurance. Mr Corporation of Ireland where he was general manager with responsibility for its London non-marine branch and group reinsurance. Mr Corporation of Ireland where he was general manager with responsibility for its London non-marine branch and group reinsurance. Mr Corporation of Ireland where he was general manager with responsibility for its London non-marine branch and group reinsurance. Mr Corporation of Ireland where he was general manager with responsibility for its London non-marine branch and group reinsurance. Mr Corporation of Ireland where he was general manager with responsibility for its London non-marine branch and group reinsurance.

Former Volvo, Seddon-Atkinson and Hestair group executive, Mr Peter Wragg, has been appointed sales and marketing director of The JOHN E. WILTSHIER sales and marketing director of GROUP has made the following AWD. AWD is a new British componintments: Mr Malcolm mercial vehicle manufacturer: Darby has been promoted to client services director at Wiltshier Mr David J.B. Brown following South Midlands. Mr Barry his acquisition of the Bedford Grieses has been appointed in the services formed at the project form Grieses approximately in the services formed formed at the project formed for truck and bus busines from Gen-

> Mr David Maule-ffinch has been appointed a non-executive director of CAPTIRAL RADIO. He is a director of Dominfast Invest-ments which has a 17.2 per cent holding in Capital Radio.

BARCLAYS BANK has appointed Mr John Scott as corporate direc-tor of its London City regional office. He was an executive director of Barclays Bank Australia.

Mr Peter Corthine has been appointed divisional general manager by BIS APPLIED SYSTEMS. A divisional director, he becomes responsible for both technical and management training, as well as longer term devel-

Mr Steve Mason, former chairman of Atlantic Computer Services Group, and president of Atlantic Computers Inc., has launched his own specialist computer leasing business, CAPITAL COMPUTERS, with Guinness Malon as minority shareholder, represented on the board by We

## HongkongBank (X)

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability

## **Annual General Meeting**

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the shareholders of the Bank will be held on Level 18.

1 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong, at 3.00 pm on Tuesday 10 May 1988 to transact the following ordinary business:

- 1 to receive and consider the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the Reports of the Directors and of the Auditors for the year ended 31 December 1987 and to declare a final dividend;
- 2 to elect Directors and fix their remuneration:
- 3 to appoint Auditors and authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration

and by way of special business to consider and (if thought fit) pass the following Ordinary Resolutions:

- that the capital of the Bank be increased from HK\$12,000 million to HK\$18,000 million by the creation of 2,400 million shares of HK\$2.50 each;
- (a) it is desirable to capitalise the sum of HK\$1,181,753,670 from the reserve fund of the Bank by a charge to the Share Premium Account and that accordingly the said sum be capitalised and applied in payment in full for 472,701,468 unissued shares of the Bank of HK\$2.50 each;
- (b) such new shares, credited as fully paid, be distributed among the shareholders who on 10 May 1988 are registered shareholders of the Bank in the proportion of one new share for every 10 shares then held by them respectively;
- (c) such new shares shall in all respects rank pari passu with the existing shares of the Bank except that they shall not rank for dividends for the year ended 31 December 1987; and
- (d) the Board be and is hereby authorised to allot and issue such new shares for distribution in the manner and proportion aforesaid but so that shares representing fractions shall be sold and the net proceeds retained for the benefit of the Bank; and
- 6 that a general mandate be and is hereby unconditionally given to the Directors to exercise full powers of the Bank to issue, allot and dispose of shares of the Bank (including making and granting offers, agreements and options which would or which might require shares to be issued, allotted or disposed of, whether during the continuance of such mandate or thereafter) provided that, otherwise than pursuant to (i) a rights issue where shares are offered to shareholders on a fixed record date in proportion to their then holdings of shares (subject to such exclusions or other arrangements as the Directors may deem necessary or expedient in relation to fractional entitlements or having regard to any restrictions or obligations under the laws of, or the requirements of any recognised regulatory body or any stock exchange in, any territory outside Hong Kong) or (ii) any scrip dividend scheme or similar arrangements implemented in accordance with the Regulations of the Bank, the additional shares issued, allotted or disposed of (including shares agreed conditionally or unconditionally to be issued, allotted or disposed of, whether pursuant to an option or otherwise) shall not in aggregate exceed five per cent of the issued share capital of the Bank as enlarged by the issue of shares pursuant to the capitalisation issue referred to in Resolution 5 above.

By Order of the Board R G Barber Secretary

Hong Kong, 15 March 1988

(1) The Register of Shareholders will be closed from 18 April until 10 May 1988 (both dates inclusive). In order to qualify for the final dividend and for the capitalisation issue, all transfers (accompanied by the relevant share certificates) must be lodged with the Registrars not later than

(2) None of the Directors has a service contract with the Bank of more than one year's duration.

## THER INCREASED .... TO £13bn

### ▼ NEW BUSINESS

Once again record new business figures have been achieved. Total new premium income for 1986/87 reached £975m; in addition the company sold £48m of unit trusts.

### ▼ BONUS.

Both the Chairman and the Managing Director, Mr G D Gwilt, referred to the effect of the stockmarket fall on bonuses. Mr Gwilt said. "We have again maintained our reversionary bonuses on all classes of policy throughout the Company. We have adjusted the terminal bonuses so that in the United Kingdom the total paid for each individual policy becoming a claim will be larger than last year for those with longer terms but less for those with shorter terms.

"For several years now," said Mr Gwilt, "the levels of reversionary bonus in the United Kingdom have reflected exceptionally high rates of return and it has been clear for some time that sooner or later interest rates must fall to be consistent with the recent lower rates of inflation of around 4%. It would be foolish to expect and unwise to anticipate higher inflation. Thus we have decided to reduce slightly the rate at which bonuses accrue in future on our United Kingdom pensions policies." Mr Gwilt pointed out that "A policyholder should not, at the end of the day, be unduly interested in the proportions of the total payout represented by the guaranteed benefits, reversionary bonus and terminal bonus. There are, however, two advantages to be gained by having lower reversionary bonuses - the ability to earn larger surpluses and the strengthening of an office." He suggested that while a policyholder might, if asked, say that he preferred a higher to a lower reversionary bonus, he would not say the same if he knew that ability to pay higher total bonuses depends on freedom to invest outside the area of United Kingdom fixed interest securities and that that freedom is diminished the higher are the declared attaching reversionary bonuses. He continued, "We have always aimed to pay out the highest bonuse our funds will support subject only to maintaining our strength; that is, retaining sufficient free funds to finance the business and cover fluctuations in investment returns and mortality. The strength of an office is difficult to gauge from published figures alone so comparisons between one company and another are difficult to make with any precision. However, we have compared our own strength from one year to the next and have found it unvaryingly sound."

### **▼ INVESTMENT**

More than half of all the money invested by Standard Life in United Kingdom ordinary shares in the year to 15 November was invested in. the three weeks after the stockmarket falls of last October. Standard Life has continued to build up its research and dealing capability. "It is gratifying to be able to preface another year of excellent progress for Standard Life," said Sir Robert Smith, Chairman. "In spite of the dramatic falls last October in the world's stockmarkets, our assets under management had further increased at 15 November 1987 to £13bn."

EXTRACTS FROM THE ANNUAL REPORT (1987)

Since Big Bang' in October 1986 dealing costs have declined significantly, to the benefit of policyholders and clients.

Commenting on the suggestion that institutional investors such as Standard Life have been a partial cause of the relatively poor performance of British companies by seeking short-term returns, Mr Gwilt said, "These complaints led to the setting up of the CBI City/ Industry Task Force which reported in October 1987. After a careful examination of the available evidence, the Task Force concluded that the view that short-term pressures from financial markets affect business decision-making was not generally warranted, other factors, such as cost of capital or inadequate rates of return, being of much greater significance. We agree with the Task Force's conclusion."

### **▼ LEGISLATION**

The event last year with potentially the greatest effect on the business of life assurance was the passing of the Financial Services Act. Within the very compressed timetable for the introduction of the Act it has been necessary to achieve a system of self-regulation which can operate effectively for different sets of institutions with differing and opposed interests.

Although the main purpose of the legislation is to protect the consumer, Mr Gwilt agreed that "many of the rules we will have to work under in future will be unnecessarily restrictive. However, one of the advantages of the large edifice of legislation and regulation now being built is that the people selling life assurance and unit

trusts will be divided starkly into those who represent only one company and those who give independent advice as between one company and another. We believe that a system which provides independent advice is in the best interests of the public at large. It is no surprise that, with our record of good results, we are staunch members of CAMIFA (Campaign for Independent Financial Advice) which is devoted to furthering the cause of the independent adviser."

### ▼ PENSIONS

Mr Gwilt also referred to the complications of legislation when noting that from April 1988 all individuals will be given increased choice in making their pension arrangements. To help give clear and objective advice to employers and employees in this and other situations, over the past year Standard Life has been running a special communication service entitled Strategy Eighty Eight.

### ▼ THE FUTURE

Summarising the outlook for the Company the Chairman, Sir Robert Smith said, "There are major uncertainties facing our new business development in all areas of the Company in the next year but we now have the staff, systems and other resources necessary to enable us to continue to increase our market shares."

Sir Robert referred to the forthcoming retiral of Mr G D Gwilt, Managing Director, following the Annual General Meeting. His years at the head of the Company had seen major developments in its size and standing. Mr Gwilt would be succeeded as Managing Director by Mr A S Bell, while Mr J Stretton would succeed Mr A D Shedden, Deputy Chief Executive, who is also retiring.

Sir Robert also noted that Mr W D Mulholland, Chairman of the Bank of Montreal, retired from the Board last September and that Sir Thomas Risk, Governor of the Bank of Scotland, had intimated his wish to retire from the Board following the Annual General Meeting. Sir Thomas had given outstanding service to Standard Life, particularly while serving as Chairman from 1969 to 1977.

Referring to new Board appointments Sir Robert reported that Mr N CD Kuenssberg, an Executive Director of Coats Vivella ple, had been appointed to the Board on I January 1988 and that Mr A S Bell would be elected to the Board at the Annual General Meeting in succession to Mr Gwilt.

Sir Robert Smith concluded, "I will stand down as Chairman and will be succeeded by Mr Norman Lessels, CA, who has been Deputy Chairman for the past six years. At Board and Executive level I could not commend a stronger team to further the interests of the Company, its policyholders and staff."

Standard Life FOR ALL OF YOUR LIFE



THE PARTY OF THE P

## BTR up 17% despite exchange rate Delta rises

had a savage effect on BTR's 1987 pre-tax profits, it emerged yester-day as the industrial holding bought during the course of the company announced its 1967 company announced its 1967 year. Operating margins rose from 13.9 to 15 per cent.

came in at the bottom end of City
expectations. However, the
encouraging tone set by the brokers' meeting reversed the intitial decline in the share price
which ended the day 3p up at
262p.

EXCHANGE RATE movements strong organic growth: but of the bad a savage effect on BTR's 1987 increase in taxable profits only a pre-tax profits, it emerged yester third came from companies

results.

Taxable profits, np £85m to £590m, would have been £43m higher if the 1986 figures had been translated into sterling et end.1987 exchange rates. Earnings per share, up by 11.3 per cent to 23.6p (21.2p), would have been better by 1.8p.

The practice of using yearend, rather than average rates, exacer bated the impact of currency movements. If average rates had been used, pre-tax profits would have been £20m higher.

The full impact of the declining to been used, pre-tax profits would have been £20m higher.

The full impact of the declining to been used by analysts and the figures reflected a first time contribution from Borg-Warner in Australia.

Despits good results from Dunders and the Paper Genet.

Sir Owen Green, BTR chairman, said that in local currency terms, "there had been a bot of ups, and fewer downs." Assuming constant currencies, profits would have grown by 27.5 per cent.

He emphasised the group's See Lex See Lex Sir Owen Green, BTR chairman, said that in local currency and electrical by 9.3 per cent to £113m; energy and electrical by 9.3 per cent to £22 and £1.07bn) from the US and Canada; £760m (£539m) from Australias at BTR-Nylex.

(£1.07bn) from the US and Canada; £760m (£539m) from Australias at BTR-Nylex.

The interest charge fell from a total of 2.7p (£4.25p), an increase of 17.5 per cent.

See Lex



## **BOC** in \$77m US purchase

BOC Group, the industrial gases producer, is to pay \$77m (242m) for Selox, a gases company based in Chattanooga, Tennessee. The acquisition will extend BOC's US operations into five south-eastern states.

Frofit figures were not available for the privately-owned company, but BOC estimated Selox's sales at \$50m in 1988 and said the cash purchase would have a neutral effect on earnings in the current year. BOC will assume an unspecified amount of debt.

BOC said its entry into Tennessee, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi and South Carolina was especially timely because of the

sippi and South Carolina was especially timely because of the influx of car plants and component suppliers into the region.

The acquisition will leave only one large geographical gap in BOC's US coverage, in oil-producing company, has acquired the trading assets of ing states like Louisiana and Techniplate, both of Daventry, for £540,000 cash.

## **Electron** in Australian expansion

electronic components distribu-tor, said yesterday that it had completed the acquisition of the businesses of Promark Electron-ics in Australia for an approxi-mate consideration of A\$1.2m (£478,000).

ject to stock valuation and a deferred consideration of A\$350,000 payable 12 months after completion.

acquired the trading assets of Plasplate and Techniplate, both of Daventry, for £540,000 cash.

## TSW pushes profits up 8% to £1.96m halfway

contractor for the south-west, has compared with £304,000 last year.
increased pre-tax profits 8 per Other sales, services and TV
cent from £1.81m to £1.98m for Times contributed £267,000 the six months to January 31.

Net advertising revenue rose by 10.5 per cent from £16.01m to £17.69m, giving TSW a 2.4 per cent share of the total ITV network advertising revenue.

"The south-west's attractiveness to advertisers has ensured that, in spite of significantly of the six charge was £735.000, against £665,000. Earnings per share increased to 5.68p (5.29p). An interim dividend of 0.90p (0.83p) was declared.

that, in spite of significantly increased competition, our adver-tising revenue is more than keep-ing pace with infiation," said Sir-Brian Balley, chairman.

Sir Brian said that despite the clamour for television franchises to be anctioned in 1992, TSW faced the next franchise proce-dure with confidence.

### Bid for Yorkshire Switchgear

Yorkshire Switchgear Group and recommended by Mr David has received a bid from the Merlin Gerin Group of Grenoble, France, a major European switchgear manufacturer listed on the Paris bourse.

The bid has been supported and recommended by Mr David Hargreaves, YSG chairman, and his board.

The Switchgear name, product range and identity will remain intact and Merlin as undertaken to safeguard the existing rights of all YSG employees.



## Rowntree's brands enjoy another year of growth.

1987	
Turnover	£1,427m + 11%
Profit before taxation	£112m + 33%
Earnings per ordinary share	40·8p + 17%
Dividend per ordinary share	15·5p + 14%



## to £64.2m in spite of currency movements

By Philip Coggan

CURRENCY movements CURRENCY movements knocked £2.8m off last year's pre-tax profits at Delta Group, electrical equipment and engineering company, but chairman and chief executive Mr Geoffrey Wilson was still able to amounce an 11 per cent increase to £84.2m in the year to January 2, 1988.

Delta has just amounced a major board shake-up designed to steer the group towards a more aggressive growth-based policy after several years of rationalisation and reorganisation.

tion.

Mr Robert Easton, formerly managing director of the hebustrial services division, is set to become chief executive in 1969. A new finance director, Mr Mike Gill, will be appointed in May.

Delta falled in a bid attempt for George H Scholes, the electrical engineering group, last year but Mr Wilson said that with nil gesting, the company was well-placed to make acquisitions when prices became more realistic.

The electrical equipment division increased profits from

division increased profits from 228.8m to £33.4m thanks to a much improved result from the circuit protection business. A new miniature circuit breaker will be launched in May, under the MEM brand.

Engineering profits rose 34 per cent to £14.4m (£18.8m) and the company acquired Nibco during the year, giving it a strong position in the European plumbing fittings problem.

market.

Profits in the industrial services division fell slightly to £15.8m (£12.8m) but that was due to a change in status of the African company, Delta Electrical Industries, which is now a related company rather than a subsidiary.

Operating profits for the group were £50.8m (£47m) on turnover of £532.2m (£533.8m). Pre-tax profits also included a

turnover of 2532.2m (2533.6m). Pre-tax profits also included a contribution from related companies of £12.7m (£11.1m) and of interest of £879,000 (interest payable £340,000). After tax of £22.5m (£20.3m), earnings per share were 28.6p (24.8p).

The final dividend is being increased 22 per cent to 6.1p (£7.9m).

Delta has obviously taken note of the City's criticism that it has been better at

## Crash sends Morgan Grenfell profits down 27% to £60m

banking group, suffered a 27 per cent fall in profits last year, some City league tables, but that largely because of the effects of was considerably less than the the market crash. However, Sir Peter Caney, chairman, said the group had weathered last year's storms, which included the Goinness affair, "remarkably well," and had made a good start to this year.

Pre-tax profits ware 260.1m, down from 582.2m in 1986. After a tax charge of £21.5m, the final result was £38.6m, included was a £32.8m profit. from the sale of Morgan's 19.9 per cent holding in Target Group, and large provisions for technology investment and losses on sovereign debt. The result was at the low end of market expectations, and Morgan's shares lost 7p to close at 267p.

Mr John Craven, chief executive, said the market crash had reduced profits by £30m below the target for the wear. Worst hit

tive, said the market crash had reduced profits by \$30m below the target for the year. Worst hit was the equity securities side which registered a year-end loss of nearly film. Corporate finance activity and asset management had also been affected. However, all parts of the group were operating satisfactorily, he said, including the glit-edged business. Morgan's corporate finance department carried out some 33 technology as part of a hig catch-up operation which has been launched.

In the future, said Mr Craven. Morgan still intended to develop its international investment in the finance of the finance of the group were operation which has been launched.

Morgan still intended to develop its international investment banking business, concentrating on its areas of strength in the accounts also include a £10m provision for fature investment in technology as part of a hig

SHARES in UK Paper fell back yesterday as stags took profits after an initial rise to 151p, a 10 per cent premium over the 135p offer price. The eventual closing price was 145p.

The paper producer, which was the subject of a management buyout from Bowater Industries in September 1966, came to the market valued at £106m. Its offer-forsale was subscribed 11 times.

First day dealings in Vosper Thorneycroft, the warship builder, which joined the market via a placing, were also volatile. After touching 201p, the shares closed at 183p, still a 15 per cent premium over the 160p offer

premium over the 160p offer

Low members

take only 69% of pref issue...

Shareholders in William Low, the Dundee-based supermarket group, have clawed back only 69 per cent of the company's £32m

convertible preference issue. According to Low yesterday,

CATTLE'S (HOLDINGS) has acquired a 50 per cent interest in

eration will be satisfied by the issue of 300,000 new ordinary shares and the subscription for

consumer goods group, has acquired Scunthorpe-based Sine-bell Packaging for approximately \$160,000. Bluebell manufactures corrugated cartous

SHARES in UK Paper fell back

Morgan Grenfell, the merchant transactions worth over 25.3bn banking group, suffered a 27 per and held its place at the top of



John Craven: "A better balance to profits"

### **UK Paper DIVIDENDS ANNOUNCED** 8p up on offer price

	Current payment	Date of payment	Corres - ponding div	Total for year	Total last year
Admiral Computfin	1.46	May 31	-	1.46	-
Beatson Clurkfin	5.2		5.2	8.5	8.5
BTRfin	5.5	May 23	4.75	9.7	8.25
CCE Gpsfin	1.8	•	1.3	8_	2
Churck & Cofin		-	7	11.5	9.5
Clarke (T)fin	2.87		1.99	8.21	2.7
Delta Groupin	6.1	June 1	5	9_	7.6
Doellexfin	2.8	-		3.45	
Duncan & G'rickefin	20	-	20	20	20
Enterprise Oilfirs	5.5		5	9.5	8.5
Gent (SR)int	0.5	May 9	0.36		1
Halls Homessfin	2.564	May 23		3.75	
Hampden H'carefin	1.3	May	1.1	1.8	1.6
HIV Groupint	3.7	May 5	1.13	-	3.46
Interlink 1int	3.25	Apr 22	2.35	11.5	5.85
Logal & Generalfin	3.3	•	6.5 2.5	4.8	9.75
Lyon & Lyon	2.5	-	4	3.5	-
Melanghiin i	5.5	May 19		8	7
Morgan Grenfellfin	7	may 10	7	10.85	10.5
Refoge Gpfin			10.75	18	15.75
Richardsons West fin	1		nii	1	nil
Rownizee	10.5		9.2	35.5	13.6
Simon Engineerfin	18.8	July 1	8.8	11.5	11.5
Town Centre Secsint	0.5		0.4		1.25
TSWint	0.9		0.83		2.7
Watmoughs (Hidg) fin	6.25	Aur 22	4.83*	8.25	6.5*

Dividends shown pence per share net except where otherwise stated

BOARD N	EETINGS	
be infloring companies have notified clones of ours meetings to the Stock Exchange. Sport sectings, are unusely held for the purpose of considering cividends, Official indications are at available as to tendency for dividends are at available as to tendency for dividends are at available as to tendency for dividends are at available as to tendency for individuals are being or feets, and the met dividency for the state of the state	Fleetie Ayrahie Ayrahie Ayrahie Metal Products Bank of Scotland Barkoley & Hay Hill Inst British Ayrospace Christy Hunt Colouroraphic Empire Stores Grampien Holdings Hall Engineering Huntor Inchespe Janier Jones & Shipwan M Y Holdings Harge	Aprillari Marillari Marill

### U.S. \$40,000,000

Industrias Resistol, S.A.

### Floating Rate Notes Due 1988

In accordance with the provisions of the Fiscal Agency Agreement between Industrias Resistol, S.A. and Conti-acutal Illinois National Bank and Trust Company of Chicago, dated as of 8th September, 1981 notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest for the next six month interest Period has been fixed at 9% p.a. and that the interest psyable on the relevant Interest Payment Date, 21st September, 1988 against Coupon No. 14 in respect of U.S. \$50,000 nominal amount of the Notes will be U.S. \$2,300.00 and in respect of U.S. \$5,000 nominal ount of the Notes will be U.S. \$ 230.00.

First Interstate Capital Markets Limited

AKTIESELSKABET HAFNIA INVEST Copenhagen, Denmark

DM 100,000,000 51/2% Deutsche Mark Bearer Bonds of 1988/1993

erest: 5 ½ % p. a., payable annually in arream on March 18 • Final Maturity: March 18, 1993 • Denomination: DM 1,000 and DM 5,000 • Security: Negative Pledge Undertaking • Listing: Frenkfort Stock Exchange

COMMERZBANK AKTIENCESELLSCHAFT

**BANQUE PARIBAS** CAPITAL MARKETS GMBH I. P. MORGAN GMBH

MORGAN STANLEY GMBH

## **UK COMPANY NEWS**

## Legal & General lower as storm damage costs £42m

enfell

Witness and Artificial

JUNCED

A G S

(18<sup>2</sup>E)

THE HURRICANE which hit result of the Budget changes, reinsurance subsidiary, Victory southern Britain last October Profits were boosted by the Insurance were cut from £14.4m also hit the profits of Legal & shareholders portion of the special forum, one of Britain's cial bonus declared to with profit major financial services groups, costing it £42m net (£60m before

However, profits from US life Legal & General rose by two-

einsurance). This turned what would have

a 7 per cent fall to 558.3m.

A series of exceptional item deductions resulted in operating profits declining by 25 per cent, from £58.5m to £51.2m, with a similar drop in profit attributable to shareholders, after allowing for a drop in the benefit fromrealised investment appreciation.

- thirds from £4.7m to £1.3m.

However, the general insurance account was severely affected by the hurricane. An overall operating profit on the similar drop in profit attributable to shareholders, after allowing for a drop in the benefit fromrealised investment appreciation. ised investment appreciation, from £79.9m to £61.6m. However, shareholders get a

near 18 per cent increase in divi-dends for the year, from 9.75p to

11.5p.

The group recorded steady growth in its operations. Premium income on its long-term business rose by 25 per cent in the UK from £653m to £817m and by 43 per cent overseas from £223m to £320m. General insurance saw an 16

per cent premium growth in the UK to £225m but rather less oth-

Profits from the life, pensions and other long-term business continue to rise steadily.

UK life business profits increased from £59.9m to £70.6m.
The special reserve set aside for Aids. Aids (Acquired Immune Defi-ciency Syndrome) of £74m (1.5 per cent of the overall liabilities of £5bn) is officet by the release of the Capital Gains Tax liability of the Same amount account fell from £8m to \$1.5m ax there was a return to stability in accident numbers and the series of rate increases made in 1996 and last year started to come through to the hotion line. roughly the same amount as a The underwriting losses of the

THE WAR of words over Beazer's \$1.3bn (£705m) bid for US aggre-

gates group Koppers continues.

Mr Brian Beazer, the building group's chairman, has sent a

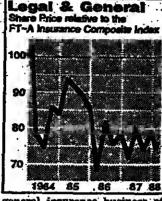
BY PHILIP COGGAN

**Beazer warns Koppers** 

policyholders.

However, profits from US life business fell from 26.2m to 25.4m, while profits from fund manage. been a 50 per cent increase on ment operations were cut by two 1986 pre-tax profits of £73.5m into thirds from £4.7m to £1.3m.

However, the general insur-



general insurance business of £37.6m, against only £4.4m in 1986, was more than swallowed up by the £42m cost of hurricane

Underwriting losses on the motor account fell from £8m to

by the international business of Legal & General rose by two-thirds last year in real terms and provided about one-third of the

eroup's pre-tax profits. comment

The overall results of Legal & General were very much in line with market expectations. The hurricane losses of \$42m net were far higher than anticipated, but this was offset by a special bonus payment that came as something of a surprise given the stock market crash which followed the hurricane. Otherwise the group's general insurance operations have shown a strong recovery from the dolrums of the previous two or three years. The outlook for this year is bright. Life profits should continue to grow, though a repeat of the special payment is not expected. The Aids risk has been put into context with the reserve set aside amounting to only 11 the reserve for each 11 bright. only 1% per cent of overall liabil-ities and more than covered by the reduction in the CGT liability as a result of the Budget changes. All is bright on the general insurance side. The first 11 weeks of this year have passed without any more severe weather. House building rates are going up 10 per cent in the late spring and the motor account has stabilised. So if there are no more hurricanes this year, net profits could reach at least 290m, though the market remained unimpressed with the share price down 1p to 289p.

## **EEO** chief to resign

any portion of the construction materials business that you may be considering selling, The future direction of Ealing Electro-Optics, USM-quoted opti-cal equipment manufacturer, was Koppers rejected Bezzer's \$45 per share bid on Wednesday and said it was considering a recapi-

Mr Brian Beazer, the building group's chairman, has sent a strong warning to his opposite number Mr Charles Pullin, about the latter's plan for a recapitalisation plan which would involve the sale of stock to employees.

The letter also contains a hint that Beazer would be prepared to bid for part of Koppers' construction interests.

"We would expect... a full and fair opportunity to bid on rejected by a Delaware court.

Koppers rejected Beazer's \$45 cal equipment manufacturer, was per share bid on Wednesday and in doubt yesterday after Mr David Hill, chief executive, amounced he was resigning.

Mr Hill had been the head of a group of investors which reversed into EEO last year. In lattern to defeat a bid from likely to be about half the previous dark and Decker, only to be one year's \$1.27m. Its shares rejected by a Delaware court.

## Glass Glover shares advance on bid news

SHARES in Glass Glover, the fresh produce grower and distributor, jumped by 65p to 250p yesterday on news that a bid may be on the way.

The company said that an approach had been made "which may or may not lead to an offer being made for the company." The directors are discussing the approach with their advisers, Samuel Montage and adviced Samuel Montagu, and advised shareholders to take no action.

News of the approach prompted immediate speculation over the bidder's identity. Most attention focused on FII-Pyffes, the Dublin-based fruit and vega-table merchant.

tion to expand internationally in the fruit business.

Because of St Patrick's Day, the company's main Dublin head-quarters were closed yesterday. At the London office, director, Mr David McCann, declined to com-

Amongst the other mooted names, Albert Fisher ruled itself out, and analysts were sceptical that the likes of Hillsdown, Uni-gate, Christian Salvesen, Geest or Hunter Saphir would be inter-

Nawa of the approach prompted immediate speculation over the hidder's identity. Most attention focused on FII-Fyffes, the Dublin-based fruit and vegetable merchant.

FII-Fyffes — which resulted from the acquisition by Irish. fresh produce importer and distributor, FII, of the larger UK or directors' hands and another fruit distributor, Fyffes, in 1986 — has recently stressed its intention to expand internationally in Glass Glover last month At the current price, Glover is capitalisated at around \$37m.

## **T&N** buys Vandervell from GKN for £12.7m

BY JOHN GREFFITHS

Cikn's Vandervell bearings com-panies for £12.7m in cash.

Mr Colin Hope, T&N group managing director, described the intended acquisition as the latest step in T&N's endeavours to secure a strategic international presence in the motor compo-nents industry. However, because the deal would bring the UK's two main automotive bearings businesses under T&N's control, the sale is conditional upon it not

ENGINEERING groups T&N and would be highly unlikely, as GEN said yesterday they had motor components had become agreed that T&N would buy an international, rather than GEN's Vandervell bearings com-

Vandervell, which made \$1.7m profits before interest and tax last year on a consolidated turnover of £34.8m, makes and dis-tributes automotive thinwall bearings, bushes and thrust washers, mainly from cast lead bronze materials.

Mr Hope said the nature of Vandervell's business, which is the sale is conditional upon it not the being referred by the Office of heavy diesel sector, was comple-fair Trading to the Monopolies mentary to that of T&N's own and Margars Commission.

Mr Hope said both T&N and Metal and Societé Industrielle des GKN had concluded that this Constants.

## Profits advance to record £64.2m



1987	1986
£64-2m	£57-8m
28-6p	24-8p
9-0p	7-6p
	28-6p

Fifth successive year of performance improvement.

Return on shareholders funds up again to 27.5%

Strong cash flow and ungeared

European sales up 24% to £72 million

Now organised for growth

1988 started well with performance ahead of corresponding Geoffrey Wilson, Chairman,

Delta Group p.Lc.

Copies of the annual report for the year ended 2nd January 1988 of which the above is an extract will be available after 28th March from The Secretary, Delta Group p.l.c., 1 Kingsway, London WC2B 6XF,



**ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT - ENGINEERING - INDUSTRIAL SERVICES** DELTA and the symbol D are registered trademarks of Delta Group p.l.c.

## **ZAMBIA COPPER INVESTMENTS LIMITED**

US\$000 Unaudited		:		lalf-year ecember 31 1986	Year ended June 30 1987
Interest and other income Administration expenses.			1,443	911 234	1,499 452
Earnings before taxes			1,177	677	1,047 63
Net carnings	********		1,158	646	984
Earnings per share (US or Net carnings	ents):		6.94	0.53	0.80

The Corporation's principal investment is a 27.3% interest in Zambia Consolidated Copper Mines Limited (ZCCM), whose latest available results show a net loss of Zambian kwacha 25 million for the six months ended September 30, 1987 (six months ended September 30, 1986, net loss kwacha 160 million - year ended March 31, 1987, net loss kwacha 562 million). No dividends have been declared by ZCCM since 1981.

The directors have not declared an interim dividend in respect of the financial year

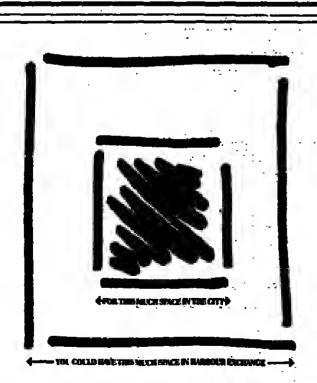
6 Greencoat Place, London SW1P 1PL.

### The graph shows growth in BTR's RESULTS FOR THE HALF-YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1987 Earnings per Share over the last 21 years, in pence.

The Corporation's interim report at December 31, 1987 will be posted to shareholders

Copies may be obtained from the UK transfer agent: Hill Samuel Registrars Limited,

March 17, 1988



Harbour Exchange over a million square feet of impressive waterfront offices ready for occupation from this Spring. Around £19 a square foot 20 minutes from The Stock Exchange, the

Airport or the M25: a very superior working environment. To arrange an appointment or receive an information pack telephone Nick Thombinson, Knight Frank and Rutler, 91-538 9744 or Jackie Wikón. Harbour Exchange 01-538 8888.



# 23.6p 1987 Earnings per Share

Our twenty first consecutive year of growth.

(MANY HAPPY RETURNS TO ALL OUR SHAREHOLDERS)



BTR plc, SILVERTOWN HOUSE, VINCENT SQUARE, LONDON SWIP 2PL. TELEPHONE: 01-834 3848.

## Church

### Manufacturing orders remain very strong reports Ian B Church, Chairmar

- Turnover rose 5% in sterling terms but considerably more in local currency terms.
- Pretax profits at £5.9 million were up 15% and a final dividend of 8.5p makes a total of 11.5p - an
- Lower overall tax charge at 36.5% compared with 40% iast year.
- Retailing profits in the UK rose 32% to £1.94m.
- Manufacturing profits 7½% up on 1986.
- Ali overseas subsidiaries recorded increased profits in spite of adverse movements on
- A strong order book for our UK manufacturing companies continues into 1988 and retail sales are generally ahead of the comparable period in 1987.

Comparative results	1987	1986
	£m	£m
Sales	61.54	58.45
Trading profit	6.69	6.14
Profit before tax	5.87	5.09
Earnings per share	35.3p	29.1p
Dividend per share	11.5p	9.50

Report and accounts will be posted to shareholders on 13th April 1988. Church & Co. P.LC., St. James, Northempton NN5 5.IB.

RANVILI

SPONSORED SECURITIES

Securities designated (SE) and (USM) are dealt, in subject to the rules and regulations of The Stock Exchange. Other securities listed above are dealt, in subject to the rules of FIMBRA

"The relevance of 1987 lies not in the

achievement of a new record in profitability,

realisation, in both senses of the word.

realisation of many of the executives'

satisfactory as that is, but in its being a year of

Internationally above all, there was a welcome

ambitious targets for performance. In Ireland,

there was an equally welcome, if somewhat

belated, realisation of the inconvenient but

"In the past year, as in preceding ones, the

performance within your company have been

particular, Britain, France and Australia. There

is no pre-ordained law of nature that dictates

that within Ireland we cannot match those

achievements in the years ahead. I, and all

those responsible to me in the Group, are

determined that that statement will be proven

outstanding achievements of business

in our major international markets, in

ineluctable facts of life in a uniquely open

есопоту. "

to be accurate."

Chairman

Dividend

Dr. A.J.F O'Reilly,

206 133 Acs. Brit. led. Ordinary ...
207 145 Ass. Brit. led. Ordinary ...
41 25 Armitage and Rhodes .....
142 40 8BB Design group (USM) ...
188 108 Bardon Groep .....

Trevian Holdings (USM) \_\_

Granville & Company Limited 8 Lovet Lane, London ECSR 88P

Telephone 01-621 1212 Member of FIMBRA

## Rise in production pushes Enterprise Oil to £72.5m

1985 1986 1987 88

independent exploration and production company, moved strongly ahead last year, with pre-tax profits hitting £72.5m compared to £2.9m in 1986. Turn-over rose to £227.9m from

Restated on a merger accounting basis to reflect the acquisi-tion of the oil and gas interests of ICI, Enterprise's 1986 pre-tax profits would have been £51m.

Net profits for the company rose to 250.7m, compared to 223.4m in 1986. Earnings per share also moved strongly ahead. from 10.8p to 17.6p. The tax bill for the company rose to £21.8m, compared to a a £20.5m credit in

The improved results came largely from increased produc-tion which rose from 38,700 to tion which rose from 38,700 to 58,800 barrels per day. This included the start of production from the Ninian and Ness fields, and the oil output from a total of 175m barrals.

and the out output from a total of a rine producing fields.

Although the average dollar price received for oil rose by 18 per cent, this was mostly offset by the decline in the value of the dollar, with the average sterling that to decline by about 10 per cent. price of oil rising from £10.45 to £11.06 per barrel.

Since the end of the year,

Activity in all divisions increased substantially during

The previous figure of £259,809

was struck after an exceptional £80,000 provision against the

recovery of certain sales ledger balances.

4.1 11.4 10.2 1.8 5.7

24 4.4 31.8 3.4 9.6 4.2 7.0 6.5 48.8

"A YEAR OF REALISATION"

Granville Davies Colemen Limited 8 Lover Lane, London EC3R, 8BP Telephone 01-621 1212 Member of the Stock Exchange

Recovery continues at

McLaughlin & Harvey

McLaughlin & Harvey, Co. development in Hammersmith, Antrim-based builder and civil the major refurbishment of Sta-

engineer, continued its recovery phenson House in Hampstaed through the second half of 1987 Road, new offices in Belfast and

and for the year raised its profits from £1.08m to £1.43m pre-tax.

Activity in all divisions

Activity in all divisions

Activity in all divisions

the year and turnover hit a record £65.9m (£50.82m) despite particularly severs winter weather in the early part of the

A number of contracts com-menced, including a £13.2m office substantial progress in 1988.

Lyon & Lyon up sharply

PRE-TAX profits of Lyon & Lyon, West Yorkshire-based Ford main dealer and vehicle repair specialist, rose by 85 per cent to £479,582 to 8.55p (4.7p).

"The excellent results for the Group are

the product of our management in all of our

operations, winning through against tough

difficult circumstances. The success of the

domestic markets, and in those areas where

"Internationally, all our companies are now

making a very worthwhile contribution to the

prosperity of your Group, and fully vindicate

the decision taken a number of years ago to

Group further expand abroad, both through

improved trading in our existing businesses,

and by the acquisition of others, and I look confidently to 1988 to record further

pursue actively opportunities for growth

outside Ireland. I would hope to see your

competition, very often in adverse and

past year has been achieved both in our

we compete abroad."

progress."

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

John F. Meagher,

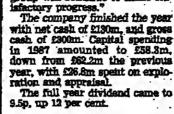
Executive Deputy Chairman

Earnings for the year amounted 22.3p (16.2p) and a final dividend of 5.5p raises the total

Earnings per share improved

Turnover advanced £1.5m. to

in 1988, but I am certain that the Enterprise Oil group will continue to make sat-Share Price (pence)



comment

Enterprise shareholders would appear to have the best of both worlds — a company that can add to capital values by finding oil and that can pay an improved dividend, Although oil produc-tion earnings are likely to be down this year, this should be named the Nelson field. Enter-prise said yesterday that a sec-ond test well on the Nelson find more or less offset by profits on asset disposals, including a stake in Tricentrol; interest on its £130m cash (it had none last year); and a likely lower corpo-rate tax bill that comes from a capital spend programme. The question is whether the shares Although the finds promise to have got ahead of themselves. double Enterprise's production in Certainly the recent rise in price to 160p cannot be justified even by the assets implied by the vary large Nelson oil discovery. What cent.

Mr William Bell, chairman, for a management that has said: "The unsettled nature of the shown not only that it can wheel Enterprise has made two significant oil finds, at Lincolnshire onshore, and in Block 22/11 of the forecast the likely earnings trend for.

## Trafalgar ups stake in Costain

By Midd Tab

Trafelgar House, the shipping, property and construction conglomerate, has purchased a fur-ther 200,000 shares in Costain, the construction and mining company, taking its stake to 6.5

This the second time Trafalgar has nudged up its holding during the past month. The last formal disclosure was made in early-February when it held 6.1 per cent, but a subsequent increase to 6.3 per cent was then revealed by Costain's own checks on its share

register. Trafalgar's initial interest in Costain was fushed out in mid-September. The company has consistently refused to comment on reasons for its buying, beyond saying that the stake represents There were extraordinary charges of 287,092, being the cost of an abortive acquisition, and last time the costs of ending ship repair and associated activities took \$112.937. ing at over 300p and at levels up to 387p. Although the shares dropped to

a low of 204p during the October crash, the Trafalgar interest has since helped push them back to last summer's levels. Yesterday, they gained another 18p to 318p.

### Halls Homes ahead

Halls Homes & Gardens increased turnover from £17.75m to £22.16m for the year to December 31 1967 and pre-tax profit rose A final dividend of 2.55p (nil) gives a total of 3.75p for the year (nfl). Earnings per share were 8.1p (9.6p).

### **Newman Industries**

Winterbottom Holdings, the Australian industrial company, has sold another 1m shares in Newman Industries, the fasten-ings group, reducing its stake to 496 per cent. Selling in the mar-ket, it obtained 65p a share. Suter, the industrial conglom-

erate, which took its Newman stake to more than 28 per cent

NBD BANCORP, INC. US\$100,000,000 ting Rate Subord Notes due 2005 Notice is hereby given that for the interest period 18th March 1988 to 20th Jone 1988 the interest rate has been fixed at 61%. Interest rate has a large to the l

to. US\$181.15 .per

COMALCO FINANCE LIMITED

US\$180,000,000

77.88 per USS10.000 Note

## **Britoil rises** to £404m in line with forecasts

Britoll yesterday issued its final results for 1987, which proved broadly in line with forecasts made during its unsuccessful defence against the bid by HP.

Pre-tax profits rose from 2183.8m to \$408.9m, while after-tax profits showed a rise from £33.1m to £142.4m. Turnover increased from 2978.2m to

The company paid petroleum revenue taxes worth £187.7m (£76.8m) while UK corporate

(276.3m) while UK corporate and overseas taxes came to £73.3m (£23.3m). Britoil also reported a £3m extraordinary gain from a sale of US assets, compared to a £56m loss last year. Earnings per share, including the extraordinary items rose to 28.86p from a 3.35p loss. Britoil deferred making any recommendation on a final dividend, which had been indicated at 9p in defence documents. This is because of the awkward position regarding HP's stake in Britoil, which has now reached 92.16 per cent.

When the RP stake reaches 93 per cent, which is expected soon, it will be able to acquire soon; it will be able to acquire omistanding shares compulsorily. Those shareholders, as well as shareholders who have accepted the BP offer alwady, would not be eligible for any Britoil dividend, although those who accepted the BP cash and share offer would be eligible for a BP dividend.

Britoil shares yesterday closed at 510p, which is well above the BP cash offer price of 500p. This is because the shares are seen as a way of

shares are seen as a way of buying BP shares by means of the alternative offer of 240p cash plus one BP share.

### Concorde Energy shares suspended

Concorde Energy, the inde-pendent oil company owned 51 per cent by Mr Hubert Per-rodo, yesterday suspended trading of its shares at 60p, pending amountement of an acquisition. The shares had risen sharply in the morning, from: 539, during beavy trad-

Concorde is finalising turns for a reverse takeover of Kelt Holdings, which is owned by

Mr Perrodo. The deal would quadruple reserves. Concorde has some 33m barrels of oil reserves, red to about 100m barreis in Kelt.

## OIS offer extended

The offer for Ollfield Inspec tion Services by a consortium headed by Mr Paul Bristol has been extended until March 18. The consortium has owned, contracted to purchase, or received acceptances for 53.2 per cent of the shares of the

## Gent profits up 15% despite lower sales

S.R. Gent, which is one of the demand for dresses "for the first eading clothing suppliers to time in years". Marks and Spencer, succeeded in

ent is one of the main suppliers - during the autumn. As a result Gent, which gleans 90 per cent of its sales from M and S, saw its

Mr Peter Wolff, chairman, described the company's performance in the first helf as "disappointing", but said that sales had recovered in the second half. The pettern of trading so far had, he said, been "most encouraging."

The company's turnover fell to \$42.7m (\$45m) in the six months to December 31. Nevertheless, it managed to hold operating profits at \$1.2m, chiefly by improving efficiency and thereby reducing completed. overhead costs to 241.6m (£43.8m). It paid 2783,000 (£788,000) in interest and £164,000

102,000) in taxation. Mr Wolff attributed the reducin with attributed the reduc-tion in costs to improved produc-tion efficiency. He said that the reduction was partly due to the installation of new equipment and partly to "better brainpower" in managing the production pro-

Gent's traditional activities dresses and blouses - now repre-sent just over a third of sales. Mr Wolff said that in recent months

The company identifies casuincreasing pre-tax profits by 15 per cent to 5506,000 in the first half of the year, despite disappointing sales.

M and S experienced difficult trading in the clothing field — specially within outerwear where Gent is one of the main symplers.

The company identifies castimater and children's wear — presently producing about a quarter of sales — as its key growth areas. Its embryonic home and produce a profit thereafter.

Gent's net earnings per share were unchanged at 1.2p in the first half. The interim dividend is 0.5p compared with 0.355p.

### comment

When Marks and Spencer catches a cold, all its suppliers suffer. Most have other businesses to turn to: not so S.R. Gent, which is not only almost wholly reliant on M and S, but is wholly reliant on earning 5, our is concentrated on outerwear, the most difficult area last autumn. Nevertheless, Gent has fared remarkably well – and rather better than than some of its fellow suppliers – in coning with low suppliers — in coping with such sluggish sales. Moreover, the M and S switch in strategy — away from the electic and (rela-tively) expensive ranges of recent seasons, and back to basics -should favour standard suppliers like Gent. There is further scope for cost cutting, albeit at not so ranid a rate as the \$2m or so it lost in the first balf. The encouraging uplift in sales should boost profits to £2.5m for the full year. Superficially the shares seem cheap on a prospective p/e of 10: but not cheap enough for shareholders to forget Gent's troubled there has been an upturn in recent history.

## Mayborn edges higher

THE EXPECTED better second half helped Mayborn Group to increase its pre-tax profits overall for 1987 from £2.29m to £2.42m. The second-half figures improved

from £1.25m to £1.51m.
This USM company, which manufactures domestic dyes, shoe care and household products, reported an 11 per cent increase from £21.54m to £23.61m in turnover. A proposed final div-idend of 2.8p makes a total of

At Dylon, profits fell short of expectations, and in the DK, significant costs were incurred in launching new products, such as Runaway, a colour-run remover.

The company's listings in certain major accounts materialised later

Mr Michael Samuel, chairman, said seles to-date were showing a satisfactory increase over the previous year and he was confident that a good 1988 was in prospect.

Stated earnings per 5p share were 8.4p, against 10p.

than anticipate Generally flat trading condi-tions also prevailed in some of its major European markets, and as a consequence, overall net mar-gins, while very good in absolute terms, were below those for 1986. The directors said positive steps had been taken to create

more co-ordinated marketing strategy by appealing to the younger, more fashion-conscious Mr Michael Semuel, chairman.

### To the Holders of

### PRIMA MEAT PACKERS, LTD.

U.S. \$70,000,000 34% Guaranteed Notes due 1992 with Warrants

NUTICE OF FREE DISTRIBUTION OF SHARES

Pursuant to Clause 4 (A) of the Instrument dated August 25, 1987 under which the Warrants to subscribe for shares of Prima Meat Packers, Ltd., were issued, you are hereby notified that a free distribution of shares of our Company at the rate of 0.07 share for each one share will be made to the es of record as of March 31, 1988.

As a result of such distribution, the Subscription Price at which shares are issuable upon exercise of said Warrants will be adjusted pursuant to Condition 7 of the Warrants, from 697.00 Japanese Yen per share of common stock to 651.40 Japanese Yen per share of common stock to 651.40 Japanese Yen per share of common stock, effective

PRIMA MEAT PACKERS, LTD. by: Dai-Ichi Kangyo Trust Company of New York as Disbursement Agent

Dated: March 18, 1988

### International Service System A/S

incomporated in Denmark Registration No. 37.702

## Financial and operating highlights

Unless otherwise stated, all figures are units of million DKK

### **ISS Group**

	1987	1986
Consolidated turnover	5,384	4,981
Gross profit	362	316
Profit before tax	156	119
Profit after tax	115	93
ISS Shareholders' equity	614	519
Dividend to shareholders	21.5	17.8
Post-tax yield on ISS equity %	18.6	21.4
Earnings per share in DKK Number of employees,	60	58
December 31	65,821	60,991

The ISS Annual Report in English ready for distribution

## International Service Systems A/S

Kollgievej 6 DK-2920 Charlottenlund Denmark Phone: +451630811

### Group Turnover IR£89.176m IR£8.425m Profit before Tax Earnings per Share 31.8p

The above quotations are extracts from the Annual Report and Financial Statements 1987. Copies of the Report may be obtained from The Secretary, Independent Newspapers PLC, 1-2 Upper Hatch Street, Dublin 2.



+18%

+39%

+38%

+12.5%

Cathaint Gail

**EUROPEAN PROFITS DOUBLE AND MARGINS IMPROVE TO 9%** 

## Rowntree unwraps a 33% rise

A Company of the Company

Mr Kenneth Dixon, chairman, sites.

Said the process of selling Tom's

Foods in the US and Rownree
Snack Foods in the US had a complete the confection of the US and Rownree than the US and Rownree t

ery group, to increase pre-tax trading years with Tom's trading profits from £84m to £1121m in profits down from £19.5m to £13m

The 33 per cent improvement, (£1.6m).

The 33 per cent improvement, (£1.6m).

Schieved on turnover of £1.42hn.

In the group as a whole vol.

In the group as a whole vol.

North American profits rose trong £34.5m to £41m but continuant from £45m but continuant from £45m but continuant from £45m but continuant from £45m but contin

Rowntree Sun-Pat, the grocery business, had an "excellent year" and Snack Foods at 21.5m increasing profits by 22m to for 5 per cent of group trading (21.8m).

26.5m. for 5 per cent of group trading profits. Rowntree said these were

Mr Dixon said Rowntree was well placed to benefit from the said the process of selling Tom's

The UK confectionery business single European market planned increased trading profits from by the end of 1992. A common Snack Foods in the UK, both

£43.8m to £51.2m, helped by a ½ market would give the company

BY MICHAEL SMITH

STRONG GROWTH in Europe snack food subsidiaries, was in percentage point increase in marketing and production advantages. Its concluding stages. but alsare, which now stands at 22 tages. Differences in labelling regulations, for example, would Retailing companies accounted

> North American profits rose making steady progress."
>
> After generating cash of £31m in 1987, Rowniree ended the year Market shares increased in all from about 50 per cent in the European countries, volumes previous year. Borrowings will rose 11 per cent and profits more than doubled to £11m (5.1m).
>
> Mr Dixon said Rowntree was David Bowden, finance director.
>
> Well placed to be nefit from the "We are very well placed finan-cially and in a good position to move forward with our growth objectives." Mr Dixon said the



Kenneth Dixon; well placed for single European market

company was looking at a num ber of acquisition possibilities but did not feel under any pres

## CCF climbs to £4.1m but expects nervous year

pre-tax profits — up from £2.52m to £4.06m — in 1867, and the total dividend is increased from 2p to 3p net with a final of 1.8p. Stated earnings per 5p share of this USM company improved from 15.9p to 20.4n.

major Japanese bank as a client £18.16m compared with £10.05m.

- the Yasuda Trust Bank of There was a fax charge of £1.58m
Tokyo. Yasuda is the third con- against £933,000.

15.9p to 20.4p. Group turnover for 1987
The group announced last climbed from £11.37m to £20.61m,
week that it had won its first with UK activities contributing

HTV rises to £8.32m halfway

for Wales and the west of

BY FIONA THOMPSON

England, said yesterday.
To guarantee in advance a cer-tain level of income without

Mr Dromgoole was speaking on the day HTV announced pre-tax profits of £8.32m for the six

months of £8.32m for the six months to January 31, compared with £7.81m for the same period last year. That was after paying an exchequer levy of £8.3m, against £4.3m. HTV has fine art and equip-ment hire interests, but televi-£64.53m, of the group's total turn-over of £65.85m (£59.49m).

The bulk of the £64.53m came from advertising revenue, which rose by 8.1 per cent to £47.21m (£43.66m), giving HTV a 6.43 per cent share of the total HTV network advertising revenue, slightly down on last year's 6.56 per cent. Sales of programmes to

THE GOVERNMENT'S determithe ITV network brought in an (£2.72m). Investment income was nation to auction television fran-chises to the highest bidder is a "mildly disgusting idea", Mr Pat-rick Dromgoole, director of televi-sion at HTV, the TIV contractor for March 1992.

Of group operating profit, television contributed £8.06m (£7.24m), but both the fine art tain level of income without knowing what the economy would do was foolish, he said. The result would be to cut programme costs, and, "if you cut costs to the bone, you will not see the superb quality, expensive programmes produced — they are not economical".

As a result, it would be highly unlikely that quality programmes such as Brideshead Revisited. The Jewel in the Crown, or London's Burning would ever again be made.

Mr Dromgoole was speaking on and equipment hire businesses

HTV's objectives were clear, said Sir Melvyn Rosser, chairman. They were to retain the programme contract for Wales and the west of England following licence renewal in 1993, to sharply increase its share of programmes sold to the network, and to maintain its sales to S4C once its contract to provide nine hours a week expires in 1990.

The tax charge was £3.05m

### comment

The City was slightly disappointed with these figures and the shares fell 14p last night to close at 241p. Analysts knew HTV's advertising revenue growth was below the network's 10.6 per cent average, but had thought the strong increase in overseas sales would impact more on profits than it did. The fine arts loss did not belp and there are worries about losing the guaranteed income from S4C - £22m in 1987. All this is set against the continuing advertis-

ing trend towards the south. That said, HTV's international sales are very good, it should gain net-work sales in September once the work sales in Septemper once the Big Five's hours are reduced, and, the likelihood is it will prob-ably keep the bulk of its S4C husiness. At about £13m pre-tax for the full year, the prospective p/e is 6, fully valued.

Full Colour Residential **Property Advertising** APPEARS EVERY SATURDAY Rate £40 per Single Column Centimetre.

TEL CAROL HANEY 01-489 0030

## Church advances 15% to £5.9m

BY ALICE RAWSTHORN Church & Co, which sells classic brogue shoes to fashion victims and City Sloans Rangers dend of 8.5p making IL5p (9.5p) increased to 121.1p (86.5p) and a financial software hons. TUFFS system in Tokyo since alike, yesterday announced a 15 for the full year.

Church is one of the few successful exporters in the British. Mr Church said that the presentative of the

in the second half had been "not tion from the US and Ganadian quite as good", but was nevertheless "very satisfactory". The expansion of the European

less "very satisfactory".

Church made operating profits
of £6.7m (£6.1m) in 1987. It paid
the expansion of the European operations in recent years has, however, ensured that North

per cent increase in pre-tax profits to £5.9m in 1967 on turnover which rose by 5 per cent to £61.5m.

The company, which is both a manufacturer and a retailer of footwear, has established a network of 115 shops in Britain and 51 in North America. It also has a small chain of shops elsewhere in

small chain of shops elsewhere in men's shoes.

The company has now estable that trading had been "very good" in 1987. The pattern of the international businesses in the first half of the North America and Europe year was, he said, "exceptionally fared well. Yet the strength of buoyant". Church's performance the pound reduced the contribution the second half had been "not tion from the US and Canadian.

£819,000 (£1.1m) in interest on reduced borrowings and £2.1m pany's higgest overseas market.

(£2m) in taxation. The company received £17,000 (£6,000) from its subsidiary, unveiled an increase minority interests. Earnings per in pre-tax profits to £1.9m (£1.5m)

### Hampden Homecare improves

Announcement
Ministry of Transport and Public Works,

On behalf of the Minister of Transport and Public Works of the Netherlands, the Steering Committee Projects Infrastructure

(SPI) invites promoters to prequalify for proposing a privately financed scheme to operate a tunnel crossing under the river 'De Noord', including connections with the present road system.

December 1987 the Dutch Cabinet decided to accelerate the construction programme for four traffic tunnels and connecting

roads by way of privately financed schemes. Possibly a fifth tunnel might be added to the programme. The investment for all

five traffic lunnels and connecting roads is estimated at approx

The investment for the traffic tunnel under the river 'De Noord' and connecting roads is estimated at approx DFL 380,000,000 (excl. interest cost, incl. VAT). The investment and operating

costs are to be recovered by tolls, during an operating period of 30 years, after which the tunnel and connecting roads will be

A brochure io the Dutch language with project details, procedures and conditions is available from the Secretary of the

Steering Committee Projects Infrastructure c/o Deloitte Haskins & Sells Management Consultants, Netherlands, Drs. W.

Zoetewey, Churchilliaan 11, 3527 GV Utrecht, tel: 31 30-939941 Telefax: 31 30-931086. This brochure also contains the

I. The prequalification forms must reach the Secretary of the Steering Committee Projects Infrastructure before 12th April

Late submissions or submissions not on the prescribed

prequalification forms are not valid and will not be accepted.

s. Documentation showing that the candidate is able to

b.Documentation showing that the candidate participated in the financing of large projects during the last 10 years,

c.Documentation showing that the candidate's financial

d.Documentation showing that the candidate has sufficient financial and project management resources available to

successfully complete a project of this magnitude.

3. The candidate for prequalification can be a company, or a

position is sound. A minimum equity of DFL 100,000,000

DFL 1,800,000,000 (excl. interest cost, incl. VAT).

transferred to the Government at no cost.

prequalification forms to be submitted.

The following information is required:

provide the required financing.

will be required.

requiring comparable investments.

Invitation to Promoters for Prequalification

Ireland-based home improvement retailer, increased pre-tax profits from £1.02m to £1.27m for the year to January 2 1988 compared with the previous period of 53 treeses from £3.46m), administration expenses \$906.000 (£798.000), interest naveless from £4.28m

weeks, Turnover was up from 1.45 (1.45m to £18.61m.

A final dividend of 1.3p (1.1p) gives a total of 1.8p (1.6p),

Mr John Goldstone, chairman, said a plan to establish Texas Homecare stores in the Irish traded on the USM.

The Netherlands

Hampden Homecare, Northern Republic had been approved and

with the previous period of 53
weeks. Turnover was up from £16.45m to £18.61m.

(£3.46m), administration expenses £906.000 (£798.000), interest payments £47,000 (£1,000), and after

and the first and Alfred Ti

LEGAL & GENERAL GROUP Plc

## A STRATEGY FOR STRONG PERFORMANCE.

Legal & General Group Plc made an operating profit before taxation and exceptional life and pensions business profit of £68.3m. Shareholders also receive the benefit of an exceptional contribution to profit of £10.9m resulting from the declaration of a special bonus to policyholders. The recommended final dividend has been increased by 18.5% to 7.70p, making a total for the year of 11.50p (9.75p).

But for the loss sustained from the Conher hurricane of : some £42m (net of reinsurance) our profit before tax and exceptional life and pensions business profit would have risen by 50%.

These results demonstrate the continued and growing strength of Legal & General's core businesses, and the benefits of a realistic and clear-sighted strategy for success in fast-changing financial services markets.

- STRATEGY --

Our first priority is to take full advantage of the rapidly-increasing opportunities in our core business areas, Life and Pensions and General Insurance. At the same time we are pressing on with the development of other financial services markets both in the UK and overseas.

In Life and Pensions, Legal & General has seen both excellent new business results and a growth in market share. But perhaps it is even more important to stress the thoroughness of our preparation for the changes in the market now resulting from the implementation of the Financial Services Act.

MARKETING -

In the vital area of distribution, we have developed real strengths in all three of the available routes to our life and pensions markets. Thus we benefit from a wide and diverse range of distribution channels covering a substantial network of independent intermediaries serviced by our broker sales force, a direct sales force and tied agents.

We continue to build positive attitudes among consumers towards the Legal & General brand. Money has been well spent on advertising and marketing activities to establish its premier position.

--- FUTURE ----

Legal & General has actively sought to create a new entrepreneurial spirit within the operating companies. In an industry not always renowned for its responsiveness to the needs of its markets, our market-orientated approach is producing major operational benefits.

This is particularly true in General Insurance, where a healthy £37.6 million surplus was turned into a £4.4 million deficit by the claims arising from last October's storm. This exceptional event does nothing to lessen our confidence in the outlook for the

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT	1987	1986
PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS	S m	£m
Life and pensions business		
(other than USA and fund management)	. 70.6	59.9
USA life business	. 5.4	6.2
Pund management	. 1.3	4.7
General insurance (excluding hurricane loss)	. 37.6	- 4.4
Hurricane loss	, ,	
General insurance result	. (4.4)	4.4
Shareholders' other income and outgo	. (5.6)	(0.4)
Associated companies	. 1.0	0.9
Employee profit sharing scheme	·=	(2.2)
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION AND EXCEPTIONAL ITEM	. 68.3	73.5
Exceptional life and pensions business profit	. 10.9	28.3
OPERATING PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION	. 79.2	101.8
Taxation	(28.0)	(33.3)
OPERATING PROFIT AFTER TAXATION	. 51.2	68.5
Realised investment appreciation after taxation	10.4	11.4
PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS	61.6	79.9
Earnings per share		
(based on operating profit after taxation)	10.99p	14.8 <u>3</u> p
(based on profit attributable to shareholders):	. 13.23р	17.30p
Dividend per share	11.50p	<u>9.75</u> p
This announcement does not constitute full group accounts for the year.	Copies of the	full ensur

This announcement does not constitute full group accounts for the year. Copies of the full group accounts, which have not yet been reported on by the auditors, will be circulated to shareholders on 14 April 1988 and delivered to the Registrar of Companies after approval at the Annual General Meeting which will be held on 18 May 1988, Members of the public may obtain copies of the accounts after 14 April from Corporate Public Relations on 01-248 9678 Ext. 3132.

--- OUTLOOK ----

In summary, the Group can report good results and good prospects. Our AAA-rating for our UK Life Fund from Standard & Poor's and Moody's reinforces the message that we are financially and operationally strong. We operate in markets which are becoming both broader and more diverse. We have a clear strategic view of our objectives, which is the basis of our current rapid, controlled and successful evolution. This outlook gives us confidence in the future shown by the increase in the total dividend of 17.9%.

For our shareholders, our staff and our customers, the prospects for 1988 are good.

 $E_{\rm C}RS, LTD$ 

1000

combination of companies. Each company, seperately or in a combination, can only apply once for prequalification. In the context of this invitation financial institutions, pension funds, insorance companies, etc., are equally considered companies suitable for prequalification. 4. A maximum of four companies will be selected from the

Procedure

documentation to be submitted by SPI. I.G INDEX LTD, 9-11 GRDSVENDR GARDENS, LONDON SW1W DBD Tel: 01-828 7233/5699 Reuters Code: IGIN, IGIO

received applications. Each of the selected companies will be

requested to submit a full proposal, this based on

POOR ORDERS, LOW TURNOVER AND THE WEAKENING DOLLAR HIT PROFITS

## Simon drops by 16% to finish at £23.5m

ment, services and manufactur- shrink slightly this year, ing group, announced pre-tax although Simon-Carves, the main profits down nearly 16 per cent to subsidiary, already has £20m in £23.5m for the year to December orders, excluding the Yerevan 31, compared with almost 528m contract. in 1986.

Pre-tax profits in the engineer- year. ing contracting division more Turnover in the whole group than halved to £4.22m (£10m). increased to £541m (£503m), with The Stockport-based company sales in the manufacturing and said a dearth of consistent invest-services divisions increasing by ment in large chemical and 26 per cent and 32 per cent cess contracting business. (£7.85m)
Mr Roy Roherts, chairman, (£7.15m).
said the process contracting divi-

Profits were hit by poor orders tions made in the past few and low turnover in the engineer months will improve profits in ing and process contracting business, combined with £1.8m lost in US companies in the access and currency translation due to the firefighting sector, where further weakening US dollar. expansion is anticipated this

petro-chemical plants since 1979 respectively. Manufacturing had adversely affected the process contracting business. (£7.85m) and services £10.1m

our confidence in the following years," said Mr Roberts. Earnings per share last year were down to 24.4p (29.3p) before an extraordinary loss of 23.44m incurred in ending some activi-

comment

Simon says it is not heavily dependent on contracting, but the City refuses to play the game, said the process contracting division, which finally signed a \$250m contract to build an electronics factory at Yerevan in the centrate on the development of the part year and will now contract to build an electronic factory at Yerevan in the centrate on the development of pany figures. On the other hand,

Simon Engineering, equipment, services and manufacturate, services and manufacturate shrink slightly this year, although Simon-Carves, the main group, announced pre-tax although Simon-Carves, the main roflits down nearly 16 per cent to subsidiary, already has £20m in orders, excluding the Yerevan contract.

The group hopes the acquisitions were hit by poor orders roflits were hit by poor orders roflits were hit by poor orders months will improve profits of the past few months will prove profits of the past few months will be past few months will be past few months with the group. The company, which fought off high in the services sector and, in a bid from Mr Philip Ling's Valuation of asp, manufacturing. Simon's development of airport ground safety and support systems is improve and support systems is improve the past few months with the past few months with the fought of the past few months of the past few months with the past few months with the past few months of the past few months of the past few months of the past few mo tions in this area are a possibility this year, offset by disposals of food process contracting subsid-iaries. Meanwhile Simon's transfaries, seeawinie summi's transformation from a cash-rich company to one with 20 per cent gearing, and the continuing payment of high dividends are symptoms of the group's intention to remain independent following its scare with Valuedale last year. Last year may have been a turning point for the company, but the concrete results of much management reorganisation are yet to be seen. A cautious fore-cast of £28m or £29m for 1988 puts the shares, unchanged yesterday at 278p, on a prospective pie of about 10. For the time being they



months of the half year.

## Richardsons W'garth progress

interest received as against a group.

payment of £42,000 last time and group sales were down from aggregate taxable profits for 1987

Richardsons Westgarth, Surrey-based steel stockholder, yesterday reported a tenfold
improvement in profits from
£24,000 to £277,000 pre-tax for the
1967 year.

However there was £115,000 of
interset received as £215,000 of
group.

### Doeflex unchanged at £1.16m

An unsatisfactory year in its share were 8.78p (3.27p) and a thermoplastic sheet and technical final payment of 2.3p is proposed

thermoplastic sheet and technical materials divisions left Doeflex for a total of 3.45p.

with almost unchanged pre-tax profits despite a 63 per cent increase in turnover for 1987.

On turnover of £21.61m (£13.29m), boosted mainly by the new polymer distribution division, taxable profits came out at \$1.15m (£1.44m) Farmings per 10m.

## Earnings amounted to 1.4p (0.2p) and shareholders are to

receive a dividend of Ip, their first for five years.

John O Holt, acquired in October, achieved profits of £582,000 pre-tax of which only £92,000 was included in RW's results.

A loss of £146,000 incurred by Burgess Heating Merchants, since sold, was taken above the line. However, a net profit of \$402,000 on the sale was taken below the line as an extraordinary item.
Group profits for the first two

## Interlink rises 45% and extra capacity planned

Interlink Express, USM fran- new parcel sorting and handling chised overnight parcels distribution and dalivery company,
returned profits of 53.08m pre-tax
for the half year to end-December, an increase of 45 per cent
over last time's 52.18m.
Turnover pushed ahead from
59.88m to 515.08m. The directors'
internal forecast for the second
internal forecast for the second

internal forecast for the second improve, achieving an operating six months indicated that the volume for each of the last two ume of business would continue

to increase. The group was planning to Capital expenditure of some begin operating in at least one film has been authorised for a more European country in 1989.

Group profits for the first two months of 1983 were ahead of last year. Mr Burnet said the group was looking for further growth, both organically and by acquisition, and was well placed to finance this with substantial rical engineer and contractor, cash resources and the ability to issue new shares to vendor share.

Earnings worked through at a more European country in 1969.

T. Clarke improves to £1.54m

9.72p (5.53p) and a final dividend of 2.2725p makes a total of 3.212p cash resources and the ability to issue new shares to vendor share.

Earnings worked through at zerland. Earnings worked through at zerland.

## MORGAN GREN

### **GROUP PRELIMINARY RESULTS 1987**

GROUP PROFIT:	1987	1986
Profit before taxation	£60.1m*	£82.2n
Taxation	£21.5m	£27.3n
Profit after taxation	£38.6m	£54.9n
EARNINGS PER ORDINARY SHARE:	- î.,	
Basic	23.8p	39 <b>.</b> 2p
Fully diluted	23.0p	37.2p
<b>DIVIDENDS PER ORDINARY SHARE:</b>		
Interim (paid October 1987)	<b>3.85p</b>	3.5p
Final (recommended)	7.0p	7.0p
Total	10.85p	10.5p

\*After crediting £26.6m in respect of the sale of the Group's interest in Target Group PLC and after providing £10.0m for future information technology infrastructure development costs and £8.7m in respect of sovereign debt.

### Commenting on the preliminary results for the year ended 31 December 1987 Sir Peter Carey, Chairman, said:

"The year has been by no means an easy one. We have had to cope with the aftermath of deregulation of securities markets in the United Kingdom and similar developments in many other countries in which we operate and the almost worldwide collapse of equity markets in the latter part of October

In the circumstances, therefore, I am pleased to be able to report that we have enjoyed a high level of activity in all divisions and have emerged in sound financial condition having eliminated our exposure to third world debt.

- The Corporate Finance Division for the sixth year running ranked first amongst financial advisers in UK public takeovers.
- Morgan Grenfell Asset Management con-

tinued to add to its prestigious list of clients in the UK and abroad. Funds under management at 31 December 1987 amounted to approximately US\$25.2 billion.

- The Banking and Fixed Income Division enjoyed a particularly active year, with good performance in all aspects of its treasury business, continued innovation in our traditional stronghold of export and project finance and promising developments in the areas of debt trading and debt/equity conversions.
- We are pleased with the considerable progress made in the development of our Equity Securities business; in the post October 1987 environment we have been able to make important strides which give us confidence for the future.

I am pleased to say that 1988 has started well for us across the Group."

### MORGAN GRENFELL GROUP PLC

23 Great Winchester Street, London EC2P 2AX Telephone: 01-588 4545 Telex: 8953511 Fax: 01-588 5598

Group offices in Adelaide · Athens · Auckland · Bogota · Caracas · Edinburgh · Frankfurt am Main · Geneva · Grand Cayman · Guernsev · Hong Kong · Istanbul · Jersey · Kuala Lumpur · Madrid · Melbourne Milan · Moscow · Nairobi · New York · Parls · Perth · Quito · Rio de Janeiro · Singapore · Scockholm · Sydney · Tokyo The 1987 Report and Accounts will be available at the end of April. To obtain a copy please write to the Group Secretary at the above address in London

## Watmoughs nears £5m and adopts policy : for growth

Waimoughs (Holdings), colour printer, publisher and process printer, printed a first process engraver, amounted a 55 per cent jump in pre-tax profits for 1987, from £3.12m to £4.81m. This was achieved on turnover up 81 per cent from £41.12m to

Mr PG Walker, chairman, said that the directors had been adopting a policy of growth through investment in the most advanced technology and a commitment to take the grown into new parkets.

group into new markets.

He said that strong benefits had come from that strategy and the group was now well positioned in the specialised sectors of the gravure and web offset markets to meet the increasing demand for quality magazines and colour supplements — indeed the group's gravure and web offset capaci-ties had been heavily committed throughout the final six months of 1967.

Earnings per share on a net basis rose to 26.25p (18.9p) and

the directors proposed a final dividend of 6.25p (4.83p adjusted) to make a total for the year of 8.25p, an increase of 27 per cent after the one-for

months of 1988 were encouragingly ahead of last year.

### LMS plans £60m debenture issue

London Merchant Securities is raising £60m by an issue of first mortgage debenture stock 2018. The margin will be 1.15 per cent over the gross redemption yield of the 1312 per cent Treasury stock 2004/ 2008.

The rate of interest and

issue price was determined by the price of the Treasury stock at 3pm yesterday. The stock will be paid up as to 25 per cent immediately and the bal-ance in five months.

### Town Centre ahead

A 12 per cent improvement in pre-tax profits, from £1.51m to £1.68m, was announced by Town Centre Securities, property investor and developer, for the six months ended

Gross rental and investment income amounted to £4.51m (£4.1m).

The interim dividend is lifted 25 per cent to 5p on earnings ahead at 1.17p (1.07p) per share.

## **Admiral Computing** 22% ahead and order book strong

BY DOMINIQUE JACKSON

Admiral Computing Group orders and the order book was reported pre-tax profits up 22 per substantial at the year end.

cent from \$1.02m to \$1.25m for the year to end December 1987, its first full set of preliminary results since obtaining a full list that the year end.

There was impressive growth in the newest market. Government contracts, which accounted for 18 per cent of turnover in 1987, up from 1 per cent in 1985. ing in March 1987.
As forecast in September,

As forecast in September, shareholders are to receive a dividend of 1.46p per share.

Admiral, a software developer and consultant in defence and financial services, warned at the interim stage that a slowdown in system for the Association of new orders would result in lower growth than previously enticit.

Mr. Recodich said the defence growth than previously anticipated for the year.

Paten for the year.

Turnover increased by 30 per cent to £3.67m (£5.68m). After tax of £459,000 (£390,000) earnings per share rose from 7p to 8p which represented a rise of 14 per cent on the increased share capital.

Mr. Clar Branch competitive 8 per cent of turnover, all destination on the increased share capital.

The chairman said the strength of the order books showed that the delay in capital capital and the strength of the order books showed that the Mr Clay Brendish, chairman, said despite the note of caution intimated in his interim statement, the latter part of the year saw the expected increase in the interior book above. He added that he was confident that the group would make fursteen the group would make fursteen that the group would make fursteen that the group would make fursteen the group would make furst

Beatson Clark rises to £1.6m Beatson Clark, Rotherhambased glass bottle and jar container manufacturer, reported pre-tax profits of £1.56m for the year to December 26 1987. That compares with £1.27m for the previous 12 months.

The proposed final dividend is maintained at 5.2p making an unchanged total of 8.5p.

Last October Sir Ron Brierley, (11.7). There were extraordinary the Antipodean entrepreneur, debits of £223,000 (£1.9m).

five scrip issue. They also pro-posed a further scrip issue on a one-for-five basis.

Mr Walker added that profit and turnover in the first two

1987, up from 1 per cent in 1985. in financial services, Admiral

Mr Brendish said the defence

market remained competitive.

This advertisement is issued in compliance with the requirements of the Council of The Stock Exchange. It does not constitute an invitation to any person to subscribe for or purchase any new 'S' shares of 25 cents each.

### MARIEVALE LIMITED (Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa) (Registration number 05/06778/06)

formerly

MARIEVALE CONSOLIDATED MINES LIMITED

55,500,000 new 'S' ordinary shares of 25 cents each subscribed for at par.

The above securities have been admitted to the Official List by the Council of The

Particulars of the new 'S' ordinary shares are available in the Extel Statistical Service, and copies of such particulars may be obtained during normal business hours up to and inchading 21 March 1988 from Company Announcements Office. The Stock Employee, 46-50 Finishury Squara, London EC2A 1DD and up to and including 5 April 1988 from:

James Capel & Co. 6 Bevis Marks ondon EC3A 7JQ Gencor (U.K.) Limited 30 Ely Place

A SHITT

Hill Samuel Registrars Limited 6 Greencoat Place London SWIP IPL

18 March 1988



Issue by way of placing of £60,000,000 nominal of 10 per cent First Mortgage Debenture Stock 2018 at £96-846 per cent

(Payable as to £25 per £100 nominal on acceptance and as to the balance on or before 19th August, 1988

The Council of The Stock Exchange has granted permission for the whole of the above Stock to be admitted to the Official List. Dealings in the Stock will commence today, Friday,

Listing Particulars in relation to the Stock have been circulated by Extel Financial Limited. Copies may be obtained from the Company Announcements Office of The Stock Exchange during normal business hours up to and including Tuesday, 22nd March, 1988 and until fuesday, 5th April, 1988 (Saturdays and public holidays excepted) from:--

London Merchant Securities pic. Carlton House. 33, Robert Adam Street, London WiM 5AH

enove & Co., 12, Tokenhouse Yard, London, EC2R 7AN

18th March, 1988

### NOTICE OF REDEMPTION To Holders of INCO LIMITED

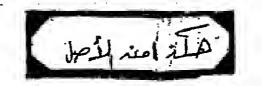
US \$100,000,000 Floating Rate Notes due 1995

eby given that pursuant to the terms of the Notes and Section 3.01 of the Trust Indentur

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the terms of the Notes and Section 301 of the Trust Indenture dated as of April 23, 1985 between Inco Limited (the "Company") and Canada Trust, as Trustee, the Company hereby gives notice of its election to redeem the whole of its Floating Rate Notes due 1995 (the "Notes"). The date fixed for redemption is April 25, 1988 and the Notes will be redeemed at the price of 100% of the principal amount thereof together with accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption. After April 25, 1988 the Notes will cease to accrue interest. The Notes will be redeemed spon their presentation and surrender together with all appurtenant coupons maturing on and after tipon filety presentation and surrencer together with an appurement coupons maturing on and after the date fixed for redemption at the principal office of the Principal Paying Agent, Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce, Cottons Centre, Cottons Lane, London SE1 2QL, or at the principal offices of Commerceank Aktiengesellschaft in Frankfurt, Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York in seels and Kredietbank S.A. Linembourgeoise in Luxembo



Principal Paying Agent



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May Margan



## **BASE RATE**

**CLYDESDALE BANK PLC** ANNOUNCES THAT WITH EFFECT

FROM MARCH 18th, 1988, ITS BASE RATE FOR LENDING IS BEING REDUCED

FROM 9% TO 812% PER ANNUM



The Royal Bank of Scotland announces that with effect from close of business on 18 March 1988 its Base Rate for advances will be reduced from 9% to 8½% per annum.

## Hill Samuel **Base Rate**

With effect from the close of business on

18th March, 1988, Hill Samuel's Base

Rate for lending will be decreased

from 9% to 8.5% per annum.



Hill Samuel & Co. Limited 100 Wood Street, London EC2P 2A]. Telephone: 01-628 8011.

**Interest Rates** 

**Grindlays Bank plc announces** 

that its base rate for lending

will change from 9% to 8.5%

with effect from 17 March 1988.

Grindlays Bank plc

Minerva House, Montague Close, London SE1 9DH.

## **Global Integration of** Japanese Management

For several years the Financial Times has published a series of interview style advertisements under the heading of Japanese Management. Commencing in May this year the Series will continue with the theme of Global Integration of Japanese

Companies who have participated in previous years have appreciated the effectiveness of the unified style used by the Financial Times in projecting their company's image to the influential international business readers of the newspaper. We are delighted that one of the leading international management institutions in Switzerland uses the reprints of the Series as text material for their courses.

Interviews by a prominent journalist in Tokyo will shortly be taking place with those organisations who have agreed to take part.

Should your Company also wish to participate in this Series, please write for further details to:

> Tatsuko Dawes Financial Times Bracken House, 10 Cannon Street London EC4P 4BY Tel: 248 8000 Tx 885033 Fax: 248 4610

Yoshinobu Miyashiro Financial Times Kasahara Building, 1-6-10 Uchikanda Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 101, Japan. Tel: 295 4050 Tx. J27104 Fax: 295 1264

**FINANCIAL TIMES** EUROPE'S BUSINESS NEWSPAPER

Standard & Chartered

**Base Rate** 

On and after

17th March, 1988

Standard Chartered

Bank's Base Rate for

lending is being

decreased from

9.00% to 8.50%

Standard Chartered Bank

Head Office 38 Bishopsgate, London EC2N 4DE

Tel. 01-280 7500 Telex 885951

## bank leumi (uk) plc

Base Rate

Bank Leumi (UK) plc would like to announce that with effect from Monday 21st March 1988 its base rate for lending is decreased from 9 per cent per annum to 8½ per cent per annum.

bank leumi בנק לאומי 🜐

**Girobank** 

Girobank plc announces that with

effect from close of business

Its base rate was reduced from

Other facilities (including regulated

consumer credit agreements) with

a rate of interest linked to Base

Rate will be varied accordingly

Girobank plc 10 Milk Street LONDON ECZY 8JH

Thursday March 17th 1988

9.0% to 8.5% per annum

Base Rate



NatWest announces that with effect from and including Thursday 17th March 1988 its Base Rate is decreased from 9.00% to 8.50% per annum.

All facilities (including regulated consumer credit agreements) with a rate of interest linked to NatWest Base Rate will be varied accordingly.

.... 41 Lothbury London EC2P 2BP

in the same

## YORKSHIRE BANK **Base Rate**

With effect from close of business on

Thursday 17th March 1988

Base Rate is reduced from

9% to 8.50%

All facilities (including regulated consumer credit agreements) with a rate of interest linked to Yorkshire Bank Base Rate will be varied accordingly.



Head Office 20 Merrion Way, Leeds LS2 8NZ

# Base Rate

With effect from Friday, 18th March, 1988 Co-operative Bank Base Rate changes from 9.00% p.a. to 8.50% p.a.

### **調THE CO-OPERATIVE BANK**

Co-operative Bank p.l.c. P.O. Box 101, 1 Balloon St., Manchester M60 4EP. Tel.: 061 832 3456

## **Bank of Scotland Base Rate**

Bank of Scotland

announces that with effect

from Friday 18th March

1988, its Base Rate has

been decreased from

9.00% per annum

to 8.50% per annum



## Lloyds Bank Base Rate.

Lloyds Bank Plc has reduced its Base Rate from 9 per cent to 8.5 per cent p.a. with effect from Thursday 17 March 1988.

All facilities (including regulated consumer credit agreements) with a rate of interest linked to Lloyds Bank Base Rate will be varied accordingly.

The change in Base Rate will also be applied from the same date by the United Kingdom branch of The National Bank of New Zealand Limited.



A THOROUGHBRBD AMONGST BANKS.

Lloyds Bank Plc, 71 Lombard Street. London EC3P 3BS.

Coutts & Co. announce that their Base Rate is reduced from 9.00% to 8.50% per annum with effect from the 17th March, 1988 until further notice.

The Deposit Rates on monies subject to seven days' notice of withdrawal are as follows:\_\_

3.75% per annum Gross\* 2.50% per annum Net (the Gross Equivalent of which is 3.42% per annum to a basic rate tax payer).

Rates are subject to variation and interest is paid half-yearly in June and December

\*Not ordinarily available to individuals who are U.K. resident 440 Strand, London, WC2R 0QS

## Barclays Bank Base Rate.

Barclays Bank PLC and **Barclays Bank Trust** Company Limited announce that with effect from 17th March 1988 their Base Rate decreased from 9% to 8½%



zil failed to contribute to the International Cocca Organisation and that its buffer-stock manager it might make more sense for some African farmers to owitch or quick cash-crops.

could no longer support prices.

However, United Plantations is to corn or quick cash-crops.

By this year's end the world's

cocoa ourplus could be between 800,000 tonnes end 900,000 tonnes.

equivalent to nearly 50 per cent

of annual consumption. Some Malaysian officials say

South-east Asian cocoa-growers

are better-placed to weather the crisis than their African or Latin

American counterparts, for these

rencies are linked to the French franc, which has appreciated against the US dollar while Malaysian end Indonesian cur-

Although cocoa prices have

fallen steeply in terms of sterling, the current price of ebout £950 a tonne in Malaysian currency is

Maleysian cocoe sells at a

Even taking this into account,

CCO since cocoa was designated

would limit its output when it

worth first is controlled when it has scope for expansion.

Malaysia would also be disadvantaged because the Lome Convention favours African states in

acidity and lack of flavour.

rencies have depreciated.

still 4,560 ringgit.

Many African countries' cur-

Cal first

## Venezuelan 'liquid coal' could alter energy market

BY JOSEPH MANN IN CARACAS

from extra-heavy petroleum, next

Mr Renato Urdaneta, president of Lagoven SA, a subsidiary of Petroleos de Venezuela (PDVSA), the country's national oil company, said it had lined up poten-tial clients in the US, Canada, Europe a. d Japan.
Development should change

 The product would compete with coal in steam-generating

 Vanezuaia had capacity to make big volumes of the product. Orimulsion should provida Venezuela with substantial export revenues over the medium

A press report in Caracas said A press report in Caracas said

A press report in Caracas said

said it would soon use Orimul
crimulsion could generate extra

sion in domestic thermoelectric Orimulation could generate extra sion in income of US\$2bn a year in the plants. mid-to-late 1990s.

zuela's main source of income. Oil exports last year were \$9.1bn out of total exports of \$10.5bn.

Orimulsion was a mixture of extra heavy crude oil, that is torsee.

The heavy petroleum or bitu-

VENEZUELA WILL launch comment that is the basis of Orimulmercial production of Orimulsion comes from Venezuela's Orision, a so-called liquid coal made noco heavy-oil belt, the world's largest-known accumulation of

> He said Venezuala's oil industry expected to place a minimum 50,000 b/d of Orimulsion with foreign clients by next year's end.
> He saw potential sales of
> 600,000 b/d by the mid-1990s and
> 1m h/d by the year 2000.

Orimulsion has been tested by the world energy market companies outside Venezuela, including Combustion Engineer-ing of the US, Mitsubishi Heavy Industries in Jepan, and BP and

Tests were made in Venezuela by Intevep, the research and development arm of the national oil industry. BP provided technological aid to develop Orimulsion.

The Venezuelan Government

Orimulsion will be sold internid-to-late 1990s.

Petroleum exports are Vene. nationally as a liquid coal, cheaper than fuel-oil and competitiva with coal. Venezuela believes the product will be com-

hituman, watar and a special chemical additive developed in Venezuela, said Mr Urdaneta.

His company had worked for years in an industry-wide effort to develop new technology for content, and minor changes must content. to develop new technology for producing, transporting and testing the product.

The homeonic formula of the product of the pro ers for Orimulsion use. Venezuela, to avoid problems

with other Opec members on out put quotas, is classifying Orimul-sion as a non-conventional hydro-carbon, because it cannot be processed in conventional refi-

eries today. Venezuela's Ministar for Energy and Mines, Mr Arturo Hernandez Grisanti, said: "From the technical point of view, it is impossible to consider non-conntional Orimulsion fuel as hydrocarbon derivative."

kind of liquid coal." Orimulsion ontput and sales would be stated in metric tonnes.

said Orimulsion was "a

Miri Zlatnar in London adde Six weeks ago a test contract began with Babcock Power, in Glasgow. In May a contract to supply 150,000 tonnes of Orimulsion starts with New Brunswick power-station, being converted to use the fuel, the first unit now nearing completion.

In July-August the start of a special project with Chubu of Japan has secured an initial supply of 5.000 tonnes of Orimulsion. It will go to the Shin Nagoya project, specially designed to evaluate alternative fuels - Orimulsion, coal-water mixtures and micro-coal.

As a result of joint feesibility studies under way with seven power-stations in Europe, the US. Canada and Japan delivery of commercial trial-cargoes into main markats is expected

## Australia cuts oil estimates

Figures prasented to the annual petroleum and minerals review conference in Canberra obow a new median, that is 50 per cent probability, estimate of output from undiscovered fields for the year 2000 of 81,000 barrels

a day.

This compares with a 1986 estimate of 206,000 h/d. Similar revisions were made to median estimates for all the 1990s. The high, that is 20 per cent probability, estimates were also cut. The adjustments hold implica-

tions for Australia's balance of payments, in serious deficit. The bureau said output figures were lower because its assessment of Australia's undiscovered oil resources was cut. They are. also based on a lower average level of offshore drilling, a lower

Undiscoverad resources are reckoned to lie between 1,900m barrels, that is 80 per cent probability, and 2,900m barrels, that is 20 per cent probe-

said overall mining output's value last year rose by 11 per cent to almost A\$22hn, While

ore, aluminium, gold and petro-leum. Coal achieved record levels

of output, export and domestic use, as did aluminium, alumina and bauxite. However, tha hureau says recent growth reflects the investment surge in the early 1980s, which is slowing. The return on shareholders funds of 6.5 per cent in 1986-87 remains well below the

20 per cent peak seen in 1980.

The hureau said continuing downward pressure on coal and iron-ore prices should be seen with concern because there appeared little immediate prospect of a received in the trend

ect of a reversal in the trend. Coal and from ore contribute 34 per cent of total value of Australian mineral exports last year.

The Bursan of Agricultural and Resource Economics, also part of the Government, said the clear efficiency of exploration and lon-ger lead-times between discovery trains mineral exports could be expected to undergo an adjustcrude-off ment in coming years.

Japan was likely to relocate

shore and would therefore show a decline in imports of raw materials and increase imports of pro-cessed and finished products. Mineral imports of countries like South Korea and Taiwan would rise. China would offar

COCOA Extenne

THE AUSTRALIAN Government's Burgan of Mineral Resources has revised future crude-oil output estimates downwards to the year 2000.

THE AUSTRALIAN Government's f.o.h value rose 6 substantial market chances because, although it possesses large mineral reserves, it is expected to concentrate effort on metal-processing and to import raw-material shortfalls

The bureau projected an average 1.8 per cent annual growth in the real value of Australian mineral resource exports over the 1968-2000 period. The growth fig-ure, excluding net imports of petroleum products, is much higher at 3.4 per cent.

The hureau said net imports of crude oil would be at A\$4.50n (in 1986 dollars) in the year 2000. However, higher exports of LNG and transform should offset the expected rise in petroleum

The burean says the relative importance of coal and from ore may fall over the period, while gold export values are expected to peak next year. In other presentations to the

two-day conference, prospects for other individual minerals were generally seen as positive. For example, Australia will remain a large-scale producer of alumin-ium and mineral-sands concen-

trates. Little real growth is expe for lead and zinc, although the 1990s should be kinder than the 1980s. For tin, snpply and demand are likely to approach balance by this year's end,

Previous

2410-30 2240-60

## Miners halt Australian gold and

nickel By Chris Sherwell in Sydney

ABOUT 600 mineworkers have halted Western Mining Corpo-ration's underground gold and nickel operations at Kambalda,

Western Australia.
Their strike, which began on Wednesday, has intensified the nervousness of a fittery nickel market in London where prices have more than trebled over

the past 15 months.

Over the past two days news of the industrial trouble has helped to send the three-month nickel price on the London Metal Exchange to a record \$11,625 a tonne. The price rose by \$500 a tonne yesterday and by \$250 on Wednesday. Anstralia is a smaller nickel

producer than Canada or the Soviet Union but its nickel exports account for about 14 per cent of demand from noncentrally planned economies. Western Mining is easily the

western mining is easily the country's most important producer. In the six months to January 12 it sold 24,800 tonnes of nickel, up 23.6 per cent on the corresponding period the previous year. Most of this came from Kambalda. The trouble is thought to spring from demands by the members of the Australian Workers Union for assurances Western Mining will not start contracting out underground

work. Most of such work is done by wage earning employees under their own contracting system However, they fear the gold-mining industry's increasing

tendency to contract work will soon extend to them. The trend has emerged as the industry has shifted from extracting new surface deposits to developing deeper depos-

The surface work of moving maierials from open-cut min-ing is often done by civil con-tractors. This .10 being extended to underground

operations.

Metal-trades workers at Kambalda are thought not to be involved in the strike. The company is hopeful the prob-lem will be resolved by early next week.

However, inter-union rivalry could be a complication. Kambalde last suffered a strike about 18 months ago when about 18 months ago when nickel prices were depressed. In spite of nickel-market tightness the Kambalda row should not immediately affect its physical flow of nickel to market. Stockpiles are feeding its smelter and refinery.

In 1986-87 the smelter treated 436,000 townes of

nickel concentrate containing 52,000 tonnes of nickel. The refinery made almost 25,500; tomes of nickel in all forms. The sharp upturn in the world mixet price some non-higher demand, shortfalls in supply and low levels of stocks. As a result, prices are highly volatile and vulnerable

## Malaysian cocoa stays on course

BY WONG SULONG IN KUALA LUMPUR

MALAYSIA, THE world's fourth-spective of the current cocoa cri-largest, most-efficient cocoa pro-sis." tonne in coming months, because ducer, is taking cocoa prices' sharp fall in its stride.

Crop profits have been squeezed badly; some planters may be revising expansion plans; but the country as a whole is staying on course with its massive planting programme. :

In 1980 Malaysia produced 35,000 tonnes of cocoa. Last year output soared to 170,000 tonnes. The 200,000-tonne mark could be passed this year. Malaysia hopes that by the year 2000 it will rival big-league producers Ivory Coast

A western diplomat in Kuala Lumpur who monitors the agri-cultural scene said: "Malaysian and Indonesian cocoa-growers operate in e different environ-

ment from African cocos-farmers. They have quite a different per-Indonesia stays confident of expansion

INDONESIAN COCOA-producers

are confident they can weather the current fall in cocca prices,

writes John Murray Brown in Their confidence follows delerates' failure, at crisis talks of the International Cocoa Organisation in London last wee agree support measures for the Sbn-s-year world cocoa market.

Indonesia, one of the higgest producers outside the deal, enjoys low output costs and high productivity, local traders say.

Mr Ihrahim Hasan, who runs Indonesia's higgest cocce busi-Indonesia's higgest cocce business with interests in plantations
and marketing, says: "I don't low. Yesterday Mr Hasan said he about \$6bn.

The plan as the largest-ever tree-crop investment, worth in total about \$6bn.

He says Indonesian output the market firmed up again.

costs average between \$500 and \$800 a torne. Prices on the London market were vectories.

Dato Bek-Melsen, Danish-born Planters withheld fertiliser senior executive director of inputs and slowed plantings. By

United Plantations, said: "I can that year's end prices were again see cocoa prices going even fur-profitable.

In Malaysia and Indonesia most

cocoa was grown by big estates as part of their diversification

from rubber and oil palm. While these estates may not be making

much money from cocoa now, their overall cash position was

strong because of high prices for the other two commodities.

He said planters in Sabah, the east-Malaysian state, who had relied mainly on cocoa could be badly hit by depressed prices.

They were drawn by the golden

prices of the mid-1970s and had gone heavily into cocca-cultiva-tion on bank loans. They had dif-ficulty serving banks.

Dato Bek-Nielsen, Danish-born

Over half Indonesia's estates are in private hands, another facaking producers more effi-

cient and responsive to price

of the growing world surplus."

He noted Ivory Coast and Bra-

not too worried about cocoa pros-pects. UP has 8,500 acres under

cocoa. It plans to convert another

4,000 acres of oil palm to cocoa by

Dato Bek-Neilsen saw the cocca crisis as similar to the palm-oil crisis in early-1986, when there was nearly Im tonnes of palm-oil

stocks. Prices plunged to 430 ringgit a tonne, 150 ringgit below Malaysian output costs

don market were yesterday trad-ing at £920 (\$1,700) a tonne.

Traders here expect Indonesian curput, about 43,000 tomes last year, to fare better than that of West African producers and Brazil Productivity is said to be five times greater.

However, massive cocoa-expansion gramme, rehabilitating existing government-run estates and increasing plantings in outer islands, particularly on Kalimantan and Sulawest.

other bush- and tree-crops expan-

Indonesia is still only a minor pleyer in tha world's cocoa league, way behind Malaysia.

£180-a-tonne discount on the Lon-don market because of its high

Malaysian planters are still profiting, because their average out-put cost is about 3,000 ringgit a Malaysia has refused to join

its third export crop, after ruhber and palm oil. It fears membership

This is in parallel with with

The World Bank has described

terms of market access to the European Community.

Malaysia sees cocoa potential in fast-growing Far Eastern mar-hets. A Malaysian trade official

said: "If we can get the Chinese and Japanese to switch from tea and coffee to cocoa drinks, as well as consume more chocolates, we would be doing well."

## Rapeseed offers salvation

BY JOHN BUCKLEY

EUROPE'S OILSEED industry is dinning its salvetion on new. so-called double-low rapeseed varieties to boost animal-feeds

The European explosion in severe cuts in European Commu-nity support following last month's agricultural summit. while new rules will mean only the new double-low varieties will be subsidised after 1991.

However, crush-industry sources told a seminar held by Kenneth Wilson Agriculture in London last week that UK farmers could not afford to wait until the 1991 desditine, because conti-nental growers were already sow-ing the new varieties.

Double low, in trade parismos double zero, rapeseeds have been specially bred with low content

These are glucose and sulphur compounds that give mustard,

from which rapeseed derives, its sharp taste. sharp teste.

The chamical can cause problems with digestion as well as palatability to animals, and can

WORLD COMMODITIES PRICES

AM Official Kerb close Open Interest

Fling turnover 450 lonn

3,435 lots

even taint the taste of eggs from rape-fed chickens.
Further, and not surprisingly, it has severely restricted rape-meal use in EC animal-feeds.

gating a potential market for 1.28m tonnes of meal, equal to a 2m-tonne rapeseed crush.

The record UK crop last year was 1.25m, while total UK mealit has severely restricted rape-meal use in EC animal-feeds. Europe's seed-breedars have

worked overtime to solva the problem. Several tried-and-tested double-lows are now widely avail-able, enabling Danish and West able, enabling Danish and West German farmers to sow all their crops to them last year.

France is also well ahead of the UK where only a small percent-age is double. This could rise to between 60 per cent and 80 per cent this autumn, as UK growers appreciate premiums fetchable over old, so-called single-low.

over old, so-called single-low, varieties. Processors and fred-compound-

ers were gearing for expanded oftake, too, said Mr Peter Bates, of Unimilis, a UK crusher. In the UK cattle sector alone there was potential to boost rapemeal-use from 620,000 tonnes to 830,000 tonnes, to supply 20 per cent of feed-inputs, compared

output from all sources at 1.1m was, at 3.7m tounes, less than a third of demand.

Mr Bates tried, at a time oil-seeds are more usually described in surplus, to put the record straight by drawing attention to the scale of the continuing EC

EC-10 so-called soft, that is mainly rape/sunflower, oilseed output of 9.1m tonnes fell 1.4m tonnes short of crush capacity. Main oils and fats output was 9.5m tonnes, against demand of 11m tonnes.

This meant heavy dependence on imports, which past events, especially US soyabean embar-goes, showed could easily leave EC industry a hostage to fortune

#### Brazilian sugar chief dismissed

By John Barham in Sao Paolo PRESIDENT SARNEY of Brazil has dismissed the acting head of the Sugar and Alcohol Institute (IAA). The move was expected after reports of a row be the acting head and the Trade and Industry Minister responsi-ble for the IAA.

The new IAA president is Mr Marcello Piancastello de Siqueira, a senior adviser to Mr Jose Hugo Castello Branco, Trade and Industry Minister. Mr Nilson Miranda Motta, the dismissed head, angered the minister by refusing to export 600,000 tonnes

The ministry said Mr Motta 9.5m tonnes, against demand of 11m tonnes.

However, these gaps were dwarfed by that of the oilmeal sector. There, EC output of 14.2m tonnes compared with demand of the life inquiries into illegal activity.

of sugar in January.

The institute ovarsees the industry, regulates ontput of fuel-alcohol for cars and monopolises sugar exports. It has long been criticised for overstaffing. inefficiency and corruption.

### LONDON MARKETS

highs on the LME in early trading before profit-taking in the afternoon took some the steam out of the advance. Even so three-month 99.7 per cent nurs metal. closed et an all-time high of \$2,280 a tonne, e rise of \$35, while the 99.5 per cont added £35 to £1,239.50. The advance was fuelled by trade and speculative buying against a background of a buoyant physical sector, the approaching expiry of a labour contract at Kaiser Aluminum's US smelters and constructive charts, continued in Biffex dry cargo freight futures, with the July contract adding 34.5 points to 1,579 points after the Baltic Freight Indax on which it is based hit a record 1,610.50. The gains were boosted by reports of heavy Chinese Involveme in the physical market. Coffee prices followed New York down, with the

£34 a tonne. SPOT MARKETS Crude oil (per berrel FOB) \$13.00-3.10w -0.20 \$14.45-4.52y -0.05 \$16.01-6.00y +0.13 Dubai Brent Slend W.T.I.(1 pm est Premium Gasoline Gas Oli (Soviet) Heavy Fuel Oli Naphtha Petroleum Argus Estima \$163-166 \$126-128 \$63-66 \$135-137 Gold (per troy oz) Silver (per troy oz) Platinum (per troy oz) Palladium (per troy oz) 629c \$499.5 \$122.0 + 125 + 10 -5 -0.09

Aluminium (free market)
Copper (US Producer)
Lead [US Producer]
Lead [US Producer]
Nickel (free market)
Tin (European free market)
Tin (Kuala Lumpur market)
Tin (Rew York)
Zinc (Euro. Prod. Price)
Zinc (US Prime Western) Cattle live weight)† Sheep [dead weight)† Pigs (live weight)† +9.8 +7.2 +6.0 London daily sugar (white) \$225.25 for London daily sugar (white) \$235 for Tate and Lyle export price \$229.5 Barley (English teed) Maize (US No. 3 yellow) Wheat (US Dark Northern) +0.25 +0.50 +0.25 +0.25 +0.25 5507.5t -27.5 \$370.0x \$370.0x £153.0 -0.5 +0.05

895 015 936 951 974 1002 1024 Turnover: 4781 (6805) lots of 10 ionnes ICCO Indicator prices (SDFIs per tenne). Daily price for March 10: 1195.8 2 (1224.59) .10 dey average to March 17: 1240.86 (1246.20). COFFEE Stonne Close 1146 1174 1196 1210 1242 1267 1290 1137 1100 1169 1135 1192 1167 1215 1190 1237 1290 1265 1254 1269 Turnover 5096 |1876) lots of 5 tonnes ICO Indicator prices (US cents per sound) for March 17: Comp delly 1979 118.38 |119.08); 10 day average 119.27 |119.67). Rew Close Previous High/Low 195.20 195.40 193.40 192.00 193.40 196.00 196.00 121.00 196.20 191.00 196.00 121.00 193.00 197.00 High/Low 126.76 126.00 127.00 127.25 129.00 127.00 124.75 126.25 123.50 197.25 125.00 127.50 125.00 Apr May Jun Jul Aug Turnover: 4871 (4462) lots of 100 tonnes Close 102.25 104.00 106.25 100.90 102.75 105.00 107.00 102.90 105.00 107.15 100.75 102.60 104.85 106.85 102.00 102.25 104.75 104.00 106.80 106.25 Mar May Jiy Sep Nov Jen Mar 100 90 102,75 107.00 Previous High/Low Berley Close 101.85 103.40 97.70 100.30 102.60 104.60 102.00 104.00 97.55 103.16 102.46 104.45 101.85 101.75 103.75 103.40

Ciose 1351-2 1236-40 Copper, Grade A (E per tonne) 1225-38 1170-80 Sever (US cents/fine ounce Gash 622-5 3 months 633-6 Cash 332-3 5 months 332.6-3 Michel (5 per lonne) 11800-856 Ziec (£ per torme) Gesh 530-2 3 months 630.5-31 125.00 121.00 120.70 122.00 126.20 1712.0 1579.0 1599.0 1594.0 1610.5 Turnover: 774 (413)

1870.0 1544.5 1575.0 1535.0 1598.5 1712.0 1675.0 1690.0 1562.0 1010.0 1586.0 1600.0 1575.0 FRAIT ARRO VIDOLTABLES

Fruit supplies remain plentiful with plums
00-80p a lb. Cape Wittlam poare 35-80p and
grape varieties including Waltham Cross.
Flame and Dunban Hannah all 70-80p, reports
FFVIS. French Golden Delicious applif a are
20-40p, Cox's 60-80p, and Granny Smiths
25-45p, white oranges 8-25p sech, temons
10-22p and upile 50-70p are unchanged. Hard
red and white Cabbage are 18-25p a lb, Cettic,
January King and Tundra 20-30p. Asperagus
are at 51.80-2.50, Cauliflowers are at 40-80p
each [45-70p], Medium stazed mustiroous are
50-70p a 172b (50-75p). Caurota 18-30p a lb,
potamos 11-14p wriths, 13-15p reds and onlors
are unchanged. Canary Island borrations are
359-51 (60-90p), Dutch and English hothouse
are £1.1.20 (50p-£1.10). Cucumbers are 55-70p
etch, celery 40-60p and round lattuce 28-33p.

1353-4 43,530 lots Fling turnover 40,550 torse 1290-2 1298-30 1208-9 87,308 Tota Pling turnover 10,000 ozs 625-8.5 535-40 600 late Ring turnover 1,512 tonus 13500-14000 11420-460 11600/11245 11500-620 8.214 fets Filing Surmover 4,750 to 527-4 527-4 530.5-31 13,475 lobs Gold (fine oz) \$ price Inetaviuse 2 140.0 130.0 er: 380 (337) lots of 100 tormes \$ price EAN MEAL E/tonne 465-460 455-480 455-460 442 ½-4653 232-241 115-123 457-482 4612-6012 104-105 ½ 5181<sub>8</sub>-6241 247 12 -250 12 247 12 -250 12 247 12 -250 12 247 12 -250 12 240 12 -242 12 12 12 467 248 14 -251 14 24 14 -271 12 251 251 14 563 2-57 12 279 14 -252 12 Previou 122.40 119.50 118.50 Krugerrans 1/2 Krug 1/4 Krug 120.50 117.80 118.50 124.00 r: 66 (20) lots of 100 to GHT PUTURES \$10/Index point p/fine oz US ets equiv Spot 3 months 6 months 342.15 349.80 357.65 630.80 842.00 653.80 676,30 LONDON METAL EXCHAIGE TRADED OFFICES Aluminium (99.7%)

GOLD 100 troy oz.; \$/troy oz. 500.1 498.8 508.9 509.0 514.7 520.4 630.5 632.7 636.0 643.9 651.4 653.9 667.7 675.6 885.4 684.8 632.7 635.0 638.5 646.6 654.3 666.9 670.7 679.7 688.6 Calls Puls May July May July 268 178 36 128 198 152 67 160 141 96 100 242 103.50 101.45 97.55 93.25 89.75 196.25 185.25 83.50 783.50 82.50 Mar Apr May Sep Dec Jean May July 248 181 43 166 161 138 75 212 127 103 120 275 Catts Puts 231 221 77 155 173 175 110 207 126 137 170 267

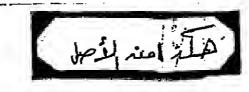
US MARKETS U.S. trade deficit figure, reports Drexel Burnham Lambert. Losses were further extended as reports concerning South long-liquidation and trade selling touched off stope before prices lifted on profit-taking towards the close. Copper fluctuated within the recent trading range as the market awaited fresh news. Energy

as to market awared treat news. End futures featured early trade buying followed by fund and local setting whic touched-off stops to ease prices in the face of commission house scale-down buying. Cocoe was lacidustre, coffee eased on fund and speculative selling with the trade a scale-down buyer, wh sugar railled on fund buying which touched off commission house stops in the face of trade scale-up selling. Orange juice also railled on fund buying. Cattle futures eased reflecting poor dressed beef movement and lack of packer interest, hogs and bellies were both higher in anticipation of improved cash prices. Commercial buying firmed the wheat market as it anticipated possible

Chinese buying, the soybean complex and corn railled on fund buying and

**New York** 446.0 447.5 461.9 456.0 459.5 466.0 471.5 481.0 Little 50 troy oz; \$/troy oz. Close Previous High/Low 503.0 507.5 511.0 016.0 us High/Low 641.0 649.0 658.0 668.0 674.0 0 104.00

CRUDE Oil. (Light) 42,000 US patts \$/berrol Chicago 611/4 019/2 627/2 630/4 631/6 641/2 650/0 656/0 681/4 626/0 633/6 642/4 646/0 646/0 656/6 664/4 672/4 676/0 626/0 634/0 643/0 646/0 646/0 657/4 664/4 672/4 676/0 Close Previous High/Lov 20.24 20.54 20.89 21.03 21.10 21.27 21.55 21.53 21.80 19.77 20.07 20.43 20.57 20.70 20.80 21.08 21.08 21.13 19.66 19.83 20.32 20.45 20.62 20.82 21.00 21.45 21.65 20.30 20.65 20.95 21.10 21.25 21.40 21.60 21.55 COCOA 10 torres;\$/torres 1552 1582 1609 1660 1682 1702 1732 1583 1567 1613 1662 1685 1710 1728 1549 1578 1605 1645 1679 1899 1729 Close Previ 190.70 132.36 194,57 136.54 136.75 136.60 140,00 141,85 183.10 194.32 196.61 181.74 141.13 142.36 142.38 148.50 133.00 134.45 136.85 138.40 141.00 141.00 0 160.80 182.05 134.27 136.25 198.75 141.00 e 141.50 Close High/Los 199/0 205/6 210/6 213/2 218/4 225/4 225/4 200/0 207/0 212/0 214/6 219/6 226/4 230/0 Close Close Previous High/Low May Jul Oct Dec Mar May LIVE CATTLE 40,000 lbs; cents/lbs Close Previous 73.65 70.70 67.60 68.40 67.95 67.20 67.20 73.97 70.85 67.62 66.42 67.37 67.00 0 74.07 71.05 67.80 66.80 67.80 67.40 67.20 JUNCE 16,000 lbs; ce Previous High/Low 168.00 168.40 158.25 158.75 151.25 140.00 149.50 148.85 146.95 164.90\* 159.95 156.40 152.00 159.25 747.50 148.00 148.00 May Jos Sep Nov Jen May Jul 45.50 49.72 49.57 46.57 42.70 43.20 41.30 45.85 49.85 49.30 46.92 42.85 43.30 43.30 41.20 44 57 46.95 46.35 46.22 42.40 42.97 43.00 40.90 Mar 16 Mar 15 minh ago yr ago PORK BELLIES 38,000 lbs; cents/lb 1718.9 . 1721.3 1775.0 1601.8 Close Previous. High/Low DOW JOKES (Base: Deci ber 31 1974 - 100h 64.15 55.35 55.95 54.95 130.25 135.08 132.30



 $F_{\ell,d_{\alpha_2},M_{\alpha_{\alpha_{\alpha_{\alpha_1}}}}}$ 

#### **FOREIGN EXCHANGES**

## Pound firm despite rate cut

Sterling'e push through the Many still view sterling as a high unsustainable, according to Mr DM3.10 level was countared yes terday by a cut in UK base rates such are content to look for just to 8% p.c. The move through a short term gain. The attitude of DM3.10 had started in the Far Bask, and traders noted that the Bank of England had made no attempt to control the rise by selling sterling. Consequently the selling sterling. Consequently the Japanese financial year end on firmer trend continued in early March 31.

firmer trend confinued in early
London trading.

After closing at DM3.1050 in
Tokyo the pound opened at the
same level in London and
touched DM3.1075. However, the
Bank's signal on rates saw the
pound fall quite quickly to just
under DM3.0900, although by
mid-morning it had recovered to
DM3.0925. Some dealers
suggested that a half point cut
was not enough to offset continued upward pressure on the
pound. This gained credence
after news of a \$12.44hn US trade
deficit in January, - at the lower
end of expectations - sent the dollar sharply firmer, pulling up
sterling in its wake.

Once again the reward house

Japanese financial year end on
March 31.

The pound's exchange rate
index finished at 77.4, unchanged
from Wednesday's close. However it touched a high of 77.8 in
the morning, before the cut in
base rates. Against the D-Mark it
finished at DM3.0975, np from
DM3.0900 but a full pleaning off
the day's high. It fell to \$1.8325
from \$1.8475 but improved else
where to Y235.75 from \$1.825.75
Against the French franc it rose
to FF710.5200 from FF710.5025.

Analysis of the US data showed
that, while imports fell by 6 p.c.
exports were down 10 p.c. in addition, the deficit showed a small
deterioration from December's was not enough to ouset contin-ued upward pressure on the pound. This gained credence after news of a \$12.44bn US trade deficit in January, - at the lower end of expectations - sent the dol-lar sharply firmer, pulling up sterling in its wake.

dealer stressed.
With interest rates now moving in reaction to sterling's per-formance, rather than domestic economic conditions, the bottom line spelt much greater volatility in the coming months, another analyst suggested.

Much will depend on the atti-tude taken by overseas investors.

£ IN NE	W YORK		
Mar.17	Latest		revious Close
C Sport	1.8340-1.8350 0.31-0.29cpm 0.92-0.88pm 3,20-3.10pm	1.84 0.3 0.97 3.36	5-1.8495 -0.30pm -0.93pm -3.29pm
	K and obsciouts and KARINDEN		e US dollar
	Ma	117	Previous
0 10			~~

Brazilian sz

chief dismis Sir iron barran 👊

CURREN	CY F	RATES	
Mar.17	Stok Cate	Special * Zhawing Ingres	European Currency that,
Sterling U S Dollar Canadian S Austrian Sch. Belgian Franc Danish Krise Deutsche Mark Meth. Gallitur French Hallan Lira Lapanest Yen Namady Krone Spanish Presta Sovicitish Krona Sovicitsh Krona Gerek Drach Lirish Punt.	S. S	0.743560 1.77447 1.72001 1.16.1267 48.0240 5.874550 2.874550 2.170836 1.730.84 1.731.74 1.731.74 1.831.74 1.831.74 1.831.74 1.831.74 1.831.74 1.831.74 1.831.74 1.831.74 1.831.74 1.831.74 1.831.74 1.831.74 1.831.74 1.831.74	0.669949 1.23629 1.54536 14.5469 43.3381 7.99428 2.07078 2.32602 7.04437 1536.47 157.441 7.85228 179.169 17.15368 1.71536 164.109 164.109 165.109

Mar.17 .	Bank of Empland Sides	Morgan Custranty Changes %
Sterien U. S. Doller Caracitan Dollar Austrian Schilling Beigalar Franc Danekt Krone Doubt Krone Coutder Coulder Franc Guitder Franc Franc Franch Franc Liva You	77.4 PE.0 20.5 10.5 10.5 147.1 137.4 25.5	15.9 -13.4 -6.5 +10.7 +2.2 +23.1 +24.0 +15.4 -13.8 -19.7 +80.2

OTHER CURRENCIES

ME-17		
Argentina (1)	0.9790 - 9.0465	4.8800 - 4.9300
Australia	25160-25196	13610 - 13620
Brazil		107,70-108.20 4,04-0-4,0480
Fished	7.4665 - 7.4890 236.30 - 253.60	131.65 134.45
Hose Kone		7,7990 7,8010
kan	123 M	66.50
Korea(Stn)	1365 10 - 1397 40	750,00-756.20
Kowalt	0.50770 - 0.50829	0.27460 - 0.27470
Languadourg .	64 00 - 64.90	25.25 25.45
Malaysta	4.7315 - 4.7624	2560-25750
Mexico	4190 00 - 4212 10	2276 00 - 2286.00 1,4960 - 1,4985
N Zealand	27675 - 27700 6 9335 - 6 9395	3.7500 - 3.7510
Saudi Ar	37195 - 3.7275	20140 - 20140
5. AT (Cn)	3,9330 - 3,9540	21430 - 21460
S At (Fa)	4 9270 - 5.0620	2.6665 - 2.7395
Tatem	52.85 - 53 10	28,60 - 28.70
U.A.E	6.7900 - 6.7960	3.6725 - 3.6735
"Sether ra	te (LiArgentina Offici	al rate more quoted

**MONEY MARKETS** 

## Base rates reduced

THE BANK of England took financial markets by surprise, bought 221m bills ontright, by when signalling to UK commer-cial banks that interest rates at 8% p.c.; £2m bank bills in band 1

the central bank invited discount houses to borrow funds in the afternoon, at a rate of 8% p.c. Loudon clearing banks then cut their base lending rates by %

5'2 per cent from Narch 17

rate policy and inflation by the Prime Minister, and the Chancellor, but was seen as setting a ceiling of DM3.10 for the pound at

forecast a money market short-age of £300m, but revised this to age of £300m, but revised this to the Bundesbank on Tuesday, £450m at noon, and to £400m in the afternoon. Total help of £391m was provided. to DM540m to DM550m. £391m was provided.

sterling in its wake.

Once again the pound broke through DM3.10, and traders stressed that the cut in rates still left an interest differential of around 5% p.c. between Eurosterling and Euromarks. This is still big enough to attract further demand for the pound," one dealer stressed.

res proved to be more exciting han the actual release. The fall	GNP ris
ack in exports was expected,	third g
ince the rate of improvement	annual
ver the past few months was	COMBRE

the past	few month	as was co	mpared w	ith 24 p.c.	in 1986
	Ecs central cases	Conversy Servents Spaints, Eco. May 17	% change	th charge adjusted for disciplina	Disapped N
Franc Cross D-Mark Tast silder	42,4582 7,85212 2,05853 6,90405 2,31943 6,768411 1483,18	43 3301 7.95428 2.07078 7.04437 2.32682 8.776563 1536.40	+2.67 +1.36 +0.66 +2.63 +0.72 +1.74 +1.54	40.55 40.09 40.02 40.02 40.02 40.02 40.02 40.02 40.02 40.02 40.02 40.02 40.02 40.02 40.02 40.03	±1544 ±1540 ±1048 ±1367 ±1501 ±1466 ±4,075

SENSELEZ		1460.58	43.56	1.	+2.42	4,0752
Adjestment co	Actual by Florida	ithir charge dentes a l Times. DRWARD A		HE P	OUND	
Mar.17	Day's special ·	Oose	One month	*	Three	% p.z.
US	1.8305 · 1.3590 2.2910 - 2.3231	1.8320-1.8330 2.29102.2920	0.51-0.28com 0.084-0.02com	193	0.90-0.85pm 0.18-0.05pm	1.91
Belgium	3.474 - 3.49% 64.28 - 65.03 11.834 - 11.954	3.47% - 3.48% 64.80 - 64.90 11.83% - 11.84%	27-7cpm 27-7cpm	4% 315 037	44-34500 54-32500 3-1446	447 245 427 420
ireland iv. Sermany. Portnial	11575 11695 3085 3104 251.75 25615	1,1590 - 1,1600 3,094 - 3,10 251,75 - 252,75	11-11-pps 99-16-book	149.	0.22-0.300s 41-37,50 297-400.6s	-190 541 541
Spatin	207.53 - 208.82 22934 - 23104	207.80 - 208.00 22934 - 22944	27-48cms 1-96cms	214 214 214	25-125-04 8-18-45	22
Horstay France Sarcins	10.514 - 10.58 10.514 - 10.58	10.515 - 10.525 10.945 - 10.955	44-5 gents 3pm-30th 4-1 kmets	429	154-164ds 5pm-5dt	誓
Junan	2754 - 27AL	2351 . 2341	Lanks	AIA	1.3km	1 745

Mar.17	Day's	Carte '	Duc asesti	1 A	Taree	1
Cr	1.8385 - 1.8590 1.5900 - 1.5962	1.5329 - 1.8330 1.5945 - 1.5955	0.31-0.28-pa 0.03-0.04-ph	13	0.76-0.85cm	1.5
theriand),,	1.2400 - 1.2595 1.8700 - 1.9000	12495 12505 18990 13000	0.17-0.200s 0.45-0.43cpm	2.00	0.52-0.556s 1.33-1.30ea	17
ighan	34.97-35.45 6.424 6.465	\$35-35.45 646-6467	0.95-1.Storedic	塭	129 12006	217
togel	1374 1384	1,6900 1,6910	0.50-0.47p/s/m 80-110cm/s	出	1,47-L42pm 236-230@s	34
W	1223 12321	125.12521	4.15.5.15limb	1.0	100-115ds . 12-40-14-40ds	
MCS.	5.67 - 5.74%	3731 5741	3.66-4 Offereds 9.76-1.00cms	17	2.55-2.856	73
edes	5.94 - 5.50 127.05 - 128.65	128.55 - 128.65	0.26-0.23your	强	3.75-4.15#s 0.83-0.78pm	25
dizuriand	11.751 11.851 1.3820 - 1.4020	11.841 11.851	3.20-2.90grams 0.63-0.50cm	끯	1.75-1.70pm	197

oucy. Forward premions and discounts apply to the US dollar and not to to nametible brancs. Financial frame 35.25-35.35.

RO-CURR	ency in	TEREST	RATES			··· .
Mar.17	Short	7 Bags .	Gee Blonth	Three Months	Str. Months	Que Ver
Riar  contair  lifer  and  contair  con	# 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	\$448,1569,45844 \$4845,215445	**************************************	######################################	575799995444 5757999954444	\$2.5.78.78.75.45.65.6 \$2.5.78.78.75.45.65.6

Sterii US Do Con. T D. Gri She, Fr Fr. Fr traisan O. Fr. You Asian S

Her.17	E	\$	DM	. Yes	F Pr.	S Fr.	R FL	Lies	C 5	B Fr.
. <u>f</u>	.1 0.546	1.833	3.098 1.690	255.8 128.6	15.52 5,739	2568 1.401	5.400 1.099	2244 1252	2272 126	44.85 55.55
DMI YEN	0.323 4.241	6.592 7.774	13.14	76.11 1000.	3.3% 44.AL	0.829 18.89	1173	740.5 9729	0.740 9.720	20,93 275.0
F Fr. \$ Fr.	0.369 0.369	1.742 0.714	2,945 1,206	224.1 91.82	10.	241	3,300	2181 893.3	2.179 0.393	일성
HFL Lim	0.267 3.436	0.527	0,890	67,76 102.8	3.023 4.506	8.738 1.119	1517	659.2 1200.	0.639	盟始
C S O Fr.	0.436 1.542	0.800	Ѭ	102 9 363.6	4,590	1.120 3.960	1.538	1001	3,534	26.29 100.

1	1,690	128.6	5,739	1.401	1.099	1252	1.250	35.30	Estimated	
6.592 7.774	13.14	76.11 1000.	3.3% 44.A1	0.829 18.89	1173	740.5 9729	9.740	20.93 275.0	Previous d	
1.742 0.714	2,945 1,206	224.1 91.82	10.	2441	3.508 1.555	2181 893.3	2.179 0.893	실성	Sest Lasses	FIE
0.527	0.890	67.76 102.8	3.023 4.506	8.738 1.119	1.517	659.2 1200.	0.629	13.6A 26.27	IM-STER	
0.800 2.827	Ѭ	102 9 343.6	4.590 16.22	1_120 3.960	1.538 5.36	1001 3537	3.534	28.29 100.	200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	
r. per 10:	Ure per	.000; Fel	glas Fr. p	er 100.					Dec Mar	
			FT	LON	DON I	NTER	BANK	FIXI	16	

G1.00 a.m. Mar 17) 5 montis US delles & sportis US Dollars

The finding rates are the write by the startest to five reserve Tokyo, Destroite Bank, But MONEY RATES	ace places	MIN SHOW THE REAL PROPERTY.	when the The	banks are Ratio	d offered rives can Westernesiz	r Bank, I		
NEW YORK (Lunchtione)  the menth 515 Three year  Tao users 5.45 Four year  The users 5.75 For year  The year 6.77 10 year  The year 7.16 30 year								
Mar.17	Dversight.	Que Sionth	Tyro Menting	Three Morein	Six	Long		
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ECU LINIM DE BN ...

FINANCIAL FUTURES

## Inflation fears on rate move

LIFFE US THEASURY MIND FUTURES OFTHUS

Estimated volume total, Calls 142 Pars 182 Province day's open let, Calls 2184 Pars 1476.

1352 Right low Nov. 1932 94.33 94.12 94.23 94.00 95.60

CHECAGO

REACTION TO the surprising tors to buy sterling are still in cut in UK bank base rates was place, and that if the Bank of ing to Mr Stephen Hamah, economist at County NatWest, it probably heralds a period of high volatility in British interest rates.

Long term gilt futures opened very firm on Liffe, but traders did rates, but believes this is a short continued to see the performance not researd the interest rate cut as term problem, and that hase of the pound as the key

very firm on Liffe, but traders did rates, but believes this is a short continued to see the period regard the interest rate cut as term problem, and that base of the pound as the key conforting, from the view of rates will average 9½ p.c. in the inflationary pressure. This led to second half of the year. He had at least cleared some regards the UK inflation rate as confusion about economic too high, compared with West and eppeared to put it is reasons for overseas investigation rates will rise, to choke off the driving seat. LIFFE LONG CILY PUTURES SPIRES

had been lest dritting without extender.

Nevertheless the figure was better than some had expected and short term reaction pushed the dollar up to DM1.6905, from 1 DM1.6725 and Y128.60 against Y127.40. Elsewhere it improved to SFr1.4010 from SFr1.3845 and FFr5.7400 against FFr5.6850. On Bank of England figures, the dollar's exchange rate index rose from 93.5 to 94.0.

JAPANESE YEN-Trading range against the dollar in 1987/88 is 159.45 to 121.35. February average 129.17. Exchange rate index 238.6 against 221.9 six months ago. Uncertainty about developments in Central America and proximity of US trade figures, kept most traders on the aidelines in Tokyo. The dollar closed at Y127.45 from Y127.50 in New York.

New York.	1
Figures released after the close of business showed Japanese	1
JNP rising by 1.7 p.c. in the	1 1
burth quarter of 1987 over the hird quarter. This gave an	- 2
innual rise in 1987 of 4.2 p.c., compared with 2.4 p.c. in 1986.	Frank.
	MI

Japanese	186	450	518 252	301	•
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Estimated Volume 477(324) Provious day's open Int. 402(387)

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CURRENCY FUTURES LIFFE-STERLING 525,866 S per &

1-eth 3-eth 6-eth 12-eth | High | Low | Prex | 1,9455 | 1,8380 | 1,8400 | 1,8250 | 1,8310 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 | 1,8226 |

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Financial Information Service on Japanese Corporate Issuers **MIKUNI'S** Cost: US\$ 3,300 per year

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Address

One dealer commented that it had at least cleared some of the confusion about economic policy, and eppeared to put Mr Nigel Lawson, the Chancellor back in the driving seat.

## **Company Notices**

NATIONAL BANK OF HUNGARY US\$ 200,000,000.-Floating Rate Notes due 2000 (Coupon No. 6)

Pursuant to Note conditions, Notice is hereby given that for the interest period from 17th March, 1988 to 19th September, 1988 an interest rate of 714% per annum will apply. Amount per coupon = US\$ 374.58 Payable on 19th September, 1988

Reference Agent: The Long-Term Credit Bank of Japan Ltd., London Branch Dated 17th March 1988

**HESSISCHE LANDESBANK -GIROZENTRALE** US\$ 100,000,000 Floating Rate Notes due 1996 (Coupon No. 4)

Pursuant to Note conditions, Notice is hereby given that for the interest period from 16th March, 1988 to 16th September, 1988 an interest rate of 6.15% per annum will apply. Amount per coupon = US\$ 1,772.92 Payable on 16th September, 1988.

Reference Agent: The Long-Term Credit Bank of Japan Ltd London Branch Dated 16th March 1988

The table below gives the latest available rate of exchange for the U.S. dollar against various currencies as of Wednesday, March 16,1988. The exchange rates listed at middle rates between buying and selling rates as quoted between barks, unless otherwise indicated. All currencies are quoted in foreign currency units per one U.S. dolla except in certain specified areas. All rates quoted are indicative. They are not based on, and are not intended to be used as a basis for, particular transactions. Bank of America NT & SA does not undertake to trade in all listed foreign currencies, and neither Bank of America NT & SA nor the Financial Times assumptes the currency.
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VALUE OF CURRENCY COUNTRY CURRENCY DOLLAR 6.4035 2.70 5.677 1.00 (1.006a) (2.55 (440.00 650.00 (10.00 20.00

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Before lunch the authorities were to be cut yesterday.

When forecasting that in band 4 at 8% p.c. and £1m bank bills in band 4 at 8% p.c. In the afternoon the Bank of England lant £370m to the dis-

count houses at a rate of 8% p.c. In New York there was also surprise, when the Federal Reserve drained reserves from cut their base lending rates by % p.c. to 8½ p.c.

The move by the authorities caused considerable confusion,

Ilk gening hash base lending rate

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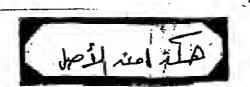
20 easier interest rates, in an attempt to calm nerves, after the Sibn rescue package announced for First Republicbank Corp of Dallas.

In Frankfurt call money rose resent.

Stering trailed above DM3.10 in the Far East and in early London trading, and hovered around that level after the cut, prompting suggestions that another reduction in bese rates is not out of the question.

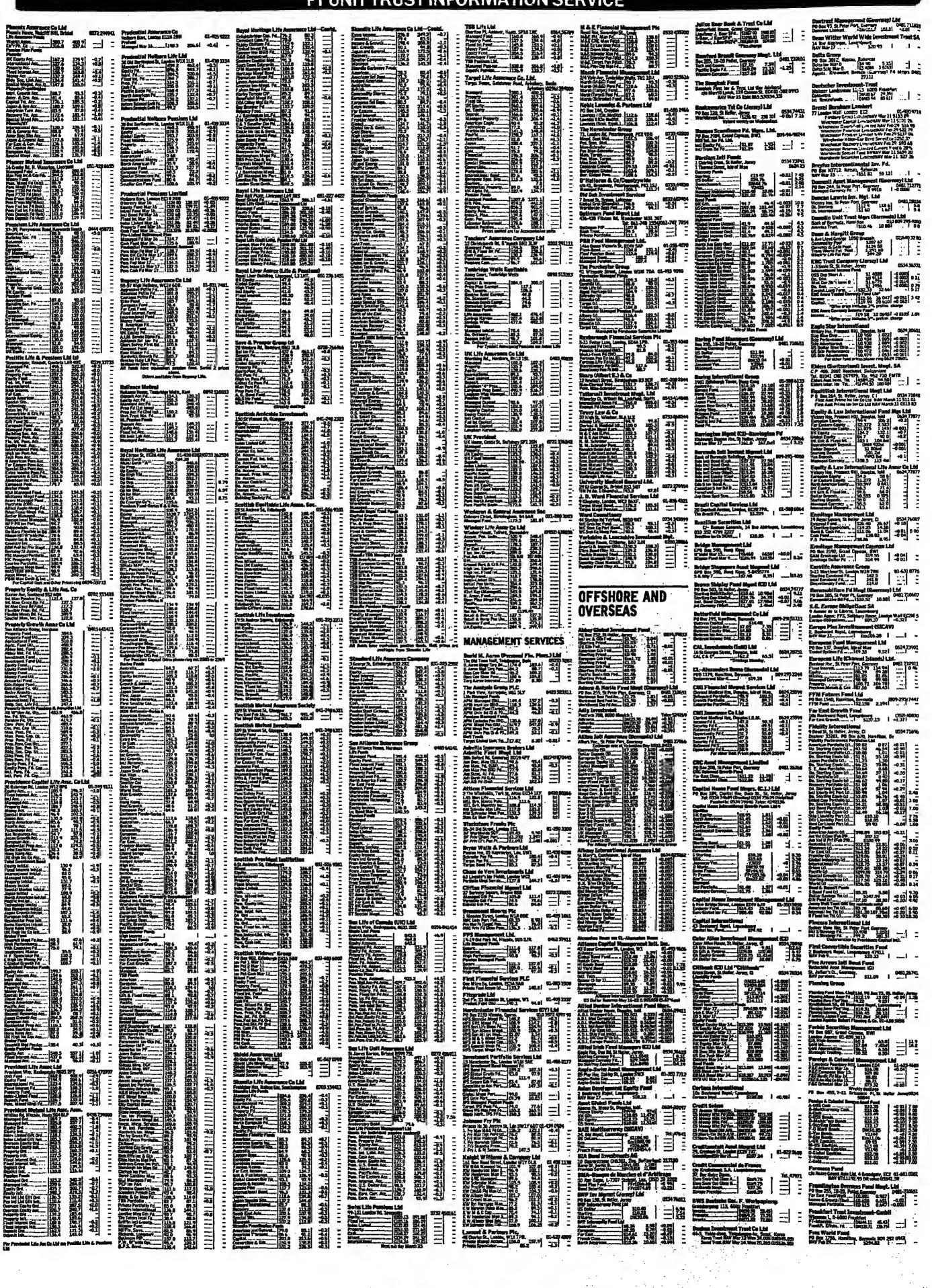
The Bank of England initially forecast a money market shortage of \$200m had revised the to the Bundesbank of Tuesday.

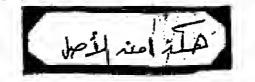
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4 Jet developed from tadpole (8) 8 Church gold in solution: they keep one in place (7) 9 Bloodaucker has to beat its victim (7) 11 Chaperon related to Venus's girdle (10) 12 Consequential breezes (4) 13 Slow-moving fish on poles aren't well (5) 14 Veughan Williams' first Seychelles number's false (8) 16 Stinging fish has page 10 in contempt (8) 18 Oceanid reaches New York at speed (5)  19 They have been taken for part of prince (son of queen) (9) 19 Partial disturbance of coast-line (9) 11 Having new title, beast eats person up (7) 12 Periodical of unspecified degree in magic herb (7) 21 A number in drink show sign of pain (5) 22 Spaniard's part is enormous (5) 23 Solution to Puzzle No.6,583	Doc   194, 3   207, 3   125   126   126   127
20 Royal part of Pygmallou (4) 21 Row back to your ship, which has what it needs to sail (10) 23 Flower, maybe mean one (7)	Heident Res. Portono Sq. Will GIB 01-1954392 1 Liarranz Fourtise Hill EDAY GRA 01-195439 1 Liarranz Fourtise Hill EDAY GRA 01-1954392 1 Liarranz Fourtise Hi



Financial Times Friday March 18 1988 +0.1 0.12 +0.1 0.11 -0.2 5.36 -0.75 +0.2 -0.4 76.1 112.7 65.1 102.0 46.6 140.0 109.0 80.4 137 4 - 138 2101 - 138 411 -02 138 603 - 401 138 217 - 404 133 172 - 404 133 104 - 404 03 107 - 03 228 -0.1 -03 200 がい ### Description | Description rs Ltd (a) GT Management Ltd 125.1 1126 1143 1101 98.5 99.1 415.2 207.5 116.4 246.7 118.8 British Hatinami Financia)S Perrymoun Read, Hayanis Heats Continental Life Imprante PLC Corphill Instrument PLC 57 Labymond, Californi Smite (FALG) May 9... 207.5 Free Installab May 9... 207.5 Man Smit (ALG) May 9... 207.0 Man Smit (ALG) May 9... 199.0 Man 9 (CAS) May 9... 199.0 1023 171-5 144-6 146-0 HIMMIN 25529572HHH 27 0 22 9 33 1 27 4 228 3 212 27 3 186 2 27 4 - 25 work Ivery Unit Treet Mers Ltd (a) sariotic Sq. Edinburgh ... 200.5 | 4.20 | 5.27 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1. | Comparison | Com

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Financial Times Friday March 18 1988 **FOREIGN BONDS & RAILS BRITISH FUNDS-Contd BRITISH FUNDS** Price + se Div % Red.
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| Underted | | 45-5 | 39-8 | Counts 40c. | | 44-5 | 39-8 | Counts 40c. | | 45-5 | 45-5 | Counts 40c. | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | 45-5 | Durling every Westerday.

Lander Indonstrate Found Management Ltd.

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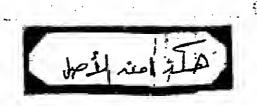
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20 | The Limit | The Control of Cont **COMMONWEALTH &** AFRICAN LOANS LOANS | Parising Societies | 1014 | 99.5 | 102 | 98 | 10.5 | 98.5 | 10.5 | 98.5 | 10.5 | 98.5 | 10.5 | 98.5 | 10.5 | 98.5 | 10.5 | 99.5 | 10.5 | 99.5 | 10.5 | 99.5 | 10.5 | 99.5 | 10.5 | 99.5 | 10.5 | 99.5 | 10.5 | 99.5 | 10.5 | 99.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 99.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10. Assistantazioni GENERALI SpA PO Box 132, St. Peter Port, German, C. Surlinn Manager Fd., 1234 35 204, 77 Duller Manager Fd., 1883,62 88,23 Over Fifteen Years.

### LONDON SHARE SERVICE

AMERICANS - Contd	BUILDING, TIMBER, ROADS		ENGINEERING-Contd	INDUSTRIALS (Miscel.)—Contd	INDUSTRIALS (Miscel.) Contd.,  1907/88   Stack   Price   Pr
1967/88   High Low   Sheek     Price   + w   Biv     Crr   6-7	1987/88   Stack   Price   -   Stack   Price   -   Ret   7 m Gr's   10 m Gr s   10 m Gr s	100   100	True	<b>数   27   (開放   22 - 22 - 22 - 23 - 23 - 23 - 23 - 23</b>	4771 220 Manurin 200 271 3177 49 3 415 3
27-1 12-1 TRINOVA Corp. 18-1 56c 1.7 24-1 12-1 PUST \$1.	a   136   60   Marchae &C 50   86   [03096] 2 16 4 17	14.4 295 135 Wilding 07. 109. 265 3.25 3.9 2.2 18.0 19.1 19.8 2.5 4.9 2.7 11.7 19.8 2.5 4.9 2.7 11.7 19.8 2.5 4.9 2.7 11.7 19.8 2.5 4.9 2.7 11.7 19.8 2.5 4.9 2.7 11.7 19.8 2.5 4.9 2.7 11.7 19.8 2.5 4.9 2.7 11.7 19.8 2.5 4.9 2.7 11.7 11.7 11.7 11.7 11.7 11.7 11.7	56   64   64   64   64   64   64   64	195. 2011 Arrer Group Fret A. 126 4 198.9% 44 2 11.1 2 56 14 Angle Berdit. 24 48 2 12.1 1 197 110 States 55. 197 12.1 50 Arreson 109. 101 -2 11.9 35 2 12.4 11.2 50 Arreson 109. 101 -2 11.9 35 2 12.4 12.4 12.8 28 behilp 105 75. 50 41 12.8 12.8 28 behilp 105 75. 50 41 12.8 12.8 25 behilp 105 75. 50 41 12.8 12.8 12.8 12.8 12.8 12.8 12.8 12.	79 15 collaborat ID 28 41 42 35 454 4 263 55 Subgrow Grand 50 41 44 40 857 20 26 19 1 263 163 Marry Notes ASS 50 216 44 10 857 20 26 19 1 264 165 Wester Lai Records 10 15 12 15 75 3 1 4 4 10 10
CANADIANS  691p   215p   ABM Gold Corp     215p   -5   -   -     25 \( \text{in} \) 10p   604bot Energy Corp   250   48   -     18\( \text{in} \) 505p   904bot Energy Corp   250   48   -     14\( \text{in} \) 3lp p\( \text{inercas} \) Lightware.   4p   -     122a   25c   904ress   34p   +2	414 218 Labry Liebth	ELECTRICALS	645 11 Caution Gross Sp. 28 - 2	##60 243 Da Beckercheleff 245 876 4.1 - 4.1 - 4.1 - 4.6 677 315 Arose Brit Ports 534 76.0 4.3 1.9 20.6 65 21 Arose Brit Ports 534 76.0 4.3 1.9 20.6 65 21 Arose Brit Ports 534 76.0 4.3 1.9 20.6 625 226 Aris Europe 2.3 335 34 20.6 2.6 2.6 3.4 10.6 2.6 3.	47 8 Michis Fine
1176   393 s Association Expla   52.12   52.00   7.4   101   104   103   104   104   105	- 293 120   McLauphin & H., 245   +2 8.0 4 4.6 4 406 135   Magnet.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1.56 470 78 Min 10s. 11s 238 22 4.7112 18.1 18.6 18.6 12.8 12.8 12.4 12.8 18.0 18.0 18.0 18.0 18.0 18.0 18.0 18	227 177 2 78/94 130 28 792 2.6 2.1 133 30 28 792 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.	143 90 0000000000000000000000000000000000	749 99 Minsate Invs 10p. 13c2 -2 40 40 11/2b 4 288 128 Minsace Fig 15p. 130 -2 12 15 5cq 1.5 16 4 287 128 Minsace Fig 15p. 130 -2 15 5cq 1.5 16 4 28. 27 50 Makw Computers. 65 -2 15 5cq 1.5 16 4 28. 27 10 Makw Computers. 65 -2 15 5cq 1.5 16 4 25 9 Reil & Soescer 10p 10l. 7 -2 15 5cq 1.5 16 4 25 9 Makw Computers. 65 11.6 16 5cq 1.5 16 4 25 9 Makw Computers. 65 11.6 16 5cq 1.5 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16
14 1922 Can. Pacific L. 18 % 4 60c 2.6 42 1 37 12 Do. 4cr Deb £1.00 48 4% 19.0 8279 3320 Central Lepital ** 2 550 5 6 1629 228 1 giDantus Res. 1579 4 11.750 1.0 18 7560 19 £cro 6ay Mines. 12 % 20c 0.6 689 25 1 p Erro-Asia Capital Lal. 830 +22 20c 0.6 230 669 Erro-Asia Capital Lal. 830 +22 20c 0.6 8210 2469 ViCalactic Resources. 233 5 6	4 195 1123   Markey	12.6	275   176   276	213 313 Barrier (224) USSL 524a 45 (250 - 2.0 -	276 1105 1016cr& Elect 120   -2   30-7 21 1300
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38 1 21 vinnertal 0119 24 3 31.60 2.50 104 virtual 0119 25 34 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	9 266-1 175 Ruphy Group	A.B.   A.S.   A6   CASE Group 220	650 377 Harrier Scheler, 485 43 17.0 24 4.01.5 11.9 79 Heath/Sammel 10e, 119 4 254 93 HIII & Sentit. 213 41 4.5 115 39 SHORTER S. 115 -2 13.3 3.4 1.9 5 115 39 SHORTER S. 115 -2 13.3 3.4 1.9 5 115 39 SHORTER S. 115 -2 13.3 3.4 1.9 5 112 34 Hoptimore. 116 -2 13.3 1.9 4.0 1.5 117 34 HIII & Sentit. 116 -2 13.3 1.9 4.0 1.5 118 38 HIII S. 116 -2 13.3 1.9 4.0 1.5 118 38 June & Salarma. 132 4.1 1.9 1.0 1.7 119 39 157 Lahri Group. 222 44 17.0 1.5 2.6 4.1 1.0 124 56 Lee (Lahrin 1.2) p. 27 4.1 1.8 1.8 1.0 124 56 Lee (Lahrin 1.2) p. 37 3.2 1.5 3.6 4.1 1.0 124 56 Lee (Lahrin 1.2) p. 37 3.2 1.5 3.6 4.1 1.0 125 38 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0	**28	\$100\frac{1}{2}\$25   Pearson   \$648   \$-3   \$12 0 2 0 7 2 5 16 6   \$79 \qquad 90   Pentsent 100   \$125   \$-3   \$0.64   \$0.71   \$0.71   \$0.91   \$1.00   \$1.00   \$1.00   \$0.00   \$1.00   \$0.00   \$1.00   \$0.00   \$1.00   \$0.00   \$1.00   \$0.00   \$1.00
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BANKS, HP & LEASING  1987/08   Stant   Price   State   Cycle   Price   State   State   Price   State	288 1163 Mrimpey (Geol	A.9	276   121   Itelf (Limins)	*** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** **	250 142 Radiart Metal
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440 273 Royal Bt. Scotland. 365	205 54 Susciffe Spainters   145 41	106   108   Hertin Elects   135   -5   13,0 4 h 5.0 9.8     40,5 7 71   MSS 55	254 133 - 4 Diss 10s 145 42 15.0 2.1 4.7 11.7 730 317 - 4.5	106   106   1074   10	380   175   176   605 Grp 10p.   311     04 6
195 102 00 for A Car P71 1224 6% - 6.7 - 6		#33 252 Misraftin Res. #198 -2 76225 4.5 0.740.7 205 #7 Misra Faces Inc. #188 -2 762.5 4.5 0.740.7 241 200 Misrages Inc. #188 -2 27 -1 5.5 2.6 2.717.2 153 113 #Misraftins Inc. #188 -2 28 -1 5.5 2.6 2.717.2 3.8 198 editorayters Sp. 268 +2 3.0 7.71 512.2 66 25 #Misraftins Sp. 268 +2 3.0 7.71 512.2	495 299 Bertson S. & W. 345 41 34.0 1.7 6.3 12.5 491 15 9510-isolate 10p. 29 45 515 1276 Boots 377 44 515.79 1.8 4.713.5	225 (25 Elect 10. 541 116; 5   5   5   5   5   5   5   5   5   5	990 1888 Stacktake
Hire Purchase, Leasing, etc.  240   135   Rogio Lusting 15p.   177     226   6.3   2.0   11.0    276   132   1.7   150p.   140   140   17    76   44   Cattle's Heigs 10p.   64   1.2    85   21   Equaty 6 den 5p.   27   11.09   2.2   5.3   0.0    138   50   Moorgute Mer. 10p.   135   140   127   127    440   278   Prop. Financial   3464   1   16.0   0.6   3   0.0    305   110   Moodchester R20p.   159   1   14.0   0.6   3   0.0    100   110   120   120   120   120   120   120    110   120   120   120   120   120   120    110   120   120   120   120   120    110   120   120   120   120   120    110   120   120   120   120   120    110   120   120   120   120   120    110   120   120   120   120   120    110   120   120   120   120    110   120   120   120   120    110   120   120   120   120    110   120   120   120    120   120   120	160 55 Do. 15 5	9-3 480 100 Miles 5	570 285 CHIFO'S Debriss. 496 96.0 22 2.2 2.5 A 976 1185 De. "A" N-V	52% 17% Eigeld 56	7   Talber Sp
BEERS, WINES & SPIRITS  471   290   Aulted-Lyons	228   93   Bastile (J) W	1281   1224   mobit Corp   http://dx.   1272   44   mt.   128   42   124   1	260 1-3 Dec Corp 5s	28's 10 no. warrants 22 +1 142.5 2.7 2.8 14.3 14.0 18. Excallent length y 64 -1 0.05 0.1 -7.7 14.1 14.2 14.1 14.2 14.1 14.2 14.1 14.2 14.1 14.2 14.1 14.2 14.1 14.2 14.1 14.2 14.1 14.2 14.1 14.2 14.1 14.2 14.1 14.2 14.1 14.2 14.1 14.2 14.1 14.2 14.1 14.2 14.1 14.2 14.1 14.1	162 103   Ph.S.far Choldel Frf. 141   11   12   13   14   15   15   15   16   16   16   16   16
535 332 Clark (Matthew) 378 19.0 3.6 5.3 11.7 361 202 Deresish U A 1 5p. 328 3.0 3.9 1.3 27.4 12 322 eEde top. Pour 'A' 535 42 7.75 3.2 30 14.5 541 335 felder Swith T Al 490 451 4.9 1.4 19.6 2806 135 Gerenali Whiley 209 -3 6.0 2.9 5.9 11.9 14534 101 Do 5.95ptDFISL 118 -1 5.95% -6.9 -6.9 11.9 494 229 484 -1 5.6 66 3.1 1.8 24.6 494 229 484 -1	1971   63   Do. W 20p   101   -4   181.5   6.5   2.01     193   63   Easier   100   -84   -1   2.6   2.9   4.1     345   120   #00wises Man 5p   125   -2   3.3   3.2     430   431   Elarch   434   -1   1.5   4.7     424   217   Coret Viyella 20p   259   -1   0.7   0.7   0.7     419   210   Colet Wyer ASO 50   259   -1   0.7   0.7   0.7     419   210   210   210   211   -1   1.2   4.8     419   210   213   210   215   217   -1   1.9   21.5     419   213   20   30   30   30   30   30   30     410   210   211   212   4.8   1.4     420   318   Courts W   -1   1.7   -1   1.9   2.1   5.7     420   318   Courts W   -40   45   6.6   5.4   2.4     421   422   423   3.0   3.0   3.0   3.0   3.0     422   423   3.0   3.0   3.0   3.0   3.0   3.0     423   424   425   3.0   3.0   3.0   3.0   3.0     424   425   425   425   425   425   425   425     425   425   425   425   425   425   425   425     425   425   425   425   425   425   425     425   425   425   425   425   425   425     425   425   425   425   425   425     425   425   425   425   425   425     425   425   425   425   425     425   425   425   425   425     425   425   425   425     425   425   425   425     425   425   425   425     425   425     425   425   425     425   425   425     425   425   425     425   425   425     425   425   425     425   425   425     425   425     425   425     425   425     425   425     425   425	0.4 1664 35 Peek 3	720 133 Razieworf 10p. 253 92.2 4.0 1.2 25.6 188 188 188 188 188 189 18. 289 4.75 4.9 2.3 13.8 189 18. 289 4.75 4.9 2.3 13.8 189 18. 289 19. 22 156 Hington Food Sp. 107 18 75 10.5 5.5 0.6 95.4 19. 22 156 Hington Spots 10p. 124 41 8.79 3.7 16. 21.1 19. 25. 10.5 10.5 10.5 10.5 10.5 10.5 10.5 10	151 06 Finetic C & W 127 -4 (3 5.0 4.9 9.5 16.5 H5 Wilson RED.10.2 185 185 H5 RED.10.2 185 185 H5 RED.10.2 185 185 RED.10.2 185 H5 RED.10.2 185 H5 RED.10.2 185 H5 RED.10.2 185 RED.10.2	201   201
389 227 Goloves	60 24½ Pabe Bretz (A) 100 57 93 46 Dewirts (J) 110 47 #0.86 5.3 2-4 140 30 2.9 117 72 be Bretz for San Mill 73 30 2.9 117 72 be Bretz for San Mill 73 30 -9.4 283 1322½ Down! II Hidgs 100 178 44 #1.73 3.6 1.3 1 123½ 44½ Ellik & Gold 156 42 2.6 3.1 5.7 295 180 Expire Stores 226 -1 47.7 2.7 2.9 1 345 198 Euro 100 227 -1 44.73 (2.3 2.3 2.7 2.9 4.7 3.2 3.2 3.3 5.7 2.7 2.9 1	23 27 224 Price Hides 20a 28 6.9 5.7 5.6 10.0 6.9 5.7 5.6 10.0 6.9 5.7 5.6 10.0 6.9 5.7 5.6 10.0 6.9 5.7 5.6 10.0 6.9 5.7 5.9 10.0 6.9 5.7 5.9 10.0 6.9 5.7 5.9 10.0 6.9 5.7 5.9 10.0 6.9 5.7 5.9 10.0 6.9 5.7 5.7 5.9 10.0 6.9 5.7 5.7 5.9 10.0 6.0 6.9 10.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0 6.0	1507   1507   1507   1507   1507   1707   1507   1707   1507   1707   1507   1707   1507   1707   1507	377 207 Scorton Ressell Sa. 275 15.3 2.6 2.6 19.9 3 309 97 Ememplam Hilgs. 264 15.3 2.6 2.6 19.9 3 378 256 Gressela. 378 11 9.8 2.6 4.1 12.9 13.0 13.5 15.5 15.5 15.5 15.5 15.5 15.5 15.5	74 13 Int Garantee 59. 24 95 129 Vintum Gr. 200. 160 93 58 PMSP Bidgs. 50. 65 R1.4 3.0 3.0 115 3 133 130 Whole Potts. 100 198 4 32 33 3 0 115 8 185 60 Waster Generation. 128 41 1.5 3.4 1.7221 279 125 Waster Industries 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 167
603 345 Merriad 500 42 7, 9 4.1 2.2 14.2 27.3 14.9 Scott & New Zip. 27.7 42.1 27.95 24.3 34.3 34.3 500 4.2 7.7 52.4 37.95 24.3 7.95 24.3	140 58 GGet   Cecil 10p 86 dl.0 - 1.6	3.9 256 196 Reserve 100	95-1 44 Roman Group 10p. 55-2 1-11 72.0 1.8 4.9 15.4 750 205 Rowthern Foods. 270 9.0 2.3 4.6 12.1 193 194 112 8 Rowthern Foods. 9 11.7 2.5 2.6 193 194 112 8 Rowther Food 10p. 259 -2 14.8 3.4 2.9 13.2 12.7 25 2.6 12.5 27.0 50 Flarmings 12.1p. 160 -7 1.8 1.9 2.6 27.6 13.6 12.7 299 RHM. 324 -2 8.49 2.7 5.6 13.6 10.4 27 Respirat Rowth 2p. 377 -2 0.23 3.5 0.7 36.3	1955 116 - Nascon 113612 4 2 9 4 4 9 0 1252 1132 Da Spr La 2004 09 51865 - 1 093453 9/4 4 - 1160 199 0 10 10 1 200-12 1132 1 - 1 0193 9 3 193 3 -	48 3 9Weton 7n. 25 -1 0.35 4.4 1.916.1 511.2 6 9.5 1.6 1.6 1 9.5 1.6 1 9.5 1.6 1 9.5 1.6 1 9.5 1.6 1 9.5 1.6 1 9.5 1.6 1.6 1 9.5 1.6 1 9.5 1.6 1 9.5 1.6 1 9.5 1.6 1 9.5 1.6 1 9.5 1.6 1.6 1 9.5 1.6 1 9.5 1.6 1 9.5 1.6 1 9.5 1.6 1 9.5 1.6 1 9.5 1.6 1.6 1 9.5 1.6 1.6 1 9.5 1.6 1.6 1 9.5 1.6 1.6 1 9.5 1.6 1.6 1 9.5 1.6 1.6 1 9.5 1.6 1.6 1 9.5 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6
BUILDING, TIMBER, ROADS  449   252   AMEC SQn.	130   50   Rent S.R.J 10p.   66     17.0   27   2.70     251   150   Returns Group 10p.   150   -1   45.5   17.5.91     218   131   Soldberg 0c.L.   195   46   47.75   23   3.41     223   51.05   Great toleversal   51.4     24.45   3.81   3.01     214   210   510   A	32 265 125 HeVRS 10c 125 125 135 2.4 3.8 13.5 2.6 3.8 13.5 2.6 3.8 13.5 2.6 3.8 13.5 2.6 3.8 13.5 2.6 3.8 13.5 2.6 3.8 13.5 2.7 3.0 13.6 227 66 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	175 SI (reser Fat 20p. 964 1.25 of 1.9 4 209 151 (reso 50 1.68 +1 re2-0) 4.0 2.017.4 (reso 50 1.68 +1	724 15 by Marcharov Laskids 29 12 0.25 4.1 1.2 28.5 48 124 harvin 50 14 0.39 0.82 2.7 75.1 1.2 28.5 5.5 15.0 May Marmard 10p. 378 -2 14.15 2.6 1.5 34.9 1277 15.9 September Care Servs 51 -2 18.9 4.4 1.5 20.5 127 15.6 September Care Servs 520 -4 85.20 2.0 4.5 14.9 14.5 3.0 2.1 21.5 15.6 Service U.J. 15.5 14.9 14.5 3.0 2.1 21.5 14.9 14.5 15.5 High-Point Serv. Ibs 381 14.5 3.5 2.0 19.2 17.7 3.5 High-Point Serv. Ibs 381 14.5 3.5 2.0 19.2 17.7 3.5 High-Point Serv. Ibs 381 14.5 3.5 2.0 19.2	37 172: [VIII] are systems 20. 26 11 0.1 1.1 0.5 73.6  180 105 105 5; [Cantholist 106 10 31 45 7.0 1.9 3.2 14.7  180 107 107 107 107 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108
402 186 Attender Sp	5 87 41 Woltes Group 5p. 62 -1 (2.3 1.9 5.91) 186 100 Wildow Stroup 5p. 62 -1 (4.1 2.6 5.81) 5 393 175 Honse of Lerose. 280 9.4 1.7 6.43 70 62 In Shops 5p 69 +1 87.3 2.6 2.61 505 180 Balacques Vert 10p. 373 17.0 3.0 2.61 2 125 773 Rickel's Functors 10p. 115 117.4 6.1 42 2.61 2 115 43 Lestic Wise 20p. 550 20 6 5.0 512 Libb 0 1 Direct. 550 550 20 6 5.0 512 Libb 0 1 Direct. 513 1 3 -2 4 19.0 5 1 1.1 2	1.9 83 25 Sound Differ. 5a. 32 4.2 90.8 4.9 3.7 7.2 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.8 9.8	200 143 90. Witth CVII. 67 -2 -1 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2	90 49 Fiftle Expanson 10 41 42 2.0 2.1 6.7 9.7 9.7 9.7 9.5 61 97 97 97 97 98 91 91 92 92 92 92 92 92 92 92 92 92 92 92 92	90 20 Nerthagens (A) III. 48 97 156 Whyrele Eds. Dre Sh. 158 -5 2.9 0.2 4 0 97 156 Shylyto Grosp 49 2.6 1.7 5.2 16.0 187 18 Wyndlem Grp 15e 148 45 12.0 5.7 1.6 17.9 187 192 Yriki 10p 129 -2 W2.41 3.9 2.7 13.1 182 182 Yale & Valor 254 -5 17.9 4.1 3.8 10.6 7 182 1.06 Young (M.) 129 3.9 2.8 4.3 11.7
186 76 Selvelach 105 107 1178 +1 1.32 3.6 4.9 9.5 9532 178 Serteily Group 358 192.5 7.2 1.0 20.3 148 65 Sert Bros. 200 97 42 555 1.2 4.9 22.4 675 135 Serteily Servel 455 -3 10.1 3.0 3.0 10.5 979 289 Sluc Carle 1 455 -3 10.1 3.0 3.0 10.8 275 120 Servelon 258 11.1 5.63 0.9 5.1 47.4 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5	B15   480   Do. Non Veg   448   46   19 0   51 1 1 91     E32a 190   Limited in: 50.90   S13 L 91     245   105   Lioyis Caesaists 59   127   42   11 28   50 1 41     240   100   Majirts 5   5   5   127   42   11 28   5   1 41     240   100   Majirts 6 Spencer   181   -1   145   23   3 41     240   100   Majirts 6 Spencer   181   -1   145   23   3 41     240   25   Majirts 6 Spencer   181   -1   145   23   3 41     240   25   25   25   25   25   25   25   2	300 130 infection flow 133	73 43 Medicine Sto Hot So. 46 44 11 43 24 15 77 55 MATHER Rose, 50 70 44 11 42 22 13 6 6 6 5 348 Grass Metros 50 49 42 12 22 33 12 4 12 12 12 13 12 12 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	99 25 hymne 56. 38 11.7 2.4 6.211.1 148 73 83 83 84 kernetional 5a. 117 42 14.2 14.2 18 83 33 Reformational 5a. 117 42 14.2 14.2 14.2 18 83 33 Reformational 5a. 127 42 14.2 14.2 14.2 14.2 18.2 14.2 14.2 14.2 14.2 14.2 14.2 14.2 14	INSURANCES  1973 1900 Abbey Life 59
204 100 CRH 1111	470 340 Diller (6, 3"A" 253 110,0 1.6 3,92 111,1 10,0 1.6 3,92 111,1 10,0 1.6 3,92 111,1 10,0 1.6 3,92 111,1 10,0 1.6 3,92 111,1 10,0 1.6 3,92 111,1 10,0 1.6 3,92 111,1 10,0 1.6 3,92 111,1 10,0 1.9 11,1 10,0 1.9 11,1 10,0 1.9 11,1 10,0 1.9 11,1 10,0 1.9 11,1 11,1 11,1 11,1 11,1 11,1 11,1	20 490 500 Trestal Group 55	47 20 Mindry Brieni Mt. 51 % 1+1- 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	795 190 Jackson Bourne 466al -1 449.33 0 2.7 4 185 61 Nardhe Hdg HKS2 84 10286c 0 2.5 4	13 of 633 Britannic 5p. 518 Al 13 195 3 4 6 5 4 115 5 6 4 115 5 6 7 11
291 kg 138 Crest Nichol 106 215d 3,7 3,5 3,6 10.8 120 81 to 55 pp. 0 Co. Mr Pt. 108 +1 54 % -7,9 -7 118 129 County Liames 100 91	33   323   Fidewis 109   279   43   194.84   44   2.71   253   126   100   000   000   150   -1   5.85%   -5.3   266   163   844   Austra 4"   17   209   15.85%   -5.3   45.5   25.4   43   38   10   110   14   5.64   5.04   5.04   129   1	5.0 )	INDUSTRIALS (Miscel.)	58 25 kalentatro 10n 46 12 - 1.5 0.7 4.4 44.7 71 26 2 Kalentatro 15n 33 2 13 4.9 4.9 4.2 7 655 323 Ketsey look 430 45 10.0 4.3 3.2 9.9 931 93 Ketsey look 430 45 10.0 4.3 3.2 9.9 931 93 Ketsey look 430 45 10.0 4.3 3.2 9.9	58
115 111 6Cw Construction 123 5,0 3.14 6 5 10.0 335 140 Fairbriar 10p. 325 -2 43, 3.9 2.4 17.4 330 116 Fet, floorsing 5a. 289 -1 5.0 4 2.4 17.4 182 75 Fielas Group 10p. 70 46. 54116rd 5p. 64 12 11 44 12 64 16 5 71 3.0 232 135 Gaths & Dandy 10p 236 72 0.2 9 1.2 39.5 102 29 5a 6 12 10 77 72 0.2 9 1.2 39.5 10.1 12 12 10 10 11 10p. 495 15 666 6.3 1.8 11.8 123 100 Hitarifeld Ests. 123 42 11.5 10.2 1.7 8.0 41.5 17.7 17.1 Headers of Group. 349 477.5 1.7 2.8 26.3 15.7 7 18 methor-Stant 10p. 135	277   135   8564 Shop let 59   258   -5   1.133   4.4   0.74     272   86   Szanity 6, 0.55   192   -6   192   22   24   2.32     140   72   Stand, 8, Sim 'A'   96   -2   11.17   5.9     102   33   Storeleure 1.09   6.3   -2   11.17   5.9     213   Storeleure 1.09   6.3   -2   11.17   5.3   2.5     224   105   105   105   105   105     234   105   Storeleure 1.09   107   107     240   105   105   105   105   105     250   105   105   105   105   -4   11.5   104     201   92   The Rack 5p   159   -4   11.5   104     201   92   The Rack 5p   159   -4   11.5   104     201   93   105   105   105   -4   11.5   104     201   76   The Prode 1.09   165   -4   15.0   35   251     267   107   107   107   107   107     201   92   The Rack 5p   159   -4   11.5   104     201   92   105   105   105   105   105     201   92   107   107   107   107     202   107   107   107   107   107     203   107   107   107   107   107     204   205   205   205   205     205   205   205   205   205     205   205   205   205     205   205   205   205     205   205   205   205     205   205   205   205     205   205	15 9 philips int. 1872	1744   73	323 44 LDH Good 159	118 56 MZ7 Cpn SNZ-0.50. 473 42124 21 6- 7.6 121 23 PWS Holdings 10p. 188 -5 10.5 23 7.7 7.6 111 1938 Prudestal 482 290 344 - 1988 350 Ethips 5p. 447 10.5 33 - 1988 350 Ethips 5p. 413 10.0 5
232 135 Gebts & Daniyi Dip 236	"3147 15-5 Eurorie 20a	122 173   71   Beauford 105 120   124   2.9   4.0   12.0   2.2   378   1396   Bloom   Qualitative   347   10.0   2.0   3.7   18.0	20 101 PARSTERS (ID. 155 -2 46.9 14 4.110.4 266 145 Ascender(W) 100. 145 4.25 2.32 15.0 288 124 Mension V bers (Ip. 179 162.58 14 2.0 20.2	1-21  5A.2324721	98 350 Pertoge Sp. 483 10.0 55 - 565 545 545 545 545 545 545 545 545 545
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March City 45 Financial Times Friday March 18 1988 LONDON SHARE SERVICE Missa ### A Prince House Stack | Prince | Bet | Cwr | 187 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | MINES -- Contd | Trisurer | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 12-19 | 1 ---| Comparison | Com LEISURE MOTORS,AIRCRAFT TRADES 45 025 68 07 21 6 41 105 02 48 80 42 21 54 11 0 137 48 80 137 48 80 | 50 | East Children | 270 | --- | 12.010.3 | 1.0 | 9.6 | 87 | Pharton | 160 | -1 | 4.5 | 1.3 3.9 2).9 Components

Abbey Parets 425
Airflow foreacolles. 137
Big 100
Big 2 413 9 0.8 127 30 5.6 30 7.7 133 3.1 3.0 11.7 423 13 7.0 14.9 6.2 27 4.3 11.5 1385 4.5 12.6.4 12.2 3.8 1.4 22.3 16.0 3.8 3.6 8.0 3.6 3.2 2.9 12.9 | March | Marc offsetable ACT, Vields are based on middle prices, are green, adjusted to ACT of 27 per cent and allow for make of declared distribution and rights.

"Tan Stock"

"Itan's and lows marked thus have been adjusted to allow for rights issues for cash of interim stoce percelects on application interim stoce percelects on application interim stoce percelects on application interim stoce reduced, passed or deferred interim stoce percelects on application interim stoce percelects on application interior stoce of ficial states of the state of states of the states o | Color | Colo | NEWSPAPERS, PUBLISHERS | 155 | 442 | 13.0 | 2.3 | 19.5 | 16.3 | Adscesse | 14.2 | 14.2 | 13.0 | 2.3 | 19.5 | 12.2 | 14.2 | 13.0 | 2.3 | 19.5 | 12.2 | 14.2 | 13.0 | 2.3 | 19.5 | 12.2 | 14.2 | 13.0 | 2.3 | 19.5 | 12.2 | 14.2 | 13.0 | 2.3 | 19.5 | 14.0 | 3.0 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 1 PAPER, PRINTING, ADVERTISING REGIONAL & IRISH STOCKS

I following is a selection of Regional and Mash stocks, the factor
being quoted in Irish currents. IRISH
Fard 11 4 % 1988 ... \$100 4 ......
Nat. 94 % 84/99 . \$190 4 .....
Fin. 13% 97/02 ... \$115 2 ...... TRADITIONAL OPTIONS
3-month call rates NES
Nas West Bk
Nas West Bk
P & 0 Dfd
Plestey
Polity Pack
Ranal Elect
Ridal
Rank Org Grd
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STC
Sears
T1
TSB Ories
Brit Petrol
Britoli....
Bermali Di
Charbertal
Premier
Tricentrol
Ultramar
Mines
Coss Gold
Lasreo
RTZ.....

**.** 

## Deslings Mar 18 Apl 8 Apl 22 Dey Mar 28 Apl 18

tax-cutting Budget and quickly Dow helped London equities followed by satisfactory US trade crawl into plus territory.

The FT-SE 100 Index, which

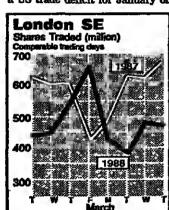
anthorities wben( overnight) the needs of a large buyer of ICTs demand for sterling in the Far American Depositary Receipts East overflowed into London and (ADRs) in New York. East overflowed into London and took the DM/stering rate close to 3.11, caught the securities markets by surprise. City analysts had discounted such a move at present after the apparent disagreement between the UK Prime cent when the rate announce-Minister and her Chancellor of ments came, having moved up % a point initially as the up %

policy.
"We got it wrong because rules of nobody knew the new rules of profits the game", complained one lead-traders. ing analyst, adding that another cut cannot now be ruled out if trade deficit belped steady the international money continues to flow into high-yielding currenther.

Although the improved US trade deficit belped steady the international money continues to sector, long dates ended near their lows with net falls of \$\frac{1}{2}\$. cies, with the pound still the obvious choice. The markets remained unsure of the authori-

ties new target for sterling.
With sterling still above DM
3.09 after the Bank of England
had engineered the round of base rate cuts by the major banks, there was little support for the exporting stocks. Equities were also held back by technical factors. The London marketmakers are flush with stock, taken on board ahead of the Budget. Moreover, Monday brings the opening of a three week trading account, traditionally unpopular with

However, the announcement of a US trade deficit for January of



**EQUITY GROUPS** 

& SUB-SECTIONS

CAPITAL GOODS (209)

Electricals (11) ......

Building Materials (30) ....... Contracting, Construction (34)

Shipping and Transport (12). Telephone Networks (2)..... Miscellaneous (26).....

49 INDUSTRIAL GROUP (487)

500 SHARE INDEX (500)

Merchant Banks (11).

ALL-SHARE INDEX (714).

51 Olf & Gas (13) ...

\$12,44bn, against London predic Apl 11 Apl 21 Apl 22 May 3
There there destings may take phose from the destings may take phose from the received. Share prices rallied from their lower levels, and an hope parts have an archive. base rates, hard on the heels of a early donble digit gain on the

back into the UK securities mar-kets yesterday, Long-dated Gov-ernment bonds defied convention to the initial unswing in the by turning lower on the rate cut, pound, was still six points off while equities remained on the after the base rate news. The downtack at first, edging ahead Index closed a net 2.4 higher on

only when the favourable US the day at 1828.1.

The late rally owed much to heavy purchases of ICI shares by the London arm of Salomon Bros, pc in UK base rates, forced on the the US securities house, to meet the use of ICI shares of ICI shares by the US securities house, to meet the US securities house, to meet the US securities house, to meet the use of ICI shares by the ICI shares of ICI shares by the ICI shares

the Exchequer on exchange rate a point initially as the pound advanced. The trend was quickly reversed on the base rate cuts, as profits were taken hy London

> their lows with net falls of 16.
> Losses in medium dates were smaller, while the shorts closed a touch firmer, following money market rates

> The early firmness in Gilts helped the new tap stock at first, and the stock moved from its £50 partly-paid price to around 50%, before shading off with the market to end at 50%.

> BTR, the industrial conglomerate, eased to 251p as the market registered slight initial disappointment with the preliminary figures. Pre-tax profits of £590m compared with analysts forecast which ranged from around £595m

Analysts, however, came away from the afternoon meeting with the company on an optimistic note. Kitcat and Aitken is raising its current year forecast to \$682m on expectations of good solid growth without the adverse currency movements experienced last year. Warburg Securities has also raised its profits expecta-tions for the group. The BTR share price subsequently rallied to close 3 firmer on the day at 262p in a volume of 9.7m.

Oil shares were again unsettled by worries over crude oil prices April Brent fell 15 cents yester-day to \$14.50 a barrel owing to talk that Saudi Arabia is offering spot market prices to Japanese customers - but rallied well

FT - ACTUARIES INDICES

These Indices are the joint compilation of the Financial Times. the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

Thursday March 17 1988

+0.1 +0.4 +0.4 +0.2 +0.1 +0.1

+8.4

+63 +84 -4.9 +8.7

-0.2

1529.81 399.74 463.77 282.87 1277.15

1083.60 846.04 2135.71

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4.15 -

Index Day's Day's Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar War Year

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9.51

22.92

14.17

## Base rate cut no help to equities and Gilt-edged turn down on profit-taking

	Mar.	Mar.	Mar.	Mar.	Mar.	Your	198	7/88	Since Co	mpHatice.
	17	16	15	14	11	Ago	High	Low	High	Low
Government Sect	90.51	90.53	91.03	90.76	90.47	91.90	93.32 (8/5/87)	83.73 (19/10/87)	127,4	49.18 G/1/75
Fixed interest	97.68	97.57	97.47	97.21	97.28	97.98	99.12	90.23 (2/1/87)	105.4	50.53 G/1/751
Creamy V	1459.1	1455.9	2470.4	1460.8	1449.9	1561.6	1926.2	1232.0	1926.2	49.4 (26/6/40
Gold Mines	244.2	246.8	243.0	263	248.6	350A	497.5 (4/8/87)	234.0 (29/2/88)	734.7 (15/2/63)	43.5 (26/10/7)
Ord. Div.Yield	4.44	4.6	4.41	4.44	4.45	3.71		S.E AC	TIVITY	
Earstings Yld, %(FeID	11.31	11.33	11.23	11.30	11.35	8.29		nd loss	Mar.16	Mar.15
P/E Ratio (net)(*) SEAQ Barsalus (Sens)	10.78 31.986	10.76 30,600	10.86 27,409	10.79 27.592	10.75 29,874	14.27 51.952	Equity Bary	Bargains	204.9	143.2 206.5
Equity Ternover (Sim)	J.,	1166.81	257.49	1076.66	1702.47	1503.68		e	2358.4	1814.1
Equity Bargains		31.626	31,867	31,423	34,309	63,380	Gilt Edged	Bargains	133.9	134.5
Shares Traded (sel)	-	499.1	390.6	475.3	654.0	620.6		2		2700.1

1450.3

1450.5

1451.3

Turnover in BP "old" came out showed Derek Bryant a major Wimpey hardened 2 to 263p for a at 3.3m with the stock unchanged casualty and finally 8 lower at two-day rise of 8 on takeover

1450.6

1449.7

given a good reception and the shares added 5 at 360p.

1448.

Merchant banks were high-lighted by Morgan Grenfell which dipped to 265p before clos-ing a net 7 off at 267p on general disappointment with the preliminary profits; the pre-tax figure of 250m compared with last time's £82m, was at the lower end of market forecasts which had

heavily involved, are about to within a tight hand, and county double. The rest of the sector was NatWest and BZW both opt for pushed higher as news began to £405m. Remaining leaders were a filter through of a 10 per cent touch softer but cidermaker hike in buildings insurance premiums. Royals moved up 6 to continued to respond to Nomura 415p on turnover of L.Im. Legal & Research Institute advice that for General, after announcing presual company funds the stock "offers real attractions on p/e and vield grounds".

Mar 15

index No.

2.09 764.48 775.49 772.31 857.41
0.85 1839.18 1833.14 1825.54 1849.23
3.62 1597.82 1592.37 1573.17 1845.81
1.20 2864.82 2164.08 2164.64 2998.35
0.21 1539.82 1575.55 1567.85 1947.89
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0.71 282.87 287.31 289.59 325.84
4.58 1267.74 1282.56 1273.15 1354.33
4.58 1267.74 1282.56 1273.15 1375.66
0.45 1897.85 1875.66 1063.47 1879.66
0.45 1897.85 1594.26 193.37 1276.85
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0.45 1897.85 1594.27 1824.51 1223.72
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1184.85 397.65

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647,29 655,76 976,61 531,10 863,51 368,99

901.11 531.81 1156.29

378.49

Sporoz:

Mon Mar 14

at 289p while the "new" saw 5.5m shares traded and closed % up at 75p.

Preliminary results from Enterprise and the latest drilling success on the Neison field were scribed some 11 times at the offer 13 to 205p.

the placing price of 160p. Volume fell away disappointingly in the Brewery sector. Only Guinness traded with distinction – some 2.5m shares changed

shares with sentiment given a matched by sales. The price boost by talk that motor insurance premiums in Massachusetts, harden, closing at 322p. Estiwhere Commercial Union is mates of the group's profits range heavily involved, are about to within a tight hand, and County double The rest of the sector was

5.73.2m against £101.8m - wield grounds".

Entirely due to the October hurricane which cost Legals £42m ewere only a fraction down at 2890 on turnover of 3.6m. An other sector is only feature, erwise subdued brokers sector rising 13 to 3180, while George

LONDON REPORT AND LATEST SHARE INDEX: TEL. 0898 123001

1450.6

4 p.m. 1454.8

price of 135p, opened at 151p, but subsequently eased back on stag selling to close at 143p.

Vosper Thorneycroft, the ship-building group, touched 201p prior to closing at 183p compared by Casco investors Corporation, a the placing write of 185p. wholly-owned subsidiary of Sequa Corporation, a diversified international group.

Dealers reported a return of market forecasts white ranged from £55 to £68m.

Commercial Union spurted 7 tora looking forward to next levels were not always new tora looking forward to next levels were not always new tora looking forward to next levels were not always new tora looking forward to next levels were not always new tora levels were n "genuine investment buying" in the stores sector although best levels were not always held. Hara 3 gain at 132p after a buy recommendation from Morgan Grenfell the securities house. Woolworth attracted good support to close 8 up at 306p. Second - liners showed A.Gold-

Investment Trust whose stake is some 4.4m to close 9 off at 460p. **NEW HIGHS AND LOWS FOR 1987/88** 

low above 5 per cent. Hampden Homecare's preliminary profits upturn helped ther shares and 3

The major electrical and electronics stocks continued to attract a heavy two—way business. Racal, with 9.5m shares traded, featured with a 3½ decline at 221p, amid growing market fears of a price cutting market fears of a price cutting reacted 7 more to 338p, while Economics with Land Section 18 price of 537p and MEPC in 18 price to 537p and MEPC gaining 9 to 519p. Great Portland current outlook. Keep Trust Estates firmed 6 afresh to 314p and British Land hardened 3 to 299p, the latter heiped by acquising the cutting reacted 7 more to 338p, while Economics stocks continued to attract a heavy two—way business. Racal, with 9.5m shares traded, featured with a saw seed that a second stock in 19 price to 537p and MEPC gaining 9 to 519p. Great Portland current outlook. Keep Trust Estates firmed 6 afresh to 314p and British Land hardened 3 to 299p, the latter heiped by acquising the continued to the same of the current outlook. The current outlook is a continued to the current outlook. The current outlook is a continued to the current outlook. The current outlook is a continued to the current outlook. The current outlook is a continued to the current outlook. The current outlook is a continued to the current outlook. The current outlook is a continued to the current outlook. The current outlook is a continued to the current outlook. The current outlook is a continued to the current outlook is a continued to the current outlook. The current outlook is a continued to the current outlook is a continued to the current outlook. The current outlook is a continued to the current outlook is a continued to the current outlook. The current outlook is a continued to the current outlook is a continued to the current outlook. The current outlook is a continued to the current outlook is a continued to the current outlook. The current outlook is a continued to the current outlook is a continued to the current outlook. The current outlook is a continued to the current outlook is a continued to the current outlook is a continued to the current outlook is a contin war in the cellular telephone

Ferranti's turnover expanded rapidly to 9.3m with the stock riding out a mid-session flurry of selling to close a penny up at 84p, ahead of next week's major resembled. presentation to analysts to be first-half figures and closed 14

Among the Engineers, Howden
Group met with persistent speculative demand in the wake of takeover rumours and moved charge for company cars found ahead smartly to close 8 higher on the day at 112p. Annual profits broadly in line

with market estimates failed to sustain Rowntree which settled 5 lower at 480p following a turn-over of 3.6m shares. Unigate slipped 3 to 268p following a prof-its downgrading by County Nat-

Glass Glover, the fresh fruit and vegetable supplier, soured 65 to 250p following a bid approach from an unnamed party. Several prospective bidders' names were being bandied about, including

Fyffes, Geest, Unigate or even Hillsdown Holdings. International stocks were lowered initially in the wake of the strong overnight advance in ster-ling but susbequently rallied as the interest rate moves took the upward pressure off the cur-rency. Glazo mirrored the trend, closing 8 off at 1096p, after falling to around 1077p at one stage. Bee-cham settled 4 lower at 470p. BOC finished a few pence better at 381p; the company amounced yesterday it has agreed to pur-chase Selox, an industrial gasses company based in the south eastern region of the US. Wellcome: were unsettled by talk of a bear-Second-liners showed A.Gold-ish circular in the pipeline from a berg 6 firmer at 193p after recent US investment house and the buying by Scottish American shares fell away in a volume of

activity amid vague talk about the Unichem situation and closed the Unichem situation and closed 10 to the good at 255p. A revival of speculative demand left Brid-port Gundry 15 dearerat 195p. Norcros, reflecting the appoint-ment of of Mr Michael Doherty as

chief executive, improved 9 to benefit established property companies with Land Securities ris. remained unsettled by the change in company car tax and 299p, the latter helped by acquisi- 1: reacted 7 more to 388p, while Ecotion news. Helical Bar attracted reacted 7 more to 388p, while Eco-nomic Forestry, still reflecting the proposed alterations in taxes for commercial woodlands, eased 5 further to 78p.

Television group HTV lost ground following disappointing lower at 241b.

charge for company cars found investors in unreceptive mood. Few stocks were able to improve, although the investment house tracted yesterday with the total atthough the investment house tracted yesternay with the foral said of Motor abares, despite the number of contracts virtually doubled tax charge, "they still halved at 25,187. ICI were reason-represent good value once insurance, service and depreciation, and road tax are taken into The FTSE contract attracted 1,414 account. There might be some shift towards smaller cars but the total impact on car sales will be less than a few thousand at

Jaguar steadied after Wednesday's weakness on the annual figures, although analysts were extremely guarded about group prospects. County NatWest was more forthcoming than most, rating the stock a "sell" because of declining earnings over the next

A good preliminary statement, including a free issue of shares, sent Watmoughs 15 up at 405p and Barbour Index continued to advance, gaining 10 more in a thin market to 300p. DRG became subdued as researchera took a cautious stance after Wednesday's full-year results, while a

Lowe Howard-Spink, at 391p Cariton Communications stood Carlton Communications Stood out with a rise of 17 to 770p but J.Michael Design, at 36p, eased after news that the bid discussions, reported last week, had beeo terminated and that negoti-ations were in progress which could lead to the acquisition of

an unquoted company. The Chancellor's proposals on Capital Gains Tax continued to panies with Land Securities ris-ing 7 more to 537p and MEPC early support and touched 2950 prior to closing 8 higher at 2910. Speculation that the group was

vulnerable to a predator because of its current low rating accom-panied revived support of John Crowther and the shares rose 8 to 143p. Other Textile issues to swing higher included Leeds, " dearer at 375p, and Yorklyde, 5 better at 208p. BZW advice that the shares were overvalued in the short term left Sirdar slightly

easier at 111p. Traded option husiness con calls and 1,239 puts.

### **Traditional Options**

• First dealings Mar 14 • Last dealings Mar 25 Last declarations June 16
 For Settlement June 27

For rate indications see end of London Share Service Delaers reported a relatively lively interest in the Traditional option market. Stocks dealt in for the call included Jones and Shipman, Consolidated Gold Fields, Premier Consolidated, Ferranti, BTP, Sears, Eurotunnel, Control purities, Dares Estates, Lopex, Powerscreen, Leisure Invest-ments, British Petroleum new. Stakis, Scottish and Newcastle Jaguar and Aran Energy. Puts were arranged in Kentish Prop-erty, Cowan de Groot and Jones and Shipman, but no double

TRADING VOLUME IN MAJOR STOCKS



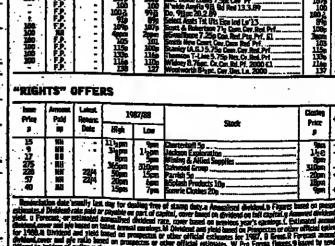
### RISES AND FALLS YESTERDAY

Totals	737	713	1,513
itish Funds  porations, Dominion and Foreign Bonds  porations, Dominion and Foreign Bonds  porations  porations  pos  pos	Rises	Fails	Same
	46	54	14
	46	17	28
	367	403	792
	162	116	364
	26	22	61
	3	0	10
	44	46	112
	83	55	132

## **LONDON RECENT ISSUES**

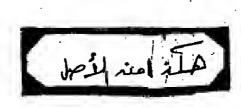
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FIRE	n Tu		est s	JUL	<b>K</b> 3						

FIXED	FIXED INTEREST STOCKS												
har. Prior	Amount Paid	Latest. Remove:	19	B7/88	Stack	Clasing Price	+ =						
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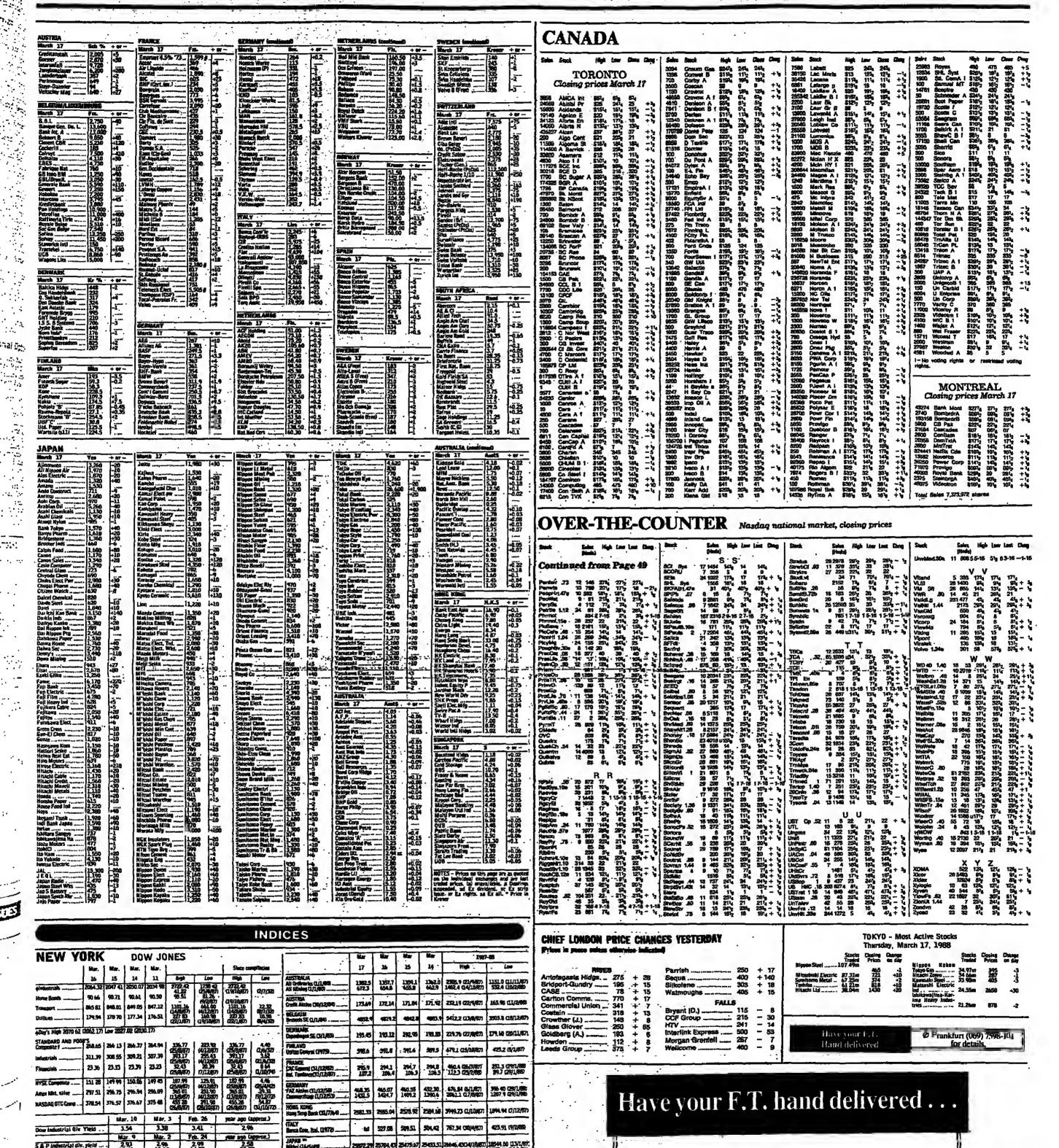


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1	British Government 5 years	123.53	+0.21	123.26		2.37	\$	Medium Coupon	, ,	5 years 5 years		8.92 9.17 9.23	8.90 9.22 9.21	8.7 8.4 8.9
2	5-15 years	141.97		141.98	-	2.39	%	High	7	25 years 5 years		9.07 9.27	9.54 9.32	8.9
3	Over 15 years	150.85		151.09	-	3.73	8	Coupon		L5 years		9.38	9.35	9.4 2.4
4	Irredeemables	168.92 138.36		169.36 138.31	-	1.54 2.56	16	kredeer	able	25 years		9.12 8.97	9.89	8.7 8.7
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7	Over 5 years	117.36	+0.12	117.22	-	0.88		inflatio	a rate 109	6	5 yrs	1.74	1.64	0.9
8	All stocks	117.76	+0.09	117.66	-	8.85			a rate 109		5 ms.	3.68	3.69	3.1
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-	Preference	88.89	-0.15	89.03		0.73	17	Profess		25 ye	Jrs	10.61	10.64	9.1
J				_	l ,	ļ	ļ 40	LINES	#£		T.	19.461	19.45	16.7

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## **WORLD STOCK MARKETS**



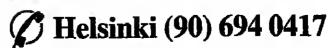
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**CANADA** 

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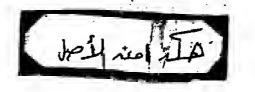


And ask for details.

FINANCIAL TIMES

## YORK STOCK EXCHANGE COMPOSITE CLOSING PRICES

日本は一方田のは一方田のは一方のでは、日本のでは Smid: Dir. Will. E Craigs: Sign of the Craigs: | Section | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | Melion St. 28 | Merch. 28 | Merch. 29 | Merch. 29 | Merch. 29 | Mess. 20 | Melion St. 28 | Melion St. 29 | Melion St. 28 | Melion St. 28 | Melion St. 28 | Melion St. 29 | Melion St. 28 | Melion St. 29 | Melion St. | Bright | 120 | 50 | 15 | 17 | 178 | 32 |
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The state of the s

Tokyo

ssues unchanged.

compared with the overall mar-

ket value of the TSE'e first sec-

tors shying away from the giant-

shares. Nippon Kokan and Kawa-saki Steel weakened Y3 each to Y395 and Y405 respectively, and

Ishikawajima-Harima Heavy

Industries lost Y2 to Y878. Sumi-tomo Metal Industries, by con-

tion, worth Y427,000br.

## US trade figures give the markets a modest boost

#### **Wall Street**

NEWS OF only a modest widening in the US trade deficit in January gave both bond and equity markets a modest boost, urites Janet Bush in New York.

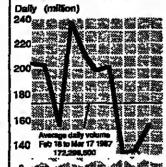
The Dow Jones Industrial

Average moved in both directions in yesterday's session and displayed little conviction either way. During morning trading, it gained 15 points and then slipped back to a net gain of only 6 points before rallying in late trad-ing to end 21.72 higher at 2,086.04. This is the highest close since the October share collapse. The preon March 8 at 2081.07.

The US Treasury bond market reacted positively to the news of a \$12.4bn deficit in January compared with the \$12.2bn shortfall today's triple witching hour recorded in December, rising by a full point from its day's early on the indices and options on the indices and options on individual steeps all explanations. reacted positively to the news of a \$12.4bn deficit in January comlow. The Treasury's benchmark 8.875 per cent long bond closed around % point higher to yield 8.54 per cent. However, given that the bond market has been that the bond market has been in the cash market. Late on weak for the last fortnight, yes-terday's recovery was rather dis-points in half an hour as the

looking for perhaps a \$13bn discouraged by the grip technical shortfall. There was also some trading of this kind continues to encouragement that imports as have on the market. well as exports fell during Janu-ary. Mr Robert Brusca of Nikko figures announcement, there was Securities in New York noted still a measure of caution in the that exports had fallen in every market because of these techni-January for the last eight years cal considerations. for seasonal reasons whereas Takeover stocks continued to imports had fallen in only three provide the most interest in the

### **NYSE Volume**



March 1988 has been the influence exerted on

the market twice in the last week individual stocks all expire. Last Thursday, the market sud-denly plunged more than 48

points as arbitrageurs sold stock appointing.

If anything, the trade figures
were slightly better than expected as many forecasts had been such as the trade balance – are reverse transactions took place. Traders who base their decisions

imports had fallen in only three provide the most interest in the of the last eight years.

The waiting-game ahead of yesterday's trade figures had kept after the company announced it activity subdued in both the bond and equity markets.

An additional discouragement leveraged buy-out. This bid outto activity to the stock market stripped a sweetened \$77-a-share

soffer from Black & Decker, which saw its share price rise \$1 to ogy and biotechnology-linked \$19%.

Digital Equipment plunged stocks spurred the Nikkei average back to its pre-crash level for the first time to Tokyo yesterday, wertill Lynch reduced his earnings estimate for the company's ings estimate for the company's third quarter and full year along with his chort-term investment rating on the stock.

US Shoe rose \$2% to \$24% as speculation continues to rage about a takeover bid. The com-pany declined to comment.

Pillsbury extended this week's strong rally on takeover rumours. It rose \$3% to \$45%. The rumours centre on possible hids by Beatrice Foods, Nestlé, Pepsico and the New York inves-tor Mr Saul Steinberg. Both Nes-tlé and Beatrice refused to com-

SSMC, the manufacturer ofsewing equipment and furniture, climbed \$3% to \$30% in the wake of news that Singer, which used to own SSMC, may seek the sale of the company. Singer has a 15 per cent stake in SSMC and holds preferred stock convertible into an additional 11.9 per cent interunchanged at \$49%.

#### Canada

STOCKS closed higher in late trading in Toronto, shadowing a stronger US dollar and bonds. Mining issues were prominent as surging base metals offset losses by gold issues. The composite index rose 17.2 to 3,319.7 371 on light turnover of 16.8m shares.

Active shares included Canadian Tire C firming C\$\% to C\$15\%, Laidlaw up C\$\% to C\$18\% and Bank of Nova Scotia traded, strengthening Y30 to Y2,650. NEC gained Y50 to Y2,160,

## Nikkei forges ahead to its pre-crash level

Y20,000 to Y2.41m on light sell- numbered falls by about three to

The index climbed 167.86 to finish at 25,872.29 after fluctuating between 25,713.70 and 25,875.54. By the end of the day the Nikkei

had breached the level of Among the main gains in the 25,746.55 reached on October 19, hiotechnology sector, Takeda the day before it joined headlong in the global plunge.

White Among the main gains in the 25,746.56 reached on October 19, hiotechnology sector, Takeda the day before it joined headlong in the global plunge.

White Among the main gains in the 25,746.56 reached on October 19, hinter the plunge of the plun in the global plunge. Yamanouchi Pharmaceutical Y70
Volume fall back a little from to Y4,240 and Sankyo Y30 to the previous day's 1.88bn to 1.19bn shares, reflecting weaker huying of big-capitalisation Y2.230

related stocks weakened, with Tokyo Electric Power Y50 lower stocks. Declines slightly outpaced advances by 467 to 465, with 130 at Y6,300, Tokyo Gas Y40 at Y1,200 and Mitsubishi Estate Y40

The Tokyo Stock Exchange raised margin requirements from Bonds tumbled on small-lot selling by bank desiers after recent steady gains, mirroring a sharp overnight fall on Wall Street, with many investors keeping a low profile ahead of the approximation of US treet data. 50 per cent to 60 per cent yesterday to prevent overheating. But the dominant view among market players was that the mea-sure would have little impact on the market, since the value of announcement of US trade data margin transactions is still con-sidered low at about Y7,000bn, for January.

The yield on the benchmark 5.0 per cent government bond matur-ing in December 1997 rose from Wednesday's 4.385 per cent finish to 4.455 per cent. The Osaka Securities Exchange Yesterday's trading saw inves-

stock average, meanwhile, gained 94.42 to 25,018.58, reflecting con-Nippon Steel eased YI to Y465 after rising Y6 briefly on the day's largest volume of 107.5m shares, down about 50 per cent from the previous day's 216.1m tinned having of blue chips. Turnover decreased by 112m hares to 192m shares. Murata Manufacturing soded

Y100 to Y2,990 and Seiren Y67 to Y635, while Nankai Electric Railway shed Y40 to Y1,360.

#### Australia

STRONG demand from local institutions, spurred by a firm Australian dollar and Wall Street's advance the previous day, led the market sharply higher.

### SOUTH AFRICA

Konica surged Y120 to Y1.320 adding 24.8 to 1.882.5. The mining on persistent rumours of buying index ended 17.5 higher at 6723. by speculators, while Nippon Turnover was 134m shares Telegraph and Telephone shed worth A\$184.50, while gains out-

almost across the board, with Adsteam jumped 46 cents to Mitsubishi Electric, the second A\$5.60 on speculation it was busiest stock with \$7200 about 1500 per second A\$5.60 on speculation it was busiest stock with \$7200 about 1500 per second A\$5.60 on speculation it was busiest stock with \$7200 about 1500 per second A\$5.60 on speculation it was busiest stock with \$7200 per second A\$5.60 on speculation it was businessed about 1500 p busiest stock with \$7.5m shares, attempting to block Bell advancing Y10 to Y721, while Resources' takeover hid for Bell Toshiba added Y18 to Y810 and Hitachi Y20 to Y1.430.

A\$5.60 on speculation it was busiest stock with \$7.5m shares, attempting to block Bell Toshiba added Y18 to Y810 and Group. Bell Resources added 7 cents to A\$1.35 and Bell Group was off 9 cents at A\$1.88.

Adsteam subsidiary David Jones, the Sydney-based retailing group, gained 40 cents to A\$7.50, while fellow retailer Coles Myer added 40 cents to A\$7.40, after

emerged that entrepreneurs Sir Ron Brissley and Mr Kerry Packer were making a A\$25m bid for Mr Robert Holmes à

reporting a 35 per cent rise in net interim profits.

After the market closed, news

son Goldfields 20 cents to A\$6.40, kong Land. Bougainville 8 cents to A\$3.40, and Metana remaining ended the day 15 cents higher at unchanged at A\$7.80.

### Hong Kong

IMPROVED local investor senti-MMPROVED local investor sendment and the previous gain on
Wall Street boosted share prices,
with the Hang Seng index climbing 26.29 to 2,581.33.

Turnover was fairly heavy at
HK\$1.03bn against HK\$787m the
previous day, although institutional investors were remaining

tional investors were remaining on the sidelines for the release of

Speculation surrounding Mr Li Kashing's next moves provided the day's excitement and boosted his holding company Cheung Kong 10 cents to HK\$7.85 in heavy turnover.

There were reports that ourt's Bell Resources. Cheung Kong was arranging a Iron, off 5 cents et S\$6.50 and Gold stocks were mixed to credit line worth np to HK\$2bn, Inchespe, 2 cents lower at S\$4.44.

Fullitsu 740 to Y1.540 and Nippon

The All Ordinaries rose to its higher, with North Flinders leading to rumours that Mr Li
Kosaku 760 to Y1.220

Highest level since October 28, adding 20 cents to A\$6.60, Reni- was preparing to bid for Hong-

### The property company, which release strong results today.

#### Singapore

CONTINUED gains on Wall

Trading was active, with vol-ume rising to 37.5m shares against 22.5m on Wednesday. The day saw selective buying by foreign and local institutions, with blue chips especially in

Malayan Breweries edded 25 cents to \$\$9.70 and Fraser and Neave rose 15 cents to S\$8.65 Top losers included National

Dai Hayward reports on a market's 1988 personal best

## New Zealand rebounds sharply

let soured its biggest one-day rise of the year yesterday as the confidence that has gradually returned over the last three weeks translated into a

The Barclays index jumped 76 points, or 4 per cent, to 1,969, to hring the market's recovery to 20 per cent from the low point reached on Feb-

ruary 29.

A shoringe of stock and scar-city of sellers contributed to the hig rise in the market, which has seen the return this month of institutions and over-seas buyers, notably from Aus-

The buoyant tone was also helped by the abolition of stamp duly on share transactions. The Government amounced last December that abolition would take place before April, but the sudden passing of the measure by Parliament late on Wednesday evening gave investors an extra boost of confidence,

The growing optimism is also visible in the futures market, where prices suggest the Barclays Index will rise forther over the next few weeks.

The March Bercleys Index con-tract rose 80 yesterday to 2,010 in heavy volume, breaching the 2,000 level for the first time since January 5.

Although no longer the sick animal it has been for the past five months, the New Zealand atock market cannot he described as bullish.

There is still some underlying nervoumess, as shown by sudden reversals of the recent upward trend. On Tuesday, for example, the index slipped back after lower than expected profits from Brierley Invest-ments. The market then appeared to reconsider the

NZ375m (350m) profit and stocks rallied 23 points on Wednesday, with the higgest turnover in Brierley shares. The New Zealand market had started to fall a month before the October crash hit markets around the world. From a high point of 4,000, the index had reached 1,625 by February 29, with a single-day drop of 57 points. Market opti-naists now hopefully suggest this will prove to be the low

In February the etock

stock market losses following the crash. All but half a dozen. which included some companies aiready in receivership, did so.

The exchange made this information public in early March – with almost immedi-ate results. Publication put an end to speculetlon and rumours and by March 7 the index was heck above 1,800 points - up nearly 11 per cent from February 29.

Share volumes and prices have continued to rise. A num-ber of announcements last its from Fletcher Challenge, worthwhile earnings from several other local companies and the NZ\$661m sale of assets by Brierley Investments to Fletcher – all focused atten-tion on the market.

Last Friday the Barclays Index closed at 1,891 - up 98 points on the week despite some profit-taking by overseas investors, who had begun to show considerable interest in early March in what many saw as under-valued share prices in leading companies.

#### EUROPE

## Daimler rumours boost Frankfurt

A PLETHORA of corporate news and results helped push most markets higher in Europe yesterday, with Milan and Amsterdam hitting 1988 peaks. Frankfurt was buoyed by persistent speculation about Daimler's plans for AEG, while Paris remained woefully quiet, hit by continuing concern over the election, writes Our Mar-

FRANKFURT rose for the third consecutive session, driven by

ing rumours about Daimler.
The FAZ index ended the day 3.28 higher at 468.35 in moderate turnover estimated at about DM1.5bn. There was still some nervousness before the release of US trade figures, which came after the market closed, although the general feeling was that they would be better than expected. Further speculation that Daim-ler intended to boost its stake in

ier intended to boost its stake in AEG helped pushed the latter DM10 higher to DM267.

Daimler said yesterday that it was in talks with AEG bot warned that speculation on the outcome was dangerous. Neverthelm

a stake in Porsche.

The day ended with Daimler up
DM2 at DM701.50 and Porsche stronger by DM26, or 5 per cent,

Denteche Bebcock, which announced a dividend increase, closed down DM6 at DM161. Bonds traded lower by about 10 pfg with the 10-year unit yielding

#### London

THE UK equity market failed to take much joy from the half point cut in bank base rates and favourable US trade data. and picking up slightly on Wall Street's firmer start. Internationals rallied as the

The FT-SE 100 index closed just 2.4 higher on the day at 1,828.1 after opening easier

trading overshadowed for most of the day by the impending release of US trade figures and uncertainties caused by the domestic

The market started slowly and The market started slowly and picked up somewhat just before the US trade data was announced, on buying by both domestic and overseas investors. But it fell back again as the dollar eased against the franc. One analyst said of the day's trading. "There's no market and there won't be one until there's a

theless, the excitement fuelled further rumours that Daimler might also be considering taking a stake in Porsche.

The day ended with Daimler up The day end 3.3 per cent, to FFr82.40. BRUSSELS saw fairly busy

trade but ended mixed with no

higher at 4,852.97. Shares in takeover target Société Genérale de Belgique were quoted at BFr7,950 on the

interest rate cut took upward pressure off sterling. The mar-let's late recovery was boosted ket's late recovery was bo by large purchases of ICI

the price offered by Italian finan-cier Mr Carlo De Benedetti, whose public bid closes today. Retailer GB-Inno rose FF194 to FFr1,254 following recent falls caused by its adoption of a poison. political situation.

pill strategy. The stock saw active trading, with 52,000 shares changing hands, compared with 16,000 the previous day. MILAN reached a new 1988 high as share prices rose in active trading by small investors and overseas buyers. The MIB index gained 17 to 1,105.

Montedison rose L55 to L1,415, clearer view - until we know what's happening in the elec-

helped by news of its agreement

to set up a large petrochemical complex with the Soviet Union and three other western compa-Pirelli moved against the trend, falling L55 to L2,665 after its bid for Firestone Tire and Rubber received a setheck in an Ohio court. Snia, the diversified chemicals and arms manufac-

major news to guide it. The Brus-sels stock index closed 33.75 turer, slipped L20 to L2,450
AMSTERDAM rose to its highest for the year in selective trading, with the ANP-CBS index 1.5 higher at 245.1.

The index remains 89 points on its record high of 334.1 reached Most other minings also mu, what on August 14 last year. Turnover yesterday was a moderate F1 300m, against F1 250m on lifegro slipped 25 cents to R250 after tax increases on life insuranced in the Budget.

Wednesday.
Publisher Elsevier, due to ere announced in the Budget.
announce 1987 net profits today,
fell 90 cents to F1 94.50 on profit. taking after strong recent rises.

ZURICH finished firmer but below the day's highs pending trade data news from the US. The

522.4 in moderate volume. News of strong annual results and a higher dividend from Swissair pushed the stock up SFr10 to SFr1,190. Jacobe Suchard lost SFr165 to SFr8,280 on continued negative response to its capital increase plans, while Nestle gained SFr190 to SFr8,840 amid rumours on Wall Street that it was interested in acquiring US food and restaurant group Pills

STOCKHOLM closed slightly down in dull trading as investors waited for the US trade data. The meral index slipped 0.2 per cent

to 804.8. Telecommunications group Ericsson, which revealed a 20 per cent profits increase for 1987, rose SEr3 to SEr219.

In the forestry sector, Stora, bidding for Swedish Match, fell SKr14 to SKr380, while MoDo, which is looking to take over two other forestry groups, gained SKr2 to SKr328.

MADRID closed slightly off, led downwards by the banking sec-tor. The general index closed 0.55 lower at 268.03.

112.79 139.73 100.00 120.08

THE SOUTH African Budget on Wednesday left shares a little, lower yesterday in thin trading. In golds, Vaal Reefs lost B9 to R254 and Kloof 75 cents to R31.26, Most other minings also fell, with the Reef of 15 cents at R28.35.

These securities have been sold outside the United Stores of America and Japan. This armounce



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### FT - ACTUARIES WORLD INDICES

Jointly compiled by the Financial Times, Goldman, Sachs & Co., and Wood Mackenzie & Co. Ltd., in conjunction with the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

Figures in parentheses show number of stocks	US Dollar Index	Day's Change	Pound Sterling	Local	Gross						
per grouping	112 27		Index	Currency Index	Olv. Yield	US Dollar Index	Pound Sterling Index	Local Currency Index	1987/88 High	1987/88 Low	Year age (approx)
Australia (89)		+2.5	92.72	102.66	4.12	110,55	88.71	300.15	180.81	85.36	114.94
Austria (16)	90.16	-0.5	72.95	78.89	2.66	90.59	72.70	78,52	102.87	84.35	93.79
Belgium (48)	132,73	+0.0	107.39	115.55	4.14	132,73	106.51	114.56	139.89	94.63	116.62
anada (126)	121.06	+0.5	97.94	109.57	3.00	120,42	96.63	109.13	141.78	98.15	132.37
Denmark (36)	118.73	-0.8	96.06	104.36	2.82	119.69	96.05	104.34	124.83	98,18	111.94
Finland (23)	120.91	-0.3	97.82	102,69	1.93	121.27	97.32	102.71		-	_
France (121)	84.45	( −0,5	68.32	76.04	4.15	84,88	68.12	75.69	121.82	72.77	115.60
West Germany (94)	79.74	-0.5	64,52	70.09	2.64	80.17	64.33	69.71	104.93	67.78	84.00
Hong Kong (46)	101.11	+1.4	81.80	101.25	4.24	99.73	80.03	99.87	158.68	73.92	107.28
reland (14)		-0.3	97.00	105.91	4.17	120.27	96.51	105.91	160.22	93.50	127.50
taly (94)		+0.7	64.96	75.07	2.57	79.70	63.96	73.81	112 11	62.99	99.66
Japan (457)	164.31	J -0.1	132.93	133.57	0.52	164.41	131,94	132.40	164.41	100.00	124.76
Malaysia (36)		+2.0	97.57	119.37	3.24	118.20	94.85	116.56	193.64	93.76	130.37
Mexico (14)	145.88	-0.8	118.02	363.82	0.98	147.09	118.04	366.20	422.59	90.07	138.03
Netherland (37)		+0.0	87.20	93.45	4.90	107.82	86.52	92.49	131.41	87.70	109.96
New Zealand (23)		+2.9	62.58	61.50	5.36	75.16	60.31	59.52	138.99	64.42	92.32
Norway (24)		+0.3	94.68	101.03	3.01	116.69	93.64	100.38	185.01	95.51	124.91
Singapore (26)		+1.0	91.37	104.95	2.28	111.84	89.75	103.80	174.28	8121	116.30
South Africa (61)		-1.2	110.53	80.72	5.26	138.25	110.94	81.68	198.09	100.00	141.24
Soain (43)		-0.5	117.93	125.23	3.38						
Spain (4.5)			95.92	104.91		147.15	118.08	124.85	168.81	100.00	111.84
Sweden (32)	110.30	1.2			2.65	120.01	96.31	105.49	136.64	88.50	112.03
Switzerland (53)	85.31	<u> −0.7</u>	69.02	.74.10	2.29	85.92	68.95	73.75	111.11	73.65	94.78
United Kingdom (327)		-0.7	112.17	112.17	4.27	139.62	112.04	212.04	162.87	99.65	128.95
USA (585)	110.51	+0.9	89.41	110.51	3.41	109.51	87.88	109.51	137.42	91.21	121.20
Europe (964)	109.53	-0.5	88.61	93.08	3.75	110.08	88,34	92.69	130.02	92.25	110.93
Pacific Basin (677)	159.81	+0.0	129.30	131.00	0.71	159.75	128.19	129.78	159.81	100.00	123.68
Euro-Pacific (1641)		-0.1	113.04	115.90	1.66	139.90	112.27	115.01	143.65	100.00	118.60
North America (711)	111.07	+0.9	89,86	110.48	3.39	110,09	88,34	109.51	137.55	91.68	12L79
Europe Ex. UK (637)	91.46	-0.3	74.00	81,10	3.27	91,77	73.64	80.54	111.97	78.89	99.79
Pacific Ex. Japan (220)	105.64	+2.1	85.47	98.14	4.13	103.47	83.04	96.10	164.03	82.92	110.45
World Ex. US (1842)	139.05	-0.1	112.50	115.43	1.74	139.22	111.72	114.58	143,38	100.00	119:36
World Ex. UK (2100)	126.98	+0.3	102.73	113.87	2.08	126.5B	101.58	112.88	138.82	100.00	119.23
World Ex. So. Af. (2366)		+0.2	103.52	113.93	2.27	127.66	102.44	113.02	139.47	100.00	119.95
World Ex. Japan (1970)	110.61	+0.4	89.49	103.61	3.56	110 14	88.39	102.85	134.22	92.98	117.86
MAIN IN TV. Achdo (T. L. AL "MISSION.	-40.44	74.7	Q7.47	20,5.01		-10.14	00.37	102.03		74.70	

128.01 +0.2 103.56 113.70 2.29 127.73 102.50 Base values' Dec 31, 1986 = 100; Finland: Dec 31, 1987 = 115,037 (US \$ Index), 90,791 (Pound Sterling) and 94.94 (Local), Copyright, The Financial Times, Goldman, Sachs & Co., Wood Mackenzie & Co. Ltd.1967 high market closed for public holiday on March 17.